CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>P</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position.	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance-Governmental Funds	••••
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	_
Net Position-Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flow - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds.	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
Police Pension Fund	
Firefighters' Pension Fund	
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund-SLEP	
Police Pension Fund	
Firefighters' Pension Fund	
Schedule of Investment Returns	
Police Pension Fund	
Firefighters' Pension Fund	••••
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
General Fund	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL	
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Schedule of Detailed Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance-Budget and Actual - General Fund	8
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0.0
Combining Balance Sheet	99
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	101
Changes in rung daiances	10

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL	
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued)	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual	
Business District Fund.	103
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	104
Police Pension Contribution Fund	105
Firefighters' Pension Contribution Fund	106
Pension Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	107
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	108
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Valuations, Rates and Extensions for Tax Levies	109
Schedule of General Obligation Debt to Maturity	110
Legal Debt Margin	111
CONSOLIDATED YEAR-END FINANCIAL REPORT	112

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Blue Island, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Blue Island, Illinois (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Blue Island Public Library, which represents 100% of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Blue Island Public Library, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Blue Island, Illinois as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the City of Blue Island, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the consolidated year-end financial report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and consolidated year-end financial report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We have also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the City's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual, related to the 2019 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from the relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other record used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2019 schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual are fairly stated in material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Calumet City, Illinois January 5, 2022

John Kasperek Co., Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

The City of Blue Island offers readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activity of the City for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Financial Highlights

The liabilities plus deferred inflows of resource of the City exceeded its assets plus deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,103,426 (net position). Of this amount, \$42,980,331 represents the net investment in capital assets, and \$17,449,762 is restricted for specific purposes. The City's unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, was at a deficit of \$63,533,519. Included within this deficit are amounts that will be needed to make future principal and interest payments on bond issues, which will be funded through future tax levies. The liability for the debt is included in the statement of net position, but only the portion of the future tax receipts already levied has been included. The deficit also includes amounts needed to fund the net pension liabilities and net other postemployment benefits obligation which total \$67,778,928.

- The City's total net position increased by \$3,448,781. The large increase is primarily due to the decrease in expenditures.
- At December 31, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$13,018,369.
- At December 31, 2020, the unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds was at a deficit of \$4,635,558, of which the General Fund was a deficit of \$4,577,020.
- The City of Blue Island's total long-term general obligations and alternate revenue bonds decreased by \$828,214 at December 31, 2020, due to annual payments

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and interest on debt. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer operations and golf course operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate component unit, the Blue Island Public Library, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains sixteen individual governmental funds at December 31, 2020. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and three Special Revenue Funds (Special Tax Increment Allocation II Fund, Special Tax Increment Allocation V Fund) which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twelve governmental funds (Business District, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund IV, Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VI, Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund, Foreign Fire Tax Fund, Police Pension Contribution Fund, Firefighters' Pension Contribution Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Community Development Block Grant Fund) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and certain other funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and all governmental funds with legally adopted appropriations to demonstrate compliance within this budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Governmental Funds (continued)

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, and golf course operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer and golf course, which are considered to be major funds of the City.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The method of accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used by proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and health retirement benefits to its employees.

General Fund detailed schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual for nonmajor governmental funds with legally adopted budgets, detail schedules of long-term debt are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities plus deferred inflows exceeded assets plus deferred outflows by \$3,103,426 at the close of December 31, 2020.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

A summary of the statement of net position of December 31, 2020 is below:

Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2020 (in millions)

	Gove	mmental	Busin	ess-type	Total	l Primary
	Act	tivities	Act	ivities	Gov	ernment
Current and other assets	\$	25.4	\$	0.8	\$	26.2
Capital assets		32.9		13.1		46.0
Total assets		58.3		13.9		72.2
Deferred outflows related to pensions		6.6		0.1		6.7
Total deferred outflows of resources		6.6		0.1		6.7
Long-term liabilties		69.7		1.7		71.4
Other liabilities		3.4		1.4		4.8
Total liabilities		73.1		3.1		76.2
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4.4		0.9		5.3
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		0.6				0.6
Total deferred inflows of resources		5.0		0.9		5.9
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		32.0		10.9		42.9
Restricted		17.4		-		17.4
Unrestricted (deficit)		(62.6)		(0.9)		(63.5)
Total net position	\$	(13.2)	\$	10.0	\$	(3.2)

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

A summary of the statement of net position at December 31, 2019 is below:

Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2019 (in millions)

	Gove	nmental	Busin	ess-type	Total	Primary
	Act	ivities	Act	ivities	Gov	ernment
Current and other assets	\$	23.1	\$	(0.4)	\$	22.7
Capital assets		32.9		13.6		46.5
Total assets		56.0		13.2		69.2
Deferred outflows related to pensions		3.0		0.1		3.1
Total deferred outflows of resources		3.0		0.1		3.1
Long-term liabilties		66.4		2.7		69.1
Other liabilities		4.1		0.8		4.9
Total liabilities		70.5		3.5		74.0
Deferred inflows related to pensions		3.5		0.6		4.1
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		0.7				0.7
Total deferred inflows of resources		4.2		0.6		4.8
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		31.8		10.9		42.7
Restricted		17.3		-		17.3
Unrestricted (deficit)		(64.8)		(1.8)		(66.6)
Total net position	\$	(15.7)	\$	9.1	\$	(6.6)

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net deficit position by \$2,504,190. The prior year change in net deficit position was a decrease of \$1,060,553. Expenses decreased from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020 by \$3,151,838. Revenues increased by \$412,885 from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$944,591.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (in millions)

		mental]		ss-type		Total Primary Government			
	Actr	vities		Activ			Gover			
		% of			% of			% of		
_	Amount	Totals	Am	ount	Totals	Ar	nount	Totals		
Program revenues:										
Charges for service	\$ 4.1	17.4%	\$	7.3	100.0%	\$	11.4	37.0%		
Operating grants	1.9	8.1%		-	0.0%		1.9	6.2%		
Capital grants	-	0.0%		-	0.0%		-	0.0%		
General revenue:										
Property taxes	9.5	40.3%		-	0.0%		9.5	30.8%		
Other taxes	5.1	21.7%		-	0.0%		5.1	16.6%		
Other revenues	2.9	12.3%			0.0%		2.9	9.4%		
Total revenues	23.5		·	7.3			30.8			
Expenses:										
Governmental activities	:									
General government	6.9	32.9%		-	0.0%		6.9	25.2%		
Public safety	11.3	53.8%		-	0.0%		11.3	41.2%		
Public works	2.7	12.9%		-	0.0%		2.7	9.9%		
Interest	0.1	0.5%		-	0.0%		0.1	0.4%		
Business-type:										
Water and sewer	-	0.0%		5.5	85.9%		5.5	20.0%		
Golf course		0.0%		0.9	14.1%		0.9	3.3%		
Total expenses	21.0			6.4			27.4			
Change in										
net position	2.5			0.9			3.4			
Net position - beginning	(15.7)			9.1			(6.6)			
Net position - ending	\$ (13.2)		\$	10.0		\$	(3.2)			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (in millions)

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type	Total Primary			
	Activ	ities	Acti	vities	Gover	nment		
		% of		% of		% of		
	Amount	Totals	Amount	Totals	Amount	Totals		
Program revenues:								
Charges for service	\$ 4.5	19.5%	\$ 7.4	100.0%	\$ 11.9	39.0%		
Operating grants	1.2	5.2%	-	0.0%	1.2	3.9%		
Capital grants	0.2	0.9%	-	0.0%	0.2	0.7%		
General revenue:								
Property taxes	9.6	41.6%	-	0.0%	9.6	31.5%		
Other taxes	4.7	20.3%	-	0.0%	4.7	15.4%		
Other revenues	2.9	12.6%		0.0%	2.9	9.5%		
Total revenues	23.1		7.4		30.5			
Expenses:								
Governmental activities	:							
General government	9.8	40.5%	-	0.0%	9.8	31.6%		
Public safety	11.7	48.3%	-	0.0%	11.7	37.7%		
Public works	2.7	11.2%	-	0.0%	2.7	8.7%		
Interest	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%		
Business-type:								
Water and sewer	-	0.0%	5.8	85.3%	5.8	18.7%		
Golf course		0.0%	1.0	14.7%	1.0	3.2%		
Total expenses	24.2		6.8		31.0			
Change in								
net position	(1.1)		0.6		(0.5)			
Net position - beginning	(14.6)		8.5		(6.1)			
Net position - ending	\$ (15.7)		\$ 9.1		\$ (6.6)			

Changes in revenue and expenses from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020 are reflected above.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at December 31, 2020.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer and Golf Course funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$938,776. The total increase in net position for the funds was \$944,591. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budgetary statement for the General Fund shows the original and final budget, and actual revenues, expenditures, and transfers in and out for the year ended December 31, 2020. Revenues and expenditures were under budget for the year ended December 31, 2020.

	General Fund (in millions)							
	Orig	inal &						
	Final	Budget	A	etual				
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7.4	\$	6.9				
Licenses		0.9		0.8				
Permits		0.4		0.3				
Fines		0.4		0.4				
Intergovernmental		2.8		3.4				
Other		3.0		3.0				
Total revenues		14.9		14.8				
Expenditures								
Current								
Administration		1.6		2.0				
Building		0.4		0.4				
Police		4.6		4.5				
Fire		2.6		2.7				
Public works		3.1		2.6				
Insurance loss		2.8		2.3				
Marketing		0.1		0.1				
Rec center		0.1		0.1				
Capital outlay		-		0.3				
Debt service		0.1		0.1				
Total expenditures		15.4		15.1				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(0.5)		(0.3)				
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		0.5		0.4				
Total other financing sources (uses)		0.5		0.4				
Net change in fund balance	\$	0.0	\$	0.1				

Intergovernmental tax and other revenue shortfalls continue to put pressure on the operations of the City. The City demonstrated fiscal restraint to minimize the effect of these shortfalls.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2020 amounts to \$46,076,357 (\$46,482,810 at December 31, 2019), which is net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, utility system and improvements, and equipment, including vehicles.

During the current year, the City performed major infrastructure improvements to City streets and bridges. The City also purchased 3 police vehicles.

Capital Assets Net of Depreciation (in millions)

		Govern Activ	 		Busines Activ	• •	e	Total Primary Government				
			Dec Dec 2020 2019		Dec 2020		Dec 2019		Dec 2020		Dec 2019	
Land	\$	20.3	\$ 20.3	\$	0.7	\$	0.7	\$	21.0	\$	21.0	
Construction in Progress		0.7	-		-		-		0.7		-	
Buildings and land improvement		5.0	5.4		2.6		2.4		7.6		7.8	
Infrastructure		6.2	6.5		9.3		9.9		15.5		16.4	
Equipment		0.8	0.7		0.5		0.6		1.3		1.3	
Total	\$	33.0	\$ 32.9	\$	13.1	\$	13.6	\$	46.1	\$	46.5	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At December 31, 2020, the City had three general obligation bonds outstanding, totaling \$2,900,000 (\$3,560,000 at 2019). All of this bonded debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

The City also participated in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Public Water Supply Loan Program, borrowing \$897,560 to be repaid in semiannual installments of \$26,005 inclusive of interest at 1.25%, commencing October 7, 2013 through October 7, 2032. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2020 was \$575,855 (\$620,250 at 2019).

The City is participating in the Illinois Financing Authority Project Bond, which provides reimbursement for eligible expenses. The bond can be up to \$1,300,000 and as of December 31, 2019 the City has received the entire \$1,300,000. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$826,253 and \$950,072, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (continued)

Outstanding General Obligation Debt (in millions)

		Govern Actir		al		Busine Activ	• 1	e	Total			
	Dec		Dec		Dec		Dec		Dec		Г)ec
	2	020	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
General obligation bonds	\$	1.4	\$	1.8	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1.4	\$	1.8
Alternate revenue source												
bonds		-		-		1.4		1.7		1.4		1.7
Illinois EPA												
Water Supply Loan		-		-		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6
Illinois Finance Authority												
General obligation bond		0.8		1.0		-		-		0.8		1.0
Installment loans		0.1		0.1		0.2		0.3		0.3		0.4
	\$	2.3	\$	2.9	\$	2.2	\$	2.6	\$	4.5	\$	5.5

The City's total long-term debt, including notes payable, has decreased by \$828,214 during the current fiscal year.

The City is limited in the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue per state statute. The City's legal debt margin at December 31, 2020 was \$15,859,753.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

Summary and Future Considerations

The City intends to continue to closely monitor expenditures and allocate resources to areas that best meet the needs of its citizenry. The City will continue to actively seek out grants and all other available revenue sources. The City intends to continue to participate in the Community Development Block Grant Program to obtain additional resources to help maintain the infrastructure of the City.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the City Clerk, 13051 South Greenwood Avenue, Blue Island, Illinois 60406.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Primary Government	i	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		Public
	Activities	Activities	Total	Library
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,276,419	\$ 1,922,418	\$ 12,198,837	\$ 470,717
Restricted cash	871,665	37,421	909,086	-
Receivables	9,423,515	1,152,665	10,576,180	207,241
Internal balances	3,194,795	(3,194,795)	-	-
Due from other government agencies	179,384	-	179,384	-
Prepaid items	46,497	-	46,497	12,252
Inventory	-	6,639	6,639	-
Capital assets not being depreciated	20,979,867	678,958	21,658,825	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	11,930,195	12,487,337	24,417,532	169,843
Net pension asset	1,409,026	909,561	2,318,587	568,476
Total Assets	58,311,363	14,000,204	72,311,567	1,428,529
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions	3,999,952	77,434	4,077,386	48,396
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,607,295		2,607,295	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,607,247	77,434	6,684,681	48,396
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	1,652,179	842,317	2,494,496	92,591
Accrued interest payable	· · · · · -	7,623	7,623	_
Claims payable	650,965	-	650,965	_
Due to other government units	87,650	_	87,650	_
Due to component unit	53,834	_	53,834	_
Other liabilities	61,351		61,351	
Non current liabilities	01,551		01,551	
Due within one year	904,488	509,772	1,414,260	30,059
				30,039
Due in more than one year	69,652,590	1,732,865	71,385,455	
Total Liabilities	73,063,057	3,092,577	76,155,634	122,650
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,450,538	929,894	5,380,432	581,184
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	563,608		563,608	<u> </u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,014,146	929,894	5,944,040	581,184
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	32,023,809	10,956,522	42,980,331	169,843
Restricted for	52,025,005	10,500,022	.2,>00,551	105,010
Grants	1,053,038		1,053,038	
Economic development	14,913,998	_	14,913,998	_
Street maintenance		-		-
	1,052,348	-	1,052,348	-
Public safety	180,274		180,274	-
Debt service	212,683	37,421	250,104	_
Unrestricted	(62,594,743)	(938,776)	(63,533,519)	603,248
Total Net Position	\$ (13,158,593)	\$ 10,055,167	\$ (3,103,426)	\$ 773,091

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (I	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen	t	Component Unit				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Public				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Library				
Primary Government												
Governmental activities												
General government	\$ 6,945,131	\$ 1,472,364	\$ 42,455	S -	\$ (5,430,312)	\$ -	\$ (5,430,312)	\$ -				
Public safety	11,287,879	919,170	731,677	-	(9,637,032)	-	(9,637,032)	-				
Public works	2,669,721	1,738,272	1,114,084	_	182,635	_	182,635	_				
Interest on debt	76,910	1,730,272	-	_	(76,910)	_	(76,910)	_				
interest on dest	70,710				(70,710)		(70,210)					
Total governmental activities	20,979,641	4,129,806	1,888,216		(14,961,619)		(14,961,619)					
Business-type activities												
Water and sewer	5,451,244	6 240 499				798,244	798,244					
Golf course		6,249,488	-	-	-			-				
Goil course	867,524	1,013,817				146,293	146,293					
Total business-type activities	6,318,768	7,263,305				944,537	944,537					
Total Primary Government	\$ 27,298,409	\$ 11,393,111	\$ 1,888,216	\$ -	(14,961,619)	944,537	(14,017,082)					
Component unit - Public Library	\$ 1,052,302	\$ 18,261	\$ 45,975	\$ 35,000				(953,066)				
G	eneral Revenues											
	Taxes											
	Property taxes				9,445,695	-	9,445,695	1,197,763				
	Replacement taxes				252,614	-	252,614	53,833				
	Other taxes				4,844,767	=	4,844,767	-				
	Intergovernmental				, ,		, ,					
	Income tax				2,610,514	_	2,610,514	_				
	Miscellaneous				312,219	54	312,273	8,151				
	Total				17,465,809	54	17,465,863	1,259,747				
C	hange in net position				2,504,190	944,591	3,448,781	306,681				
N	et position, beginning of	year			(15,662,783)	9,110,576	(6,552,207)	466,410				
N	et position, end of year				\$ (13,158,593)	\$ 10,055,167	\$ (3,103,426)	\$ 773,091				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ACCEPTE	General Fund		Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund II]	pecial Tax Increment Allocation Fund III]	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	e 2.220.056	•	1 052 520	¢.	(1/2	d.	2 221 922	e.	4 655 047	e.	10.276.410
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,339,856	\$	1,053,520	\$	6,163	\$	2,221,833	\$	4,655,047	\$	10,276,419
Restricted cash	871,665		-		-		-		-		871,665
Receivables	2.506.205								4.000.111		7.506.216
Property taxes-net	3,586,205		-		-		-		4,000,111		7,586,316
Customers-net	346,931		-		-		-		-		346,931
Other-net	1,304,394		-		<u>-</u>		.		185,874		1,490,268
Due from other funds	3,115,336		5,229,166		3,655,538		156,867		322,405		12,479,312
Due from other governmental agencies	3,120		-		-		25,835		150,429		179,384
Prepaid items	46,497		-		-		-		-	_	46,497
Total assets	\$ 11,614,004	\$	6,282,686	\$	3,661,701	\$	2,404,535	\$	9,313,866	\$	33,276,792
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$ 980,599	\$	152,845	\$	-	\$	6,570	\$	195,640	\$	1,335,654
Accrued salaries and related expenditures	316,525		-		-		-		-		316,525
Claims payable	650,965		-		-		-		-		650,965
Due to other funds	9,147,545		-		-		11,281		125,691		9,284,517
Due to component unit	53,834		-		-		-		-		53,834
Due to other government units	-		-		-		-		87,650		87,650
Other liabilities	61,351		-							_	61,351
Total liabilities	11,210,819		152,845				17,851		408,981		11,790,496
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	3,563,872		-		-		-		4,000,111		7,563,983
Unavailable revenue	303,082			_					600,862		903,944
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,866,954								4,600,973		8,467,927
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable											
Prepaid items	46,497		-		-		-		-		46,497
Restricted											
Grants	658,982		-		-		-		394,056		1,053,038
Debt service	212,683		-		-		-		-		212,683
Economic development	-		6,129,841		3,661,701		2,386,684		2,735,772		14,913,998
Street maintenance	-		-		-		-		1,052,348		1,052,348
Public safety	-		-		-		-		180,274		180,274
Assigned											
Public safety	68,190		-		-		-		-		68,190
Parking and special events	126,899		-		-		-		-		126,899
Unassigned (deficit)	(4,577,020)								(58,538)		(4,635,558)
Total fund balances (deficit)	(3,463,769)		6,129,841		3,661,701		2,386,684		4,303,912		13,018,369
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$ 11,614,004	\$	6,282,686	\$	3,661,701	\$	2,404,535	\$	9,313,866	\$	33,276,792

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of not negition are different because	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds 32	2,910,062
Revenues are recognized for governmental activities when earned, regardless of when collected, and not deferred on the statement of net position 8	8,467,927
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences	
between projected and actual earnings are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows	
of resources on the statement of net position:	
•	3,999,952
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,607,295
	4,450,538)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(563,608)
Non-current liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
IFA bond \$ (826,253)	
Installment loans (60,000)	
General obligations bonds (1,480,000)	
Compensated absences (411,898) (2	2,778,151)
Net pension assets and liabilities and other postemployment benefit obligations are not	
due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds:	
Net pension asset 1,409,026	
Net pension liability (48,861,509)	
	6,369,901)
Net position of governmental activities \$ (13)	3,158,593)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General Fund	I	pecial Tax ncrement Allocation Fund II		Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund III	pecial Tax Increment Allocation Fund V	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
Property taxes-net	\$ 3,075,700	\$	690,384	\$	-	\$ 1,443,544	\$ 4,053,237	\$	9,262,865
Personal property replacement taxes	203,244		-		-	-	49,370		252,614
Other taxes	3,589,815		-		-	-	656,663		4,246,478
Licenses	779,429		-		-	-	-		779,429
Permits	315,311		-		-	-			315,311
Motor fuel tax allotments	-		-		-	-	991,245		991,245
Fines and forfeitures	404,263		-		-	-	22,671		426,934
Intergovernmental	3,361,975		-		-	-			3,361,975
Interest	7,501		650		2	1,494	4,045		13,692
Other	3,011,945			_		 40,542	 -	_	3,052,487
Total Revenues	14,749,183		691,034		2	 1,485,580	 5,777,231	_	22,703,030
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government	4,797,037		233,866		60	802,486	379,652		6,213,101
Public safety	7,238,919		-		-	-	3,483,987		10,722,906
Public works	2,633,716		-		-	-	181,468		2,815,184
Capital outlay	298,323		-		-	-	103,804		402,127
Debt service									
Principal	16,102		-		-	-	468,819		484,921
Interest and fiscal charges	15,544					 	 61,366		76,910
Total Expenditures	14,999,641		233,866		60	 802,486	 4,679,096		20,715,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	(250,458)		457,168		(58)	 683,094	 1,098,135		1,987,881
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	401,249		-		-	-	17,326		418,575
Transfers out	(17,326)		-			 -	 (401,249)		(418,575)
Total other financing sources (uses)	383,923					 	 (383,923)		
Net change in fund balances	133,465		457,168		(58)	683,094	714,212		1,987,881
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	(3,597,234)		5,672,673		3,661,759	 1,703,590	 3,589,700		11,030,488
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (3,463,769)	\$	6,129,841	\$	3,661,701	\$ 2,386,684	\$ 4,303,912	\$	13,018,369

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 1,987,881
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different be	cause:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense		
Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements \$	880,926	
Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	(861,053)	19,873
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available in governmental funds are		
not reported as revenue in governmental funds until received		780,801
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmenta	ıl	
funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities		
Repayment of principal on bonds and loans		484,921
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental fun	ıds	
Change in compensated absences	(44,577)	
Pension expense	(105,179)	
Other postemployment benefits expense	(619,530)	 (769,286)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,504,190

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Water	Golf Course	Total Proprietary Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,509,975	\$ 412,443	\$ 1,922,418
Restricted cash	37,421	-	37,421
Accounts receivable			
Customers	1,746,488	-	1,746,488
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(593,823)	-	(593,823)
Due from other funds	132,255	-	132,255
Inventory		6,639	6,639
Total current assets	2,832,316	419,082	3,251,398
Noncurrent Assets			
Property and equipment			
Land	8,958	670,000	678,958
Buildings and land improvement	119,808	4,775,578	4,895,386
Equipment	1,799,375	374,259	2,173,634
Infrastructure	22,871,203	-	22,871,203
Less: accumulated depreciation	(14,482,388)	(2,970,498)	(17,452,886)
Net pension asset	795,866	113,695	909,561
Total noncurrent assets	11,112,822	2,963,034	14,075,856
Total assets	13,945,138	3,382,116	17,327,254
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	67,755	9,679	77,434
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	647,733	129,655	777,388
Accrued salaries	58,970	5,616	64,586
Due to other funds	-	3,327,050	3,327,050
EPA loan payable	44,951	-	44,951
Installment loan payable	85,487	-	85,487
Lease payable	39,449	-	39,449
Bonds payable	330,000	-	330,000
Other liabilities	-	343	343
Compensated absences payable	7,742	2,143	9,885
Accrued interest payable	7,623		7,623
Total current liabilities	1,221,955	3,464,807	4,686,762

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Water	Calf Carra	Total Proprietary
LIADH ITIES (Continued)	Water	Golf Course	Funds
LIABILITIES (Continued)			
Noncurrent Liabilities	Ф 520.004	ф	Φ 520.004
EPA loan payable	\$ 530,904	\$ -	\$ 530,904
Installment loan payable	88,982	-	88,982
Bonds payable	1,090,000	-	1,090,000
Unamortized bond premium	22,979		22,979
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,732,865		1,732,865
Total liabilities	2,954,820	3,464,807	6,419,627
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	813,657	116,237	929,894
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	8,107,183	2,849,339	10,956,522
Restricted for debt service	37,421	, , , - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37,421
Unrestricted	2,099,812	(3,038,588)	(938,776)
Total net position	\$ 10,244,416	\$ (189,249)	\$ 10,055,167

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water		Golf Cou	rse	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES							
Water sales	\$	5,245,071	\$	-	\$	5,245,071	
Sewer maintenance fees		990,514		-		990,514	
Sale of water meters		9,980		-		9,980	
Golf course		-	786	,804		786,804	
Pro shop and concessions		-	201	,895		201,895	
Miscellaneous		3,923	25	,118		29,041	
Total operating revenues		6,249,488	1,013	,817		7,263,305	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits							
Full-time salaries		1,111,425	91	,679		1,203,104	
Part-time salaries		4,874	84	,705		89,579	
Overtime wages		61,471		-		61,471	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		183,708	19	,298		203,006	
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		79,196	11	,918		91,114	
Employee medical insurance		298,057	17	,064		315,121	
Pension items related to actuary adjustments		(365,254)	(52	.,178)		(417,432)	
Life/unemployment insurance		685	4	,741		5,426	
Total salaries and benefits		1,374,162	177	,227		1,551,389	
Services							
Computers and software		1,739	1	,551		3,290	
Landscaping and grounds maintenance		-	323	,591		323,591	
Professional consulting and engineering		131,898		-		131,898	
Other contractual services		9,741	1	,958		11,699	
Telephone		-	3	,939		3,939	
Utilities- electricity		30,079	17	,460		47,539	
Utilities-water		-	56	,916		56,916	
Utilities- other		4,517	2	,299		6,816	
Water billing		50,670				50,670	
Total services		228,644	407	,714		636,358	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

	Water		Gol	f Course	Total		
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)		·					
Supplies and materials							
Concrete/asphalt/stone	\$	10,059	\$	_	\$	10,059	
Gasoline and oil for vehicles		11,269		17,221		28,490	
Maintenance supplies		19,353		782		20,135	
Operating supplies		_		3,478		3,478	
Printing, postage, and office supplies		34,764		170		34,934	
Fire hydrants		9,154		-		9,154	
Safety equipment and supplies		2,390		-		2,390	
Total supplies and materials		86,989		21,651		108,640	
Repairs and maintenance							
Building		40,746		4,536		45,282	
Equipment		7,659		714		8,373	
Outside contractors		89,605		-		89,605	
Vehicle		7,115		-		7,115	
Total repairs and maintenance		145,125		5,250		150,375	
Water from Chicago		2,834,361				2,834,361	
Merchandise for resale				87,448		87,448	
Miscellaneous							
Bank charges		31,734		18,435		50,169	
Agent/Trust fees- debt service		400		-		400	
Dues and subscriptions		483		150		633	
Licenses and fees		6,000		716		6,716	
Rental & leasing fees		1,109		48,787		49,896	
Total miscellaneous		39,726		68,088		107,814	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

	Water	Golf Course	Total
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)			
Capital expenditures			
Water meter purchases	\$ 16,798	\$ -	\$ 16,798
Office equipment	2,415		2,415
Total capital expenditures	19,213		19,213
Operating expenses before depreciation	4,728,220	767,378	5,495,598
Depreciation	630,750	100,146	730,896
Total operating expenses	5,358,970	867,524	6,226,494
Operating income (loss)	890,518	146,293	1,036,811
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	44	10	54
Interest expense	(97,372)	-	(97,372)
Bond premium amortization	5,098		5,098
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(92,230)	10	(92,220)
Change in net position	798,288	146,303	944,591
Net position at beginning of year	9,446,128	(335,552)	9,110,576
Net position at end of year	\$ 10,244,416	\$ (189,249)	\$ 10,055,167

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water		Golf Course	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$ 6,089,		\$ 1,013,817	\$ 7,102,850
Payment to suppliers	(3,281,		(610,432)	(3,891,940)
Payment to employees	(1,714,	933)	(228,154)	 (1,943,087)
Net cash from operating activities	1,092,	592	175,231	 1,267,823
CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of interfund loans	7	127	(1.516)	5.011
Repayment of interfund toans		427	(1,516)	 5,911
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		427	(1,516)	 5,911
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(204	<i>57</i> 0)		(204 570)
Purchase of capital assets	(304,		-	(304,570)
Bond principal payments	(315, (44,		-	(315,000)
IEPA loan payments Lease payments			-	(44,395) (38,257)
Installment loan	(38, (82,		-	(82,127)
	* .		-	. , ,
Interest payments	(101,	024)		 (101,824)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(886,	173)	-	 (886,173)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income		44	10	 54
Net cash from investing activities		44	10	 54
Change in cash and cash equivalents	213,	890	173,725	387,615
Cash and cash equivalents at				
Beginning of year	1,333,	506	238,718	1,572,224
End of year	\$ 1,547,	396	\$ 412,443	\$ 1,959,839
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 890,	518	\$ 146,293	\$ 1,036,811
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	·		•	
cash provided (used) by operating activities				
Depreciation	630,	750	100,146	730,896
Net change in pension related items	(365,	254)	(52,178)	(417,432)
Change to asset and liabilities				
Change in prepaid expense	23,	983	1,334	25,317
Change in customer accounts receivables	(226,	115)	-	(226,115)
Change in allowance for doubtful accounts		660	-	65,660
Change in accounts payable	48,	567	(21,615)	26,952
Change in accrued salaries	30,		841	31,636
Change in compensated absences		312)	410	 (5,902)
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 1,092,	592	\$ 175,231	\$ 1,267,823

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	122,737
Investments		
US treasury		3,454,633
US government securities		2,527,173
US government agencies		191,873
Mutual funds		13,657,300
Corporate obligations		2,766,435
Money market mutual funds		280,811
Receivables		
Interest receivable		52,071
Personal property replacement taxes receivable		49,370
Total assets		23,102,403
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		14,512
Total liabilities		14,512
NET POSITION		
Net position held in trust for pension benefits	\$	23,087,891

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

ADDITIONS	Pension Trust Funds
Contributions	
Employee contributions	\$ 485,348
Employer contributions	3,427,384
Total contributions	3,912,732
Investment income	
Investment income	2,839,812
Investment fees	(60,101)
Net investment income	2,779,711
Other income	1,323
Total additions	6,693,766
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and refunds	3,630,190
Administrative costs	77,934
Total deductions	3,708,124
Net change in plan net position	2,985,642
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at beginning of year	20,102,249
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at end of year	\$ 23,087,891

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Blue Island, Illinois (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

The City is duly organized and existing under the provisions of the laws of the State of Illinois. The City is governed by an elected Council of fourteen Aldermen and a Mayor, and provides the following services: public safety (fire and police), streets, sanitation, water, public improvements, planning, recreation, zoning, and general administrative.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present all the departments, commissions and fund types of the City (primary government) and a component unit based on financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the Organization's governing body, imposition of will and fiscal dependency. The Mayor is responsible for appointing two of the five Trustees to each of the City of Blue Island Police and Firefighters' Pension Boards, but the City's accountability for these funds does not extend beyond making these appointments, and making contributions to the funds as actuarially determined.

Component Units that are Fiduciary in Nature – The Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund of the City of Blue Island are Illinois local governments, as such; they are separate legal entities with their own management authority. These funds exist solely to provide pension benefits for the City's police officers and Firefighters' and their beneficiaries. The financial statements of the Pension funds as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, are reported as pension trust funds – fiduciary funds.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – A discretely presented component unit is presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The Blue Island Public Library is governed by an eight-member Board appointed by the City's Mayor. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Library may not issue debt without the City's approval, and its property tax levy request is subject to the City's approval.

Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Library's administrative office at 2433 York Street, Blue Island, Illinois 60406.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION/ MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary and proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION/ MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONT.)

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, fiduciary funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences payable and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Governmental fund property taxes, franchise taxes, interest, licenses and charges for services are susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if recognition criteria are met. Replacement income tax, state income tax, and sales tax collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the City, and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods, in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expense for Proprietary Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION/ MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONT.)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund II – A Special Revenue Fund used to account for the accumulation of incremental tax revenues from the City's second Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and related expenditures incurred in connection with this TIF.

Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund III – A Special Revenue Fund used to account for the accumulation of incremental tax revenues from the City's third Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and related expenditures incurred in connection with this TIF.

Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V - A Special Revenue Fund used to account for the accumulation of incremental tax revenues from the City's fifth Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and related expenditures incurred in connection with this TIF. The City has elected to report this fund as major.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – Accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, finance, and billing and collection.

Golf Course Fund – Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City-owned 18-hole golf course. Activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance.

C. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within 3 months of year-end. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value for the investment in Illinois Funds is the same as the value of the pooled shares. State Statute requires the State Treasurer's Illinois Funds to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act.

D. RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Amounts due from individuals, organizations or other governmental units are recorded as receivables at year-end. These amounts include charges for services rendered, or for goods and materials provided by the City, including amounts for unbilled services. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, where applicable. Receivables are also recognized for property taxes, sales and excise taxes, loans, assessments and intergovernmental grants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items accounted for on the consumption method.

F. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Bond covenants of the 2006 Water Fund Revenue Bonds require portions of the debt proceeds, as well as other resources, to be set aside for various purposes. These amounts are reported as restricted assets. The "Operation and Maintenance Account" segregates cash and investments for operations and maintenance for the next succeeding month. The "Debt Service Sub Account" accumulates funds for the payment of current bond and interest maturities becoming due on the next payment dates. Requirements under the Water Fund Revenue Bonds provide for monthly deposits of not less than one-sixth of the next interest payment due, and not less than one-twelfth of the next principal payment due. Funds accumulated in the "Bond Reserve Account" are available for the payment of maturing bond principal or interest, whenever funds are not available for that purpose in the "Bond and Interest Account." Requirements under the Water Fund Revenue Bonds provide for deposits as determined by corporate authorities.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$25,000 for buildings, land improvements and infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available or at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital asset is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Property and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method.

The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation on a straight-line basis:

Buildings and land improvements 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 40 - 60 years Equipment 5 - 10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Payments of compensated absences are made by the governmental funds for which the eligible employee salary is recorded.

Employees with a minimum of twenty years of service, who are eligible to retire, are eligible to receive payment for their accumulated sick time upon leaving the employment of the City. The amount received is limited to sixty days at full pay and an additional sixty days at half pay, assuming the employee has accumulated the requisite number of unused sick days. One week of vacation left in the calendar year can be carried over into the next calendar year. Sick pay is accrued when earned for employees with twenty years of service, in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a liability.

I. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, including compensated absences and net pension obligation, are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities and proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premium received with the proceeds is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION

Governmental funds' fund balance is classified as the following:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance is externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments as well as limitations imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION

Committed fund balance is a self-imposed limitation set in place prior to the end of the period. The limitations are imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action at the same level. For the City, the City Council is the highest level of decision making and a formal action by the City Council would be required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. There are no committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balance has limitations resulting from intended use, where the intended use is established by the City Council.

Unassigned fund balance is the total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance. This also includes any negative fund balance in other funds.

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, then the City will consider committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance and finally unassigned fund balance. If there is an expenditure incurred for the purposes for which restricted or unrestricted could be used, then the City will consider restricted fund balance to be spent first, then unrestricted fund balance.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. A portion of governmental activities' net position is restricted for the same purposes as governmental fund balances. A portion of the business-type activities' and Water Fund's net position is restricted for bond and interest reserves. Net investment in capital assets represents the City's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital assets. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The following Funds have deficit balances; the General Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$3,463,769, the Debt Service Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$58,538, and the Golf Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$189,249. Funding of these deficits is expected to be repaid from future tax revenues, transfers from other funds, and a reduction of future operating expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the City to invest in the following:

- Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, Treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest.
- Bonds, notes, debentures or similar obligations of the United States of America or its agencies.
- Savings accounts, certificates of deposit, time accounts, or any other investment constituting direct obligations of a bank, as defined by the Illinois Banking Act. Securities legally issuable by savings and loan associations incorporated under the laws of any state of the United States of America. Share accounts and share certificates of a credit union chartered under the laws of the State of Illinois or United States of America, provided the principal office of the credit union is located within the State of Illinois. Short-term discount obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).
- Investments may be made only in financial institutions which are insured by either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or other applicable law for credit unions.
- Short-term obligations (maturing within 270 days of date of purchase) of corporations with assets exceeding five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000). Such obligations must be rated, at the time of purchase, at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. This type of obligation is limited to one-third of the City's funds available for investment, and cannot exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligation.
- Money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 which invest only in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, Treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest, and agree to repurchase such obligations. In addition, the City may also invest in a fund managed, operated and administered by a bank.
- Repurchase agreements of government securities subject to The Government Securities Act of 1986.
- Illinois Funds, a money market fund overseen by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois.

Investments with maturities of one year or more from the date of purchase are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Investments with maturities of one year or less from the date of purchase are stated at amortized cost. Investment income has been allocated to each fund based on investments held by the fund.

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by an agent of the City in the City's name. As of December 31, 2020, the bank balance of \$13,138,320 was collateralized with securities held by the bank. The remaining balance of \$291,289 was uncollateralized.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk; however, in practice the City manages its interest rate risk by investing idle funds in the Illinois Funds, a money market account which allows for immediate access to existing balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type instrument will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The City's investments with Illinois Funds are rated AAAm by Standards and Poor's rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's cash equivalents at December 31, 2020 are with the Illinois Funds. These cash equivalents are pooled along with other participants' monies, and invested in U.S. Treasury bills and notes backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury.

Police Pension Trust Fund

Investments-Police Pension Trust Fund

The Police Pension Fund is authorized to invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America. The fund may also invest in savings accounts or certificates of deposits issued by banks or savings and loan associations charted by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds: pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Fund Market Fund (formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, openended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to special restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment is in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase.

Per the Police Pension Fund's investment policy, domestic equity investments shall be defined as common stocks created or existing under the laws of the United States and are listed on a national securities exchange, board of trade or are quoted in the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations System National Market System. Said issuers shall have been in existence for at least five years and have not been in arrears of any payment of dividends on its preferred stock during the preceding five years. Domestic equities shall also be defined as mutual funds managed by an investment company as defined and registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, have been in operation for at least five years, have total assets of \$250 million or more and invest in a diversified portfolio of common or preferred stocks, bonds, or money market instruments and exchange traded funds (ETF's).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy also states that international and real estate securities shall be defined as diversified mutual funds managed by an investment company as defined and registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, have been in operation for at least five years, have total assets of \$250 million or more, and invest in a diversified portfolio of stocks, bonds, or money market instruments or bank collective trusts invested in a diversified portfolio of stocks, bonds, or money market instruments and exchange traded funds.

The primary investment policies of the fund, in the order of priority are as follows:

- a. Safety Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital. As such, the Board of Trustees has consciously diversified the aggregate fund to ensure that adverse or unexpected results will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio. Diversification is to be interpreted to include diversification by asset type, by characteristic, by number of investments, and in the case of investment managers by investment style.
- b. Liquidity The investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the pension fund to pay all necessary benefits and meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.
- c. Return on Investment Assets will be invested to achieve attractive real rates of return. Following the Prudent Person Standard for preservation of capital, assets will be invested to achieve the highest possible rate of return, consistent with the Fund's tolerance for risk as determined by the Board of Trustees in its role as a fiduciary.

The Police Pension Fund's performance objective is to meet or exceed the return of the blended market indexes of 35% of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index and Custom Equity Index comprised 55% S&P 500 and 10% MSCI EAFE.

At December 31, 2020 the Police Pension Fund had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities			
		Less than	One to	Sixto	
Investment Type	Fair Value	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years	
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 2,367,216	\$ 603,251	\$ 1,469,187	\$ 294,778	
U.S. Treasury	1,905,922	602,094	564,883	738,945	
Corporate Obligations	1,204,404	-	674,014	530,390	
Money Market Accounts	280,811	280,811			
Total	5,758,353	\$ 1,486,156	\$ 2,708,084	\$ 1,564,113	
Investments not sensitive to interest rate risk:					
Mutual Funds	10,677,185				
Total Investments	\$ 16,435,538				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Fund's investment policy, the Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires investments be rated as investment grade by one of the largest rating services. Investment grade is defined as BBB- or higher for Standard & Poor's and Baa3 or higher by Moody's Investors Service.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Police Pension Fund's investments in the securities of the U.S. government agencies were rated Aaa and corporate bonds were rated A1, Aa1, A2, or A3 by Moody's Investors Services. Standard & Poor's ratings for U.S. government agencies and corporate bonds were all BBB+ or higher ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. The Fund limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing an independent third-party institution, selected by the Fund, to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of the Fund contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Illinois Compiled Statutes Pension Code. Agency investments represent a portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and are backed by the issuing organization. Agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation. The Fund's investment policy provides diversification by asset type, by characteristic, by number of investments, and in the case of "Investment Manager", by investment style.

The fair value measurements authoritative literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority, Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted market prices for identical assets, and Level 3 inputs are unobservable and have the lowest priority. The Fund uses the appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. When available, the Fund measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. Level 3 inputs were used only when Level 1 and Level 2 inputs were not available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Police Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

The following table presents the investments fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

		Level l	Level 2
Investment Type	Fair Value	Inputs	Inputs
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 2,367,216	\$ 2,367,216	\$ -
U.S. Treasury	1,905,922	1,905,922	-
Corporate Obligations	1,204,404	-	1,204,404
Mutual Funds	10,677,185	10,677,185	
Total	\$ 16,154,727	\$ 14,950,323	\$ 1,204,404

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Investments – Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is authorized to invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America. The fund may also invest in savings accounts or certificates of deposits issued by banks or savings and loan associations charted by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds: pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Fund Market Fund (formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, openended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to special restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment is in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase.

Per the Fund's investment policy, domestic equity investments shall be defined as an account managed by a life insurance company authorized to do business in Illinois, comprised of real estate loans or upon real estate secured by first or second mortgages, mutual funds managed by an investment company as defined and registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, have been in operation for at least five years, have total assets of \$250 million or more and invest in a diversified portfolio of common or preferred stocks, bonds, or money market instruments and exchange traded funds (ETFs), common or preferred stocks created or existing under the laws of the United States and are listed on a national securities exchange, board of trade or are quoted in the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations System National Market System, and separate accounts of a life insurance company authorized to do business in Illinois comprised of common or preferred stocks, bonds or money market instruments.

The Fund's investment policy prohibits short selling, margin transactions, purchase of commodities or options, and any borrowing or lending agreements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

The primary investment objectives of the Firefighters' Pension Fund, in the order of priority, are as follows:

- a. Safety Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital. As such, the Board of Trustees has consciously diversified the aggregate fund to ensure that adverse or unexpected results will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio. Diversification is to be interpreted to include diversification by asset type, by characteristic, by number of investments, and in the case of investment managers by investment style.
- b. Liquidity The investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the pension fund to pay all necessary benefits and meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.
- c. Return on Investment Assets will be invested to achieve attractive real rates of return. Following the Prudent Person Standard for preservation of capital, assets will be invested to achieve the highest possible rate of return, consistent with the Fund's tolerance for risk as determined by the Board of Trustees in its role as a fiduciary.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. To limit interest rate risk, the Fund's investment policy requires investments in securities that would give the fixed income portfolio a duration of within 0.25 of the Lehman Intermediate Government Bond index.

At December 31, 2020 the Firefighters' Pension Fund had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities							
			Le	ss than	One to Five Years		Six to Ten Years		Grea	ater than
Investment Type	F	air Value	О	ne Year					T	en Years
U.S. Government Securities	\$	159,957	\$	-	\$	159,957	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury		1,548,711		100,147		776,086		672,478		-
U.S. Agencies		191,873		31		2,260		27,956		161,626
Corporate Obligations		1,562,031			_	709,979		852,052		
Total		3,462,572	\$	100,178	\$	1,648,282	\$	1,552,486	\$	161,626
Investments not sensitive to interest rate risk:										
Mutual Funds		2,980,115								
Total Investments	\$	6,442,687								

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Credit Risk. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. To mitigate credit risk, the Fund's investment policy requires that no more than 20% of the portfolio may be invested in any debt issuer to the exclusion of U.S. Treasury securities and issues of FNMA, FHLMC, FHLB, and GNMA.

The Fund's investment policy requires investments be rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Investment grade is defined as BBB- or higher for Standard & Poor's and Baa3 of higher by Moody's Investor Service.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Fund's investment policy requires all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits to be collateralized and all investments to be held by an independent third-party custodian.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The Fund contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Illinois Compiled Statutes Pension Code. The Fund's investment practice provides diversification by asset type, by characteristic, by number of investments, and in the case of "Investment Manager", by investment style.

The Fund's investments are reported at fair value in the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position. Gains and losses (realized and unrealized) included in changes in fiduciary net position for the year ended December 31, 2020, are reported in net appreciation in fair value of investments.

The fair value measurements authoritative literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority, Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted market prices for identical assets, and Level 3 inputs are unobservable and have the lowest priority. The Fund uses the appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. When available, the Fund measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. Level 3 inputs were used only when Level 1 and Level 2 inputs were not available.

The following table presents the investments fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 159,957	\$ -	\$ 159,957
U.S. Treasury	1,548,711	1,548,711	-
U.S. Agencies	191,873	-	191,873
Corporate Obligations	1,562,031	-	1,562,031
Mutual Funds	2,980,115	2,980,115	
Total	\$ 6,442,687	\$ 4,528,826	\$ 1,913,861

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

The City levies property tax each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the City. The City must file its tax levy ordinance on or before the last Tuesday in December of each year. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments, due March 1 and no earlier than August 1 during the following year. The first installment is an estimated bill, and is 55% of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment and equalization, and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 of the levy year.

The City considers that the 2019 levy to be used to finance operations in calendar year 2020. The 2020 levy will be used to finance operations in calendar year 2021. The Board passed the 2020 levy on December 8, 2020. The Property taxes collected by the City that are due within the current year are recognized as revenue, and net taxes receivable are reflected as deferred revenue. Based upon collection histories, the City has provided an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of 6% of the current year's levy.

Trade accounts receivable, consisting of amounts due from residents for water, sewer and refuse service, are recorded net of uncollectible amounts, as determined by management. An allowance for uncollectible trade receivables of \$63,039 in the General Fund and \$593,823 in the Water Fund were recorded as of December 31, 2020.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$20,289,512	\$ -	\$ -	\$20,289,512
Construction in progress		690,355		690,355
Total capital assets not being depreciated	20,289,512	690,355		20,979,867
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and land improvements	14,393,797	-	-	14,393,797
Infrastructure	19,172,414	51,557	-	19,223,971
Equipment	8,642,135	139,014	-	8,781,149
Total capital assets being depreciated	42,208,346	190,571		42,398,917
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and land improvements	9,023,950	382,998	-	9,406,948
Infrastructure	12,705,594	328,498	-	13,034,092
Equipment	7,878,125	149,557	-	8,027,682
Total accumulated depreciation	29,607,669	861,053		30,468,722
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,600,677	(670,482)		11,930,195
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$32,890,189	\$ 19,873	\$ -	\$32,910,062

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 725,115
Public safety	105,166
Public works	30,772

Total depreciation - governmental activities \$ 861,053

	Beginning	T	D	Ending
D. C. A. C. C.	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated	Ф 67 0.050	Ф	Φ.	Φ (7 0.050
Land	\$ 678,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 678,958
Total capital assets not being depreciated	678,958			678,958
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and land improvements	4,895,386	-	-	4,895,386
Infrastructure	22,566,633	304,570	_	22,871,203
Equipment	2,173,634	· -	_	2,173,634
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,635,653	304,570		29,940,223
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and land improvements	2,550,522	88,783		2,639,305
Infrastructure	12,642,392	529,992	-	13,172,384
		112,121	-	
Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	1,529,076 16,721,990	730,896		1,641,197
Total accumulated depreciation	10,721,990	/30,890		17,452,886
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,913,663	(426,326)		12,487,337
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$13,592,621	\$ (426,326)	\$ -	\$13,166,295
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Component Unit	_			
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 37,490	\$ 37,768	\$ -	\$ 75,258
Equipment	290,871	-	-	290,871
Total capital assets being depreciated	328,361	37,768		366,129
Less assumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	14,732	1,564	_	16,296
Equipment	159,652	20,338		179,990
Total accumulated depreciation	174,384	21,902		196,286
•				
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	153,977	15,866		169,843
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 153,977	\$ 15,866	\$ -	\$ 169,843

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Due To/From other funds results from the time lag between the dates interfund good or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur and when the payment between funds is made. The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Amount	Payable Fund	Amount	
Governmental Activities:	_			
General	\$ 25,401	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VII	\$ 25,401	
General	3,228,144	Golf Course	-	
General	15,000	Community Development	15,000	
General	238,499	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VI	238,499	
General	26,752	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund IV	26,752	
Debt Service	306,468	General	306,468	
Motor Fuel Tax	23,995	General	23,995	
Business District	740	General	740	
Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund II	5,229,166	General	5,229,166	
Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund III	3,655,538	General	3,655,538	
Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V	156,867	General	156,867	
Water	-	General	61,082	
Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VI	11,281	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V	11,281	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 12,917,851		\$ 9,750,789	
Business-type Activities:				
Water	\$ 61,082	General	\$ -	
General	-	Golf Course	3,228,144	
Water	98,906	Golf Course	98,906	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 159,988		\$ 3,327,050	

Transfers between funds for the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Trans fer To	A	Amount	Trans fer From		mount	
General	\$	401,249 Motor Fuel Tax		\$	401,249	
Police Pension Contribution		8,676	General		8,676	
Fire Pension Contribution		8,650	General		8,650	
	\$	418,575		\$	418,575	

The transfer from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund to the General Fund was made as a reimbursement for street maintenance costs. The transfers from the General Fund to the Police Pension Contribution Fund and Fire Pension Contribution Fund was made for audit invoices paid by the City on the pension funds behalf.

NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The City leases various equipment items under the provisions of long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. The lease payments for the year ended December 31, 2020 and future scheduled lease payments are not considered material to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Beginning				Due within one
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	y ear
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,825,000	\$ -	\$ 345,000	\$ 1,480,000	\$ 355,000
IFA general obligation bond	950,072	-	123,819	826,253	127,590
Installment loans	76,102	-	16,102	60,000	10,000
Compensated absences	367,321	411,898	367,321	411,898	411,898
Net pension liability	46,947,792	1,913,717	-	48,861,509	-
Net other postemployment					
benefits obligation	16,219,220	2,698,198		18,917,418	
Total governmental activities	\$ 66,385,507	\$ 5,023,813	\$ 852,242	\$ 70,557,078	\$ 904,488

The liabilities for compensated absences, net pension liability and net other postemployment benefits obligation for governmental activities are typically liquidated by the General Fund.

	Beginning							Due	within one		
	Balance	Ad	Additions		dditions Retirements		etirements	Ending Balance		year	
Business-type Activities											
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,735,000	\$	-	\$	315,000	\$	1,420,000	\$	330,000		
Unamortized premium	28,077		-		5,098		22,979		-		
IEPA loan	620,250		-		44,395		575,855		44,951		
Capital lease	77,706		-		38,257		39,449		39,449		
Compensated absences-water	14,054		7,742		14,054		7,742		7,742		
Compensated absences-golf course	1,733		2,143		1,733		2,143		2,143		
Installment loan	256,596		-		82,127		174,469		85,487		
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,733,416	\$	9,885	\$	500,664	\$	2,242,637	\$	509,772		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds – The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital expenditures. General obligation bonds are direct obligations, and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issues	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
2011 General Obligation (Judgment Funding) Bonds, original principal \$1,100,000, semiannual principal of \$55,000 due July 1 and January 1 commencing July 1, 2012 through January 1, 2022; interest payable monthly at a rate equal to the bank rate (variable monthly interest rate).	\$ 275,000	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ 165,000
2006 Waterworks and Sewerage Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), original principal \$4,635,000, annual principal due December 1 at amounts ranging from \$225,000 to \$380,000 through December 1, 2024, interest at 4.25% to 4.75%.	1,735,000	-	315,000	1,420,000
Illinois Finance Authority General Obligation bond (Alternate Revenue Source), maximum principal \$1,300,000. Semiannual interest payments, at a rate of 3.00% are due each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2017. Annual principal payments are due each December 1, commencing December 1, 2017. Amounts due are determined based on drawdowns.	950,072		123,819	826,253
2019 Series General Obligation (Judgment Funding) bond, original principal \$1,550,000. Semiannual interest payments, at a rate of 2.20-2.95% are due each June 15 and December 15, commencing June 15, 2020. Annual principal payments are due each December 15, commencing December 15, 2020.	1,550,000		235,000	1,315,000
	\$ 4,510,072	\$ -	\$ 783,819	\$ 3,726,253

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Government	rities	Business-type Activities						
December 31	F	Principal		Interest		Interest Principal		Principal		nterest
2021	\$	482,590	\$	310,268	\$	330,000	\$	67,038		
2022		441,476		306,756		345,000		51,775		
2023		400,481		304,852		365,000		35,388		
2024		414,607		303,763		380,000		18,050		
2025		418,859		291,875		-		-		
2026		148,240		4,447						
Total	\$	2,306,253	\$	1,521,961	\$	1,420,000	\$	172,251		

The 2006 bonds are alternate revenue source bonds payable from the combined waterworks and sewerage system revenues. These pledges will remain until all bonds are retired or mature in fiscal year 2024. The total amount of the pledge as of December 31, 2020 is \$1,592,251, which constitutes the remaining principal and interest on the bonds. During the current fiscal year, the principal and interest on the bonds was approximately 7% of the pledged revenues.

Illinois EPA Loan

Illinois EPA loan currently outstanding is as follows:

	Be	ginning]	Ending
	В	alance	Increa	ases	De	creases	E	Balance
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Public								
Water Supply Loan Program: Original principal								
\$897,560, semiannual payments of \$26,005								
including interest of 1.25% due on October 7 and								
April 7, commencing October 7, 2013.	\$	620,250	\$	-	\$	44,395	\$	575,855

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Illinois EPA loan are as follows:

Year Ending				
December 31	P	rincipal	I1	nterest
2021	\$	44,951	\$	7,058
2022		45,515		6,495
2023		46,085		5,924
2024		46,663		5,346
2025		47,248		4,761
2026-2030		245,279		14,767
2031-2032		100,114		1,547
Total	\$	575,855	\$	45,898

Installment Loans

Installment loans currently outstanding are as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
Issues		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
2017 installment loan for the purchase of police vehicles, original principal \$142,610, quarterly payments of \$17,785 through February 16, 2020,	ф.	(102	ď.		Ф	(102	Ф.	
including interest payable at 4.000%	\$	6,102	\$	-	\$	6,102	\$	-
2017 Illinois Finance Authority installment loan for the purchase of an ambulance, original principal \$100,000. Annual payments of \$10,000 due each November 1 through 2026 with interest at 0.000%. 2018 installment loan for the purchase of public works vehicles, original principal \$428,118, annual payments of \$92,622 through June 2022, including		70,000		-		10,000		60,000
interest payable at 4.090%		256,596		-		82,127		174,469
	\$	332,698	\$		\$	98,229	\$	234,469

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the installment loans are as follows:

Year Ending	2017 Ambulance Loan 2018 Public Work							ks Vehicle Loan		
December 31	Pı	rincipal	Int	Interest		Principal		nterest		
2021	\$	10,000	\$	_	\$	85,487	\$	7,135		
2022		10,000		-		88,982		3,640		
2023		10,000		-		-		-		
2024		10,000		-		-		-		
2025		10,000		-		-		-		
2026		10,000		-		-				
Total	¢	60,000	\$		\$	174,469	\$	10,775		
10141	D	00,000	D	-	φ	1/7,403	Ψ	10,773		

Capital Lease

The City entered into a lease for the purchase of a streetsweeper during fiscal year 2016. The lease calls for semiannual payments plus interest at 3.09% payable from the Water Fund. The lease currently extends into the calendar year 2021. Total assets received under the lease amount to \$185,685. The purchase option price at the end of the lease is \$0.

Remaining principal and interest requirements for the capital lease are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	A	mount
2021	\$	40,365
Total minimum lease payments Less: amount representing interest		40,365 (916)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	39,449

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. Property damage losses, with a minor deductible for total replacement value, are insured with a commercial insurance company. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage.

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation and general liability. Expenditures are recorded as incurred for payment of employee workers compensation and general liability claims and administration fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2020, total unpaid claims, including an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported to the administrative agent, totaled \$420,295. The estimates are developed based on reports prepared by the administrative agent. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other non-incremental costs to the claims liability. For the two years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020, changes in the total liability for unpaid workers compensation and general liability claims are summarized as follows:

	Workers Compensation		General	Liability	Total			
		2019	2019 2020		2019	2019 2020		2020
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$	44,862	\$	40,323	\$ 951,016	\$1,982,991	\$ 995,878	\$2,023,314
Claims incurred		83,168		238,228	1,319,377	13,038	1,402,545	251,266
Claims paid		(87,707)		(34,728)	(287,402)	(1,588,887)	(375,109)	(1,623,615)
Claims payable, end of year	\$	40,323	\$	243,823	\$1,982,991	\$ 407,142	\$2,023,314	\$ 650,965

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Grant Programs</u> – The City participates in federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies is not expected to be material.

NOTE 12. TAX INCREMENT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

The City has established Tax Increment Financing Districts II, III, IV, V, VI and VII in December 1992, January 1994, September 2007, November 2008, September 2012 and April 2017, respectively.

A redevelopment plan was adopted to make improvements on certain blighted areas, which will be funded by property taxes attributable to the increase in the equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot in the Project Area.

The base equalized assessed valuation (EAV), as well as the incremental change equalized assessed valuation for these districts (2019 EAV latest available), is as follows:

	Base EAV	2020 EAV
District II	\$ 9,578,727	\$22,587,675
District III	1,473,597	-
District IV	4,090,525	3,362,214
District V	11,405,303	16,444,783
District VI	933,560	1,822,923
District VII	1,466,720	2,097,566

NOTE 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All funds are held in trust and administered by an outside third party trustee for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The City is not required to make a contribution to the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 14. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN COMMITMENTS

The City participates in three contributory retirement plans. Law enforcement officers are covered under the Police Pension Fund (a single-employer plan administered by a separate Police Pension Board of Trustees). Fire sworn personnel are covered under the Firefighters' Pension Fund (a single-employer plan administered by a separate Firefighters' Pension Board of Trustees). The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (a statewide plan) covers substantially all full-time employees, except law enforcement officers and firefighters. The City has two plans under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, one for regular employees, and a Sheriff Law Enforcement Personnel ("SLEP") Plan.

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pensions benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRF	SLEP
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	117	-
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	76	1
Active Plan Members	72	
Total	265	1

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's Regular (SLEP) Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% (7.50%) of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 16.38%. For calendar year 2020, the City, including component unit, contributed \$570,259 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute. The City did not contribute to the SLEP as there are no current employees.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2020:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.25%
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study from years 2017 to 2019.
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality Table (for non-disabled retirees) the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
- For Disabled Retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
- For Active Members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized by the following table (most recent available):

			Projected Returns/Risk			
	Portfolio					
	Target	Return	One Year	Ten Year		
Asset Class	Percentage	12/31/20	Arithmetic	Geometric		
Equities	37%	22.07%	6.35%	5.00%		
International Equities	18%	13.52%	7.65%	6.00%		
Fixed Income	28%	7.87%	1.40%	1.30%		
Real Estate	9%	4.20%	7.10%	6.20%		
Alternative Investments	7%					
Private Equity		N/A	10.35%	6.95%		
Hedge Funds		N/A	N/A	N/A		
Commodities		N/A	3.90%	2.85%		
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.56%	0.70%	0.70%		
Total	100%					

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.00% and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

IMRF	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)		
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 28,096,795	\$ 28,599,604	\$ (502,809)		
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	327,442	-	327,442		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,984,681	-	1,984,681		
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-		
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	410,236	-	410,236		
Changes of Assumptions	(187,451)	-	(187,451)		
Contributions - Employer	-	570,259	(570,259)		
Contributions - Employee	-	189,961	(189,961)		
Net Investment Income	-	4,205,858	(4,205,858)		
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contribution	(1,771,199)	(1,771,199)	-		
Other (Net Transfer)		(91,599)	91,599		
Net Changes	763,709	3,103,280	(2,339,571)		
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 28,860,504	\$ 31,702,884	\$ (2,842,380)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

IMRF- SLEP		Total					
	P	Pension		Fiduciary	Net	Pension	
	L	Liability		Position	Liability		
		(A)		(B)	(A) - (B)		
		_		_		_	
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	119,462	\$	155,364	\$	(35,902)	
Cl. C. d							
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		-		-		-	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		8,661		-		8,661	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	
Differences Between Expected and Actual							
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		(183)		-		(183)	
Changes of Assumptions		1,239		-		1,239	
Contributions - Employer		-		-		=	
Contributions - Employee		-		-		=	
Net Investment Income		-		18,043		(18,043)	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds							
of Employee Contribution		-		-		-	
Other (Net Transfer)				456		(456)	
Net Changes		9,717		18,499		(8,782)	
Polonico et December 21, 2020	¢.	120 170	¢	172 972	•	(44 (94)	
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	129,179	\$	173,863	\$	(44,684)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25% (7.25%), as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

IMRF		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 205,336	\$ (2,842,380)	\$ (5,301,329)
IMRF-SLEP		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$ (44,591)	\$ (44,684)	\$ (44,818)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense/Income and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension income of \$734,218 for IMRF and \$4,463 for IMRF-SLEP.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

IMRF	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment	\$ 241,982	\$ 130,061 110,570 2,665,287	\$ 111,921 (110,570) (2,665,287)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	\$ 241,982	\$ 2,905,918	\$ (2,663,936)
IMRF-SLEP	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment	\$ - - -	\$ - - - 8,119	\$ - - (8,119)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

IMRF	
	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows of
December 31	Resources
2021	\$ (898,294)
2022	(272,595)
2023	(1,058,576)
2024	(434,471)
2025	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (2,663,936)
IMRF-SLEP	
IMRF-SLEP	Net Deferred
IMRF-SLEP Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows of
Year Ending	Outflows of
Year Ending	Outflows of
Year Ending December 31	Outflows of Resources
Year Ending December 31	Outflows of Resources \$ (2,515)
Year Ending December 31 2021 2022	Outflows of Resources \$ (2,515) (1,031)
Year Ending December 31 2021 2022 2023	Outflows of Resources \$ (2,515) (1,031) (3,222)
Year Ending December 31 2021 2022 2023 2024	Outflows of Resources \$ (2,515) (1,031) (3,222)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION FUND

Plan Description

Police sworn personnel of the City of Blue Island are covered by the City of Blue Island Police Pension Fund which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employee and employer contribution levels, are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The plan is administered by the plan's Board of Trustees consists of: two members appointed by the City, two active members of the police department elected by the membership and one retired member of the police department elected by the membership.

The plan is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 3. Police Pension Fund-Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code.

Plan Membership as of January 1, 2020:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	38
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active Plan Members	36
Total	80

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the City of Blue Island Police Pension Plan as provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes:

Tier 1 employees (those hired before January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.0% of the original pension and 3.0% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for the pension purposes shall not exceed \$106,800, however that amount shall increase annual by the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.0% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.0% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police office retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Per State Statute, covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires that the City has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service costs for the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan.

Investments

Rate of Return:

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense, was 13.16 percent.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is December 31, 2020.

The measurement period for the pension expense was January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020.

The reporting period is January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

The city's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020.

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 updated to December 31, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Graded schedule based on service

Discount Rate 7.00% Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pubs-2010 Employee Mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with scale MP-2018. 10% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty. Mortality rate for inactive lives used Pubs-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with scale MP-2018. Mortality rate for beneficiaries used Pubs-2010 survivor mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with scale MP-2018. Mortality rate for disabled lives used Pubs-2010 disabled mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments can be determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2020 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.00%. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Portfolio	Expected Real
	Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Percentage	Return
Cash	3%	-0.10%
Fixed Income	32%	3.20%
Domestic Equity Large Caps	52%	3.60%
Domestic Equity Small Caps	5%	4.50%
International Developed Foreign	5%	5.20%
Real Estate	3%	4.00%
Total	100%	_
		_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent; the municipal bond rate is 1.93 percent (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index); and the resulting single discount rate is 7.00 percent.

Changes in Net Pension Liability Pension

	Total		
	Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 43,018,692	\$ 14,374,912	\$ 28,643,780
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	676,218	-	676,218
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,983,244	-	2,983,244
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	1,767,566	-	1,767,566
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	2,092,595	(2,092,595)
Contributions - Employee	-	291,786	(291,786)
Net Investment Income	-	1,923,903	(1,923,903)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contribution	(2,154,274)	(2,154,274)	-
Administrative Expenses		(40,924)	40,924
Net Changes	3,272,754	2,113,086	1,159,668
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 46,291,446	\$ 16,487,998	\$ 29,803,448

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase		
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 36,248,311	\$ 29,803,448	\$ 24,527,401

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized a Pension Expense of \$2,392,710. On December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	Net Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,682,256	\$ 351,585	\$ 1,330,671
Changes of assumptions	544,491	204,066	340,425
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investment		1,202,589	(1,202,589)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in			
pension expense in future periods	\$ 2,226,747	\$ 1,758,240	\$ 468,507

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net	Net Deferred	
Year Ending	Ou	Outflows of	
December 31	Re	Resources	
		_	
2021	\$	(9,750)	
2022		111,381	
2023		(40,104)	
2024		112,386	
2025		294,594	
Thereafter		-	
Total	\$	\$ 468,507	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION FUND

Plan Description:

Fire sworn personnel of the City of Blue Island are covered by the City of Blue Island Firefighters' Pension Fund which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employee and employer contribution levels, are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

The plan is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 4. Firefighters' Pension Fund-Municipalities 500.000 or Under" of the Illinois Pension Code.

Plan Membership

Plan membership as of December 31, 2020:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	28
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	14
Active Plan Members	30
Total	72

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of the City of Blue Island Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes:

Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.0% of such salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,159.27 per month. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit, per the following table:

Years of	Percent of
Service	Salary
10	15.0%
11	17.6%
12	20.4%
13	23.4%
14	26.6%
15	30.0%
16	33.6%
17	37.4%
18	41.4%
19	45.6%

The monthly benefit of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.0% of the original pension and 3.0% compounded annually thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of services within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes shall not exceed \$106,800 however, that amount shall increase annually by the lesser of 3% or the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the Consumer Price Index-U. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,159.27 per month. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55, with no minimum benefit).

The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January $1^{\rm st}$ after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.0% or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index-U for the 12-month period ending with the September preceding each November 1.

Contributions

Per State Statute, covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires that the City has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service costs for the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Plan.

<u>Investments</u>

Concentrations:

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position.

Rate of Return:

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was 14.52 percent.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is December 31, 2020.

The measurement period for the pension expense was January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020.

The reporting period is January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

The City's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2020.

The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 updated to December 31, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary Increases Service based
Discount Rate 7.00%
Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Pubs-2010 Mortality Table for Employees. 20% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives: Pubs-2010 Mortality Table for Healthy Retirees.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: Pubs-2010 Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives: Pubs-2010 Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors.

The mortality assumptions for all participants are sex distinct with mortality improvement projected 5 years beyond the valuation date using scale MP-2019 and a base year of 2010. We feel these assumptions sufficiently accommodate anticipated future mortality improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments can be determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2018 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.0%. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
Portfolio	Expected Real
Target	Rate of
Percentage	Return
44.8%	6.00%
7.8%	-1.50%
16.2%	0.00%
28.7%	1.00%
2.5%	-1.50%
100.0%	
	Target Percentage 44.8% 7.8% 16.2% 28.7% 2.5%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent; the municipal bond rate is 1.93 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by The Bond Buyer); and the resulting single discount rate is 7.00 percent.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 24,031,349	\$ 5,727,337	\$ 18,304,012
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	478,163	-	478,163
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,664,009	=	1,664,009
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	960,350	-	960,350
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	1,334,789	(1,334,789)
Contributions - Employee	-	193,562	(193,562)
Net Investment Income	-	856,881	(856,881)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contribution	(1,475,916)	(1,475,916)	-
Administrative Expense		(36,760)	36,760
Net Changes	1,626,606	872,556	754,050
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 25,657,955	\$ 6,599,893	\$ 19,058,062

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION FUND (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,479,826	\$ 19,058,062	\$ 16,254,998

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized a pension expense of \$1,770,467. On December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	Net Deferred Outflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment	\$ 1,176,569 480,484	\$ 716,360 138,723 434,256	\$ 460,209 341,761 (434,256)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	\$ 1,657,053	\$ 1,289,339	\$ 367,714

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Ou	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources	
		_	
2021	\$	(42,436)	
2022		(8,181)	
2023		7,118	
2024		140,221	
2025		30,904	
Thereafter		240,088	
Total	\$	367,714	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 18. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City's health insurance plan for retired employees is summarized as follows:

Plan Description: The City's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one the of City's retirement plans to continue health insurance coverage as a participant in the City's Plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than pensions, the plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	74
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan Members	105
Total	179

Benefits Provided: The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Coverage for retirees and their spouses and dependents is provided for life.

Under the terms of the Plan, pursuant to City policy and certain contractual agreements, the Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly toward the cost of health insurance premiums. Those retired prior to December 31, 2015, with the exception of two retirees with special arrangements, either contribute \$0 or have a contribution of \$75/month for any level of coverage (single, employee plus spouse, or family). The City contributes the remainder of the cost. Per City ordinance, those retiring on or after December 31, 2015 pay 15% of the active premium for single coverage. All future retirees who cover a spouse pay 100% of spouse premium.

In future years, contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as premiums.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 18. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Salary Increase Rate(s) Varies by Service.

Discount Rate 1.93% Initial Trend Rate 7.00% Ultimate Trend Rate 4.00% Years to Ultimate 54

Police and Fire Pension Plan Participants

Active Lives:

PubS-2010 Employee mortality projected five years past the valuation date using Scale MP-2020.

Healthy Inactive Lives:

PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality projected five years past the valuation date using Scale MP-2020.

Beneficiaries.

PubS-2010 Survivor mortality projected five years past the valuation date using Scale MP-2020.

Disabled Lives:

PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree mortality projected five years past the valuation date using Scale MP-2020.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Participants

Active Lives

The Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General Employee, Male and Female tables, with future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Healthy Inactive Lives

The Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, with future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Beneficiaries

The Pub-2010, Amount-weighted, below-median income, Survivor, with future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Discount Rate:

Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 1.93%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Index nearest the measurement date. The S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 18. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Change in Total OPEB Liability:

	Increases and (Decrease in Total OPEB Liability					
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	16,219,220				
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		464,339				
Interest		532,731				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		602,489				
Changes of Assumptions		1,788,424				
Changes of Benefit Terms		-				
Contributions - Employer		-				
Benefit Payments		(689,785)				
Other Changes						
Net Changes		2,698,198				
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	18,917,418				

Changes of Assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.26% for the reporting period ended December 31, 2019, to 1.93% for the reporting period ended December 31, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	0.93%	1.93%	2.93%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 21,970,548	\$ 18,917,418	\$ 16,463,151

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	3.00% - 6.00%	4.00% - 7.00%	5.00% - 8.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 16,172,812	\$ 18,917,418	\$ 22,413,874

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 18. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,317,040.

On December 31, 2020, the City reported Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	Net Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 516,419 2,090,876	\$ - 563,608	\$ 516,419 1,527,268		
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	\$ 2,607,295	\$ 563,608	\$ 2,043,687		

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferre	d
Year Ending	Outflows o	f
December 31	Resources	
2021	\$ 312,245	5
2022	312,245	5
2023	312,245	5
2024	312,245	5
2025	453,148	3
Thereafter	341,559)
Total	\$ 2,043,687	7

NOTE 19. SUMMARY OF PENSION INFORMATION

The summary of Pension information is to consolidate the deferrals related to pensions from IMRF/SLEP (footnote 15), Police Pension (footnote 16) and Fire Pension (footnote 17) and tie the totals to the Statement of Net Position.

	IMRF	SLEP	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Total		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 241,982	\$ -	\$ 2,226,747	\$ 1,657,053	\$ 4,125,782		
Deferred inflows of resources	2,905,918	8,119	1,758,240	1,289,339	5,961,616		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 20. TAX ABATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City rebated 50% of its share of the sales tax and 90% of the incremental TIF property tax revenues generated by a local business for the costs of acquiring and redeveloping a vacant lot under the terms of a redevelopment agreement. The sales tax abatement for the year amounted to \$43,703. The incremental TIF property tax abatement from TIF 6 for the year amounted to \$115,422. The total rebate is subject to reduction if the company does not comply with all local, state, and federal statutes relative to operating a business within the City. The original agreement was for a total rebate of \$1,500,000. As of 2018, there were reductions totaling \$350,000. The agreement expires on the earlier of December 31, 2030 or the aggregate rebate of \$1,150,000. As of December 31, 2020, there is still \$484,467 outstanding for the rebate.

NOTE 21. RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following pronouncements are effective for December 31, 2020 and after:

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2020. See GASB 95.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions of Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later. The effective dates for GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt are postponed for one year. The effective date for GASB No. 87, Leases is postponed by 18 months.

Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, "Leases." The objective of this guide is to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on the requirements of Statement No. 87, leases. The requirements of this guide will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.



CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	December 31, 2020					December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost Interest	\$	327,442 1,984,681	\$	361,991 1,975,538	\$	367,879 1,955,101	\$	446,907 2,000,154	\$	434,534 1,970,691	\$	444,650 1,939,318
Change of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		410,236 (187,451) (1,771,199)		(421,741) - (1,773,602)		(60,522) 699,542 (1,782,940)		(475,962) (813,574) (1,654,494)		(344,654) (30,866) (1,701,750)		(290,772) 31,044 (1,629,851)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		763,709		142,186		1,179,060		(496,969)		327,955		494,389
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		28,096,795		27,954,609		26,775,549		27,272,518		26,944,563		26,450,174
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	28,860,504	\$	28,096,795	\$	27,954,609	\$	26,775,549	\$	27,272,518	\$	26,944,563
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions-Employer Contributions-Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other	\$	570,259 189,961 4,205,858 (1,771,199) (91,599)	\$	389,078 145,243 4,885,688 (1,773,602) (27,256)	\$	461,756 149,054 (1,696,994) (1,782,940) 321,540	\$	567,359 177,917 4,515,172 (1,654,494) (540,150)	\$	600,448 183,811 1,609,690 (1,701,750) 147,811	\$	597,843 232,918 120,436 (1,629,851) (185,890)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,103,280		3,619,151		(2,547,584)		3,065,804		840,010		(864,544)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		28,599,604	_	24,980,453	_	27,528,037	_	24,462,233		23,622,223	_	24,486,767
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	31,702,884	\$	28,599,604	\$	24,980,453	\$	27,528,037	\$	24,462,233	\$	23,622,223
NET PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING (A) - (B)	\$	(2,842,380)	\$	(502,809)	\$	2,974,156	\$	(752,488)	\$	2,810,285	\$	3,322,340
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		109.85%		101.79%		89.36%		102.81%		89.70%		87.67%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,481,435	\$	3,260,560	\$	3,312,321	\$	3,953,724	\$	4,084,680	\$	4,177,805
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		-81.64%		-15.42%		89.79%		-19.03%		68.80%		79.52%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes in assumptions:

For 2014, changes are primarily from adopting an IMRF specific mortality tables with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables.

For 2015, changes are primarily from a change in the calculated single discount rate from 7.49% in 2014 to 7.47% in 2015.

For 2016, changes are primarily from a change in the calculated single discount rate from 7.47% in 2015 to 7.50% in 2016.

For 2017, changes are primarily from adopting an IMRF specific mortality tables with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables. For 2018, the assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.

For 2020, changes are primarily from adopting the Pub-2010, amount weighted, general mortality tables for retirees and active members.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND-SLEP LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019			December 31, 2018		cember 31, 2017	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost	s		\$		s		\$		\$		\$	
Interest	3	8,661	3	8,000	Ф	7,553	Þ	4,622	3	4,299	Þ	3,999
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(183)		1,119		1,147		34,391		1		1
Changes in Assumptions		1,239		-		942		62		-		-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions												-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		9,717		9,119		9,642		39,075		4,300		4,000
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		119,462		110,343		100,701		61,626		57,326		53,326
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	129,179	\$	119,462	\$	110,343	\$	100,701	\$	61,626	\$	57,326
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION												
Contributions-Employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions-Employee		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net Investment Income		18,043		19,233		(697)		16,453		8,069		579
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other		456		(27.0)		- 207		(259)		- 220		(4.115)
Other		456		(276)		387		(258)		230		(4,115)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		18,499		18,957		(310)		16,195		8,299		(3,536)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		155,364		136,407		136,717		120,522		112,223		115,759
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	173,863	\$	155,364	\$	136,407	\$	136,717	\$	120,522	\$	112,223
NET PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING (A) - (B)	\$	(44,684)	\$	(35,902)	\$	(26,064)	\$	(36,016)	\$	(58,896)	\$	(54,897)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a												
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		134.59%		130.05%		123.62%		135.77%		195.57%		195.76%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Pension Liability as a												
Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Notes to Schedule:
This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	D	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY												
Service Cost	\$	676,218	\$	682,415	\$	679,927	\$	726,660	\$	704,304	\$	680,338
Interest		2,983,244		2,850,649		2,712,322		2,648,675		2,545,604		2,442,326
Change of Benefit Terms		· · · · -		82,600		-		-		· · ·		· · · · -
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		1,767,566		348,808		(640,348)		(94,231)		(116,773)		-
Changes in Assumptions		-		-		1,088,982		(612,198)		-		_
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(2,154,274)		(1,973,857)		(1,760,675)		(1,665,189)		(1,700,906)		(1,641,553)
Belletit Layments, metading restallas of Employee contributions		(2,13 1,27 1)		(1,575,057)		(1,700,072)		(1,000,10)		(1,700,700)		(1,011,000)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,272,754		1,990,615		2,080,208		1,003,717		1,432,229		1,481,111
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		43,018,692	_	41,028,077	_	38,947,869	_	37,944,152	_	36,511,923	_	35,030,812
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	46,291,446	\$	43,018,692	\$	41,028,077	\$	38,947,869	\$	37,944,152	\$	36,511,923
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION												
	s	2,092,595	s	1,969,070	\$	1 779 000	\$	1.540.657	\$	1,451,138	\$	1,393,531
Contributions-Employer	2		2		Э	1,778,990	3	1,549,657	3		3	
Contributions-Employee		291,786		303,957		274,014		272,180		266,787		272,545
Net Investment Income		1,923,903		2,320,022		(494,090)		1,350,264		549,978		22,529
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(2,154,274)		(1,973,857)		(1,760,675)		(1,665,189)		(1,700,906)		(1,641,553)
Administrative Expenses		(40,924)		(43,745)		(48,726)		(31,842)		(38,706)		(30,316)
Other				-					_			
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,113,086	_	2,575,447		(250,487)		1,475,070	_	528,291	_	16,736
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		14,374,912		11,799,465		12,049,952		10,574,883		10,015,962		9,999,226
Adjustment to Beginning of Year								(1)		30,630		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	16,487,998	\$	14,374,912	\$	11,799,465	\$	12,049,952	\$	10,574,883	\$	10,015,962
NET PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING (A) - (B)	\$	29,803,448	\$	28,643,780	\$	29,228,612	\$	26,897,917	\$	27,369,269	\$	26,495,961
Dlan Eidysiam Nat Basition as a												
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		35.62%		33.42%		28.76%		30.94%		27.87%		27.43%
rescentage of the Total rension Liability		33.02%		33.42%		28.70%		30.94%		47.87%		21.43%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,944,359	\$	3,067,175	\$	2,765,025	\$	2,746,519	\$	2,692,099	\$	2,728,224
Net Pension Liability as a												
Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		1012.22%		933.88%		1057.08%		979.35%		1016.65%		971.18%
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		/100/0						

Notes to Schedule:
This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	D	ecember 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	D	December 31, 2018	D	ecember 31, 2017	Ε	December 31, 2016	D	December 31, 2015		April 30, 2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost Interest Change of Benefit Terms	\$	478,163 1,664,009	\$	396,688 1,655,636 73,307	\$	407,765 1,521,202	\$	415,552 1,499,278	\$	389,787 1,517,922	\$	222,555 938,174	\$	372,458 1,365,783
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		960,350 (1,475,916)		(623,980) - (1,451,100)		561,963 840,847 (1,349,337)		35,329 (323,689) (1,261,624)		(947,307) - (1,243,408)		1,284,305 - (819,391)		(1,172,182)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,626,606		50,551		1,982,440		364,846		(283,006)		1,625,643		566,059
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		24,031,349		23,980,798		21,998,358		21,633,512		21,916,518		20,290,875		19,724,816
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	25,657,955	\$	24,031,349	\$	23,980,798	\$	21,998,358	\$	21,633,512	\$	21,916,518	\$	20,290,875
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions-Employer Contributions-Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expenses Other	\$	1,334,789 193,562 856,881 (1,475,916) (36,760)	\$	1,394,336 185,879 801,243 (1,451,100) (39,797)	\$	1,105,164 156,442 (240,143) (1,349,337) (44,511)	\$	949,612 151,166 507,247 (1,261,624) (33,282)	\$	827,078 149,420 260,486 (1,243,408) (38,197)	\$	414,265 102,431 (47,070) (819,391) (35,437)	\$	620,292 151,368 334,367 (1,172,182) (26,586)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		872,556		890,561		(372,385)		313,119		(44,621)		(385,202)		(92,741)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_	5,727,337	_	4,836,776	_	5,209,161	_	4,896,633	_	4,941,254		5,806,684		5,899,425
Receivable Adjustment		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	(591)	_	<u> </u>	_	(480,228)	_	<u>-</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	6,599,893	\$	5,727,337	\$	4,836,776	\$	5,209,161	\$	4,896,633	\$	4,941,254	\$	5,806,684
NET PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING (A) - (B)	\$	19,058,062	\$	18,304,012	\$	19,144,022	\$	16,789,197	\$	16,736,879	\$	16,975,264	\$	14,484,191
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		25.72%		23.83%		20.17%		23.68%		22.63%		22.55%		28.62%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,047,192	\$	1,959,524	\$	1,654,595	\$	1,598,794	\$	1,580,328	\$	1,592,913	\$	1,497,091
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		930.94%		934.11%		1157.02%		1050.12%		1059.08%		1065.67%		967.49%

Notes to Schedule:
This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	December 31, 2020		De	ecember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY							
Service Cost	\$	464,339	\$	402,014	\$	431,024	
Interest		532,731		553,579		502,667	
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		602,489		-		-	
Changes in Assumptions		1,788,424		781,117		(986,314)	
Benefit Payments		(689,785)		(641,660)		(594,130)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,698,198		1,095,050		(646,753)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		16,219,220		15,124,170		15,770,923	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	18,917,418	\$	16,219,220	\$	15,124,170	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	7,172,305	\$	7,058,100	\$	6,715,604	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		263.76%		229.80%		225.21%	

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2020:	1.93%
Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2019:	3.26%
Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2018:	3.64%

Also reflected as assumption changes are updated health care costs and premiums, updated health care cost trend rates, and updated retirement, termination, disability and mortality rates.

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	 ecember 31, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017	De	2016	De	ecember 31, 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 570,259 *	\$	393,550	\$	449,482	\$	567,359	\$	600,448	\$	597,844
Determined Contribution	 570,259		389,078		461,756		567,359		600,448		597,843
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$	4,472	\$	(12,274)	\$		\$		\$	1
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentages of	\$ 3,481,435	\$	3,260,560	\$	3,312,321	\$	3,953,724	\$	4,084,680	\$	4,177,805
Covered-Employee Payroll	16.38%		11.93%		13.94%		14.35%		14.70%		14.31%

^{*} Estimated based on contribution rate of 16.38% and covered valuation payroll of \$3,481,435.

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the calendar year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2020 Contribution Rates: (1)

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period: Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP, and ECO groups): 23-year closed period

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities; a period up to 10 years

selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

 Wage Growth:
 3.25%

 Price Inflation:
 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational

projection scale MP-2017 (based year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed form the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, IMRF specific morality rates were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

(1) Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND-SLEP LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	mber 31,	ember 31, 2019	ember 31, 2018	ember 31, 2017	mber 31, 2016	mber 31, 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentages of Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ - 0.00%	\$ 0.00%	\$ - 0.00%	\$ - 0.00%	\$ - 0.00%	\$ - 0.00%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the calendar year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2020 Contribution Rates: (1)

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period: Non-taxing bodies: 10 year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP, ECO groups): 23-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.25% Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational

projection scale MP-2017 (based year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed form the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, IMRF specific morality rates were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

(1) Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

 2020		2019		2018	Do	2017	De	2016	De	2015
\$ 2,636,450	\$	2,436,772	\$	2,219,180	\$	2,183,443	\$	1,983,274	\$	1,828,354
2,092,595		1,969,070		1,778,990		1,549,657		1,451,138		1,393,531
\$ 543,855	\$	467,702	\$	440,190	\$	633,786	\$	532,136	\$	434,823
\$ 2,944,359	\$	3,067,175	\$	2,765,025	\$	2,746,519	\$	2,692,099	\$	2,728,224 51.08%
/1.0//0		04.2070		04.5470		30.4270		33.7070		31.0070
 1/1/2020		1/1/2019	1	1/1/2018		1/1/2017		1/1/2016		N/A
\$	\$ 2,636,450 2,092,595 \$ 543,855 \$ 2,944,359 71.07%	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,092,595 \$ 543,855 \$ \$ 2,944,359 \$ 71.07%	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 2,092,595	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,092,595	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,219,180 2,092,595	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,219,180 \$ 2,092,595	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,219,180 \$ 2,183,443 2,092,595 1,969,070 1,778,990 1,549,657 \$ 543,855 \$ 467,702 \$ 440,190 \$ 633,786 \$ 2,944,359 \$ 3,067,175 \$ 2,765,025 \$ 2,746,519 71.07% 64.20% 64.34% 56.42%	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,219,180 \$ 2,183,443 \$ 2,092,595	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,219,180 \$ 2,183,443 \$ 1,983,274 2,092,595 1,969,070 1,778,990 1,549,657 1,451,138 \$ 543,855 \$ 467,702 \$ 440,190 \$ 633,786 \$ 532,136 \$ 2,944,359 \$ 3,067,175 \$ 2,765,025 \$ 2,746,519 \$ 2,692,099 71.07% 64.20% 64.34% 56.42% 53.90% 1/1/2020 1/1/2019 1/1/2018 1/1/2017 1/1/2016	\$ 2,636,450 \$ 2,436,772 \$ 2,219,180 \$ 2,183,443 \$ 1,983,274 \$ 2,092,595 1,969,070 1,778,990 1,549,657 1,451,138 \$ \$ 543,855 \$ 467,702 \$ 440,190 \$ 633,786 \$ 532,136 \$ \$ 2,944,359 \$ 3,067,175 \$ 2,765,025 \$ 2,746,519 \$ 2,692,099 \$ 71.07% 64.20% 64.34% 56.42% 53.90% 1/1/2020 1/1/2019 1/1/2018 1/1/2017 1/1/2016

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

contributions are reported.

Funding Method Entry-age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll; 100% through 2040

Mortality Rate PubS-2010 employee mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with

Scale MP-2019. 10% of active deaths are assumed in the line of duty. PubS-2010 Healthy and Survivor retiree mortality, projected 5 years past

the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

Disabled Mortality Rate PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date

with Scale MP-2019.

Interest Rate 7.00% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.00%, depending on years of service

Inflation 2.50%

Payroll Growth 3.50% per year

Marital Status 80% of the members are assumed to be married. Males are assumed to be three years older than females.

Actuarial Asset Method Investment gains and losses are smoothed over a 5-year period

Retirement Age, Disability Rate, and Termination Rate:

The below table is based on a 2017 experience study performed for the State of Illinois Department of Insurance. 60% of the disabilities are assumed to be in the line of duty.

% Terminating D	uring the Year	% Becoming Disal	oled During the Year	% Retiring Durin	ng the Year (Tier 1)	% Retiring Durin	g the Year (Tier 2)
Age	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate
20	14.00%	20	0.00%	50-51	15.00%	50-54	5.00%
25	10.40%	25	0.03%	52-54	20.00%	55	40.00%
30	5.60%	30	0.14%	55-64	25.00%	56-64	25.00%
35	3.10%	35	0.26%	65-69	40.00%	65-69	40.00%
40	1.90%	40	0.42%	70+	100.00%	70+	100.00%
45	1.50%	45	0.59%				
50	1.50%	50	0.71%				
56+	0.00%	55	0.90%				
		60	1.15%				

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	D	ecember 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018	De	2017	D	2016	De	2015	 April 30, 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	1,709,932	\$	1,540,465	\$	1,450,782	\$	1,344,770	\$	1,204,671	\$	730,545	\$ 946,532
Determined Contribution		1,334,789		1,394,336		1,105,164		949,612		827,078		414,265	620,292
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	375,143	\$	146,129	\$	345,618	\$	395,158	\$	377,593	\$	316,280	\$ 326,240
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentages of	\$	2,047,192	\$	1,959,524	\$	1,654,595	\$	1,598,794	\$	1,580,328	\$	1,592,913	\$ 1,497,091
Covered-Employee Payroll		65.20%		71.16%		66.79%		59.40%		52.34%		26.01%	41.43%
Notes to Schedule of Contributions													
Valuation Date:		1/1/2020		1/1/2019		1/1/2018		1/1/2017		1/1/2016		5/1/2015	N/A
Actuarially Determined Contribution rates are	calcu	lated as of Janu	ary 1	, one year prio	r to 1	the end of the y	ear ii	n which					

contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method Entry-age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll; 100% through 2040

PubS-2010 Employee mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019. Mortality Rate

20% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.

PubS-2010 Healthy and Survivor mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019. Disabled Mortality Rate

7.00% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses Interest Rate

Salary Increases 3.50% to 12.50%, depending on years of service Marital Status 80% of Members are assumed to be married Spouse's Age Males are assumed to be three years older than females

Retirement Age, Disability Rate, and Termination Rate:

% Terminatin	g During the Year	% Becoming Disa	bled During the Year	% Retiring During	ng the Year (Tier 1)	% Retiring Durin	ng the Year (Tier 2)
Age	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate	Age	Rate
20	7.00%	20	0.010%	50-51	10.00%	50-54	3.00%
25	5.80%	25	0.016%	52-53	12.00%	55	30.00%
30	3.50%	30	0.068%	54-55	15.00%	56-59	20.00%
35	1.75%	35	0.220%	56-59	20.00%	60-62	25.00%
40	1.10%	40	0.420%	60-62	25.00%	63-64	33.00%
45	1.00%	45	0.650%	63-64	33.00%	65-69	50.00%
50	1.00%	50	0.900%	65-69	50.00%	70+	100.00%
55+	0.00%	55	1.240%	70+	100.00%		
		60	1.580%				

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return,						
Net of investment expenses	13.16%	19.06%	-4.01%	12.79%	5.41%	N/A

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available. N/A- Not Available

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	4/30/2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return,							
Net of investment expenses	14.52%	15.86%	-4.58%	10.34%	5.32%	N/A	N/A

This schedule is intended to illustrate the information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

N/A- Not Available

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020			 2019
	riginal and nal Budget	 Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget er/(Under)	Actual
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 3,499,641	\$ 3,075,700	\$	(423,941)	\$ 3,413,876
Personal property replacement tax	240,000	203,244		(36,756)	243,218
Other taxes	3,720,000	3,589,815		(130,185)	3,685,315
Licenses	864,675	779,429		(85,246)	815,790
Permits	374,000	315,311		(58,689)	403,595
Fines and forfeitures	468,400	404,263		(64,137)	715,585
Intergovernmental	2,756,969	3,361,975		605,006	2,615,934
Interest	25,000	7,501		(17,499)	25,495
Other	 2,976,000	3,011,945		35,945	3,056,496
Total Revenues	 14,924,685	 14,749,183		(175,502)	14,975,304
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	4,982,506	4,797,037		(185,469)	7,714,644
Public safety	7,239,781	7,238,919		(862)	7,226,072
Public works	3,074,998	2,633,716		(441,282)	2,463,116
Capital outlay	46,000	298,323		252,323	315,070
Debt service					
Principal	16,200	16,102		(98)	79,135
Interest and fiscal charges	15,200	15,544		344	10,819
Total Expenditures	 15,374,685	 14,999,641		(375,044)	 17,808,856
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(450,000)	(250,458)		199,542	(2,833,552)
· · · · · ·		, , ,		ŕ	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond proceeds	-	-		-	2,088,232
Transfers in	450,000	401,249		(48,751)	391,154
Transfers out	 -	 (17,326)		(17,326)	 (15,250)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	450,000	 383,923		(66,077)	 2,464,136
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	133,465	\$	133,465	(369,416)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		 (3,597,234)			 (3,667,706)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year		\$ (3,463,769)			\$ (4,037,122)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2020

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for depreciation in the proprietary funds. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the function level for the General, Special Revenue, and Proprietary Funds, except where indicated below. Debt Service Funds have initially been covenanted on a multi-year basis. Projects in the Capital Projects Fund are budgeted by grant agreement on a multi-year basis. No budget is adopted for the Special Tax Increment Allocation Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Appropriation Ordinance is prepared in tentative form by the Finance Director, reviewed and approved by the City Aldermen, and is made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to final Board action. A public hearing is held on the tentative Appropriation Ordinance to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to April 1, the appropriation is legally enacted through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. All actual expenditures contained herein have been compared to the annual appropriation. The City Council passed the appropriation ordinance on March 24, 2020.
- The City Aldermen may:
 - By two-thirds vote transfer within any department amounts appropriated for an object or purpose to another object or purpose. No object or purpose can be reduced below an amount sufficient to provide for all obligations incurred or to be incurred against the appropriation.
 - Adopt a supplemental Appropriation Ordinance in an amount not to exceed any additional revenue available, including unappropriated fund balances, or amounts estimated to be received after adoption of the annual Appropriation Ordinance.
- No other appropriation can be adopted during the fiscal year, unless approved by a petition signed by fifty (50) percent of the number of individuals who voted for Mayor at the last general municipal election, or by a majority of individuals voting on the question in a regular general election or an emergency referendum.
- Management cannot amend the Appropriation Ordinance. However, expenditures may exceed appropriations
 at the sub-object level. The City Aldermen, as outlined above, must approve expenditures that exceed
 individual appropriations at the object level.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, there were no supplemental appropriations.

COMBINING AND INDIVI	DUAL FUND FINAN	CIAL STATEMENTS	AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Property taxes			2020	2019	
Final Budget		0:::1:1			
REVENUES \$ 3,499,641 \$ 3,075,700 \$ (423,941) \$ 3,413,876 Personal property replacement tax 240,000 203,244 (36,756) 243,218 Other taxes 361ex tax 1,400,000 1,321,917 (78,083) 1,385,129 Use tax 775,000 1,015,452 240,452 787,623 Camabis use tax 1,65,000 1,005,982 (158,018) 1,156,856 Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,915) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 9,000 13,830 44,830 10,688 Total licenses </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th>			Actual		Actual
Personal property replacement tax CM CM CM CM CM CM CM C	REVENUES	I mai Budget	Actual	Over/(Chacr)	retuar
Other taxes Sales tax 1,400,000 1,321,917 (78,083) 1,385,129 Use tax 775,000 1,015,452 240,452 787,623 Camabis use tax - 16,379 16,379 - Utility taxes 1,165,000 1,006,982 (158,018) 1,156,856 Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,915) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 300,000 </td <td>Property taxes</td> <td>\$ 3,499,641</td> <td>\$ 3,075,700</td> <td>\$ (423,941)</td> <td>\$ 3,413,876</td>	Property taxes	\$ 3,499,641	\$ 3,075,700	\$ (423,941)	\$ 3,413,876
Sales tax 1,400,000 1,321,917 (78,083) 1,385,129 Use tax 775,000 1,015,452 240,452 787,623 Camabis use tax - 16,379 1-6,379 1- Utility taxes 1,165,000 1,006,982 (158,018) 1,156,856 Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,915) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 300,000 275,891 (24,109) </td <td>Personal property replacement tax</td> <td>240,000</td> <td>203,244</td> <td>(36,756)</td> <td>243,218</td>	Personal property replacement tax	240,000	203,244	(36,756)	243,218
Use tax 775,000 1,015,452 240,452 787,623 Cannabis use tax - 16,379 16,379 1,156,856 Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,015) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 99,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Building 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355	Other taxes				
Cannabis use tax - 16,379 16,379 16,379 Utility taxes 1,165,000 1,006,982 (158,018) 1,156,856 Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,915) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065	Sales tax	1,400,000	1,321,917	(78,083)	1,385,129
Utility taxes 1,165,000 1,006,982 (158,018) 1,156,856 Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,915) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 8 10,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 375,48		775,000			787,623
Video gaming tax 380,000 229,085 (150,915) 355,707 Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 8 80,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures 90ice <		-			-
Total taxes 7,459,641 6,868,759 (590,882) 7,342,409 Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 8 80,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures 90ice 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Licenses Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 80,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures 90ice 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 <td< td=""><td>Video gaming tax</td><td>380,000</td><td>229,085</td><td>(150,915)</td><td>355,707</td></td<>	Video gaming tax	380,000	229,085	(150,915)	355,707
Vehicle 580,000 566,700 (13,300) 583,454 Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 8 815,790 815,790 815,790 Permits 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures 90ice 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) <td>Total taxes</td> <td>7,459,641</td> <td>6,868,759</td> <td>(590,882)</td> <td>7,342,409</td>	Total taxes	7,459,641	6,868,759	(590,882)	7,342,409
Business 155,000 127,078 (27,922) 146,080 Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 80,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 12,200 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 18,920 18,920 18,920 18,920 19,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 18,920 18,920 18,920 18,920 19,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 18,920 19,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 18,920 18,920 19,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 18,920 19,000 13,331 (58,689) 403,595 18,920 19,000 19,353 18,920 19,000 19,353 <t< td=""><td>Licenses</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Licenses				
Contractors 25,000 63 (24,937) 2,025 Animal 675 335 (340) 695 Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures 90ice 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental 231,969 751,461	Vehicle	580,000	566,700	(13,300)	583,454
Animal Building & housing inspections 675 by,000 by,0	Business	155,000	127,078	(27,922)	146,080
Building & housing inspections 95,000 71,423 (23,577) 72,848 Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits 8uilding 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Contractors	25,000	63	(24,937)	2,025
Elevator inspections 9,000 13,830 4,830 10,688 Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits Building 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Animal	675	335	(340)	695
Total licenses 864,675 779,429 (85,246) 815,790 Permits Building 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Building & housing inspections	95,000	71,423	(23,577)	72,848
Permits 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Elevator inspections	9,000	13,830	4,830	10,688
Building 300,000 275,891 (24,109) 326,491 Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Total licenses	864,675	779,429	(85,246)	815,790
Electrical 20,000 12,355 (7,645) 18,920 Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Permits				
Other 54,000 27,065 (26,935) 58,184 Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Building	300,000	275,891	(24,109)	326,491
Total permits 374,000 315,311 (58,689) 403,595 Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Electrical	20,000	12,355	(7,645)	18,920
Fines and forfeitures Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Other	54,000	27,065	(26,935)	58,184
Police 382,400 389,432 7,032 686,479 Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Total permits	374,000	315,311	(58,689)	403,595
Building violations 75,000 8,342 (66,658) 20,332 Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Fines and forfeitures				
Compliance court 11,000 6,489 (4,511) 8,774 Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Police	382,400		7,032	686,479
Total fines 468,400 404,263 (64,137) 715,585 Intergovernmental State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Building violations	75,000	8,342	(66,658)	20,332
Intergovernmental State income tax Crants 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Compliance court	11,000	6,489	(4,511)	8,774
State income tax 2,525,000 2,610,514 85,514 2,543,500 Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Total fines	468,400	404,263	(64,137)	715,585
Grants 231,969 751,461 519,492 72,434 Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	Intergovernmental				
Total intergovernmental 2,756,969 3,361,975 605,006 2,615,934	•	2,525,000	2,610,514	85,514	2,543,500
<u> </u>	Grants				
Interest 25,000 7,501 (17,499) 25,495	Total intergovernmental	2,756,969	3,361,975	605,006	2,615,934
	Interest	25,000	7,501	(17,499)	25,495

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

				2020				2019
DEVENUES (Continued)		riginal and nal Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)			Actual
REVENUES (Continued) Other								
Ambulance user fees	\$	300,000	\$	455,066	\$	155,066	\$	444,901
City parking lots	*	175,000	-	49,661	•	(125,339)	-	65,842
Maintenance of state roads and traffic signals		120,000		122,839		2,839		115,790
Towing fees		100,000		65,650		(34,350)		81,500
Engineering		110,000		-		(110,000)		1,966
Alarm security fees		5,900		-		(5,900)		-
Reimbursements		14,600		930		(13,670)		1,177
Rent/lease/sale property		90,000		79,977		(10,023)		70,020
Sanitation and recycling fees		1,630,000		1,688,929		58,929		1,629,289
Television franchise fees		190,000		172,691		(17,309)		182,715
Telephone franchise fees		78,000		77,049		(951)		63,252
Vital statistics		32,000		11,966		(20,034)		31,357
Miscellaneous		130,500		287,187		156,687		368,687
Total other		2,976,000		3,011,945		35,945		3,056,496
Total revenues		14,924,685		14,749,183		(175,502)		14,975,304

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020							
	iginal and al Budget		Actual	Fin	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)		Actual	
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Administration								
Salaries and benefits								
Mayor's office								
Full-time salaries	\$ 54,578	\$	55,116	\$	538	\$	53,615	
Part-time salaries	33,600		33,600		-		33,600	
Finance								
Full-time salaries	135,535		135,408		(127)		172,817	
Part-time salaries	10,600		10,600		-		10,600	
Overtime salaries	300		392		92		276	
Clerk's office								
Full-time salaries	69,712		70,288		576		69,884	
General Government								
Full-time salaries	105,037		109,279		4,242		47,947	
Part-time salaries	22,400		4,690		(17,710)		25,725	
Aldermen salaries	86,800		86,990		190		86,990	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	67,200		66,432		(768)		46,426	
Unemployment insurance	9,000		6,162		(2,838)		-	
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	 39,350		50,819		11,469		36,455	
Total salaries and benefits	 634,112		629,776		(4,336)		584,335	
Services								
Professional fees	75,000		58,543		(16,457)		60,025	
Computers and software	108,157		102,403		(5,754)		141,668	
Legal	150,000		266,238		116,238		474,014	
Other	1,350		2,898		1,548		4,531	
Professional consulting and engineering	85,000		233,999		148,999		184,110	
Telephone	271,500		306,388		34,888		316,829	
Utilities-gas	250		_		(250)		3,624	
Training	1,600		707		(893)		1,210	
Total services	 692,857		971,176		278,319		1,186,011	
Supplies and materials								
Board up expense	15,000		1,860		(13,140)		11,195	
Maintenance supplies	2,000		1,477		(523)		2,568	
Operating supplies	50		48		(2)		10	
Printing, postage, and office supplies	7,975		7,259		(716)		11,585	
Vehicle sticker program	16,000		16,190		190		15,767	
Small equipment	-						73	
Total supplies and materials	41,025		26,834		(14,191)		41,198	
Town supplies and materials	 , 020		20,001		(1.,171)		.1,170	

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2020	2020				
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	2019 Actual			
EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
General Government (Continued)							
Administration (Continued)							
Repairs and maintenance							
Equipment	\$ 1,850	\$ 1,497	\$ (353)	\$ 1,968			
Building maint & repair	15,000	2,970	(12,030)	19,902			
Bunuing maint of repun	10,000	2,5 7 0	(12,020)	15,502			
Total repairs and maintenance	16,850	4,467	(12,383)	21,870			
Miscellaneous							
Bank service charges	5,000	36,109	31,109	19,793			
Dues and subscriptions	26,000	10,072	(15,928)	32,245			
Employee/office services	1,500	642	(858)	1,831			
Legal notices	2,000	3,452	1,452	1,440			
Library personal property replacement taxes	61,000	_	(61,000)				
Licenses and payroll service fees	55,100	71,605	16,505	63,259			
Meetings and seminars	500	195	(305)	2,393			
Rental and leasing	650	154	(496)	2,953			
Travel/transportation	300	-	(300)	100			
Grant pass through expenditures	50,000	44,552	(5,448)	1,646			
Grant expenditures	-	153,423	153,423	-			
Other	39,100	81,808	42,708	9,416			
Total miscellaneous	241,150	402,012	160,862	135,076			
Total administration	1,625,994	2,034,265	408,271	1,968,490			
Building Department							
Salaries and benefits							
Full-time salaries	218,568	230,543	11,975	201,230			
Part-time salaries	70,000	27,482	(42,518)	38,618			
Overtime salaries	3,200	-	(3,200)	933			
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	42,400	36,196	(6,204)	24,748			
Unemployment insurance	3,000	3,393	393	-			
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	22,350	17,239	(5,111)	17,752			
Uniforms	600		(600)	595			
Total salaries and benefits	360,118	314,853	(45,265)	283,876			
Services							
Computers and software	2,457	1,362	(1,095)	2,849			
Professional consulting and engineering	2,500	1,250	(1,250)	2,424			
Legal notices	500	-,	(500)	_,			
Training	1,000		(1,000)	258			
Total services	6,457	2,612	(3,845)	5,531			

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2019					
		ginal and al Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget er/(Under)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
General Government (Continued) Building Department (Continued)							
Supplies and materials							
Gasoline and oil for vehicles	\$	3,000	\$	2,204	\$	(796)	\$ 3,432
Printing, postage, and office supplies		6,000		1,871		(4,129)	 3,846
Total supplies and materials		9,000		4,075		(4,925)	7,278
Repairs and maintenance							
Elevator inspections		3,200		3,252		52	3,589
Equipment		1,500		1,349		(151)	2,148
Vehicle		2,000		158		(1,842)	 619
Total repairs and maintenance		6,700		4,759		(1,941)	6,356
Miscellaneous							
Dues and subscriptions		400		-		(400)	363
Meetings and seminars		250		-		(250)	238
Travel/transportation		100		-		(100)	-
Grant pass through exp				33,709		33,709	 29,090
Total miscellaneous		750		33,709		32,959	 29,691
Total building department		383,025		360,008		(23,017)	 332,732
Planning Department							
Services							
Computers and software	-		-				 43
Total services							43
Supplies and materials							
Printing, postage, and office supplies							8
Total supplies and materials							 8
Total planning department				-			 51

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

			2020					2019
	Original : Final Bud		A	ctual	Fir	riance with nal Budget er/(Under)		Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
General Government (Continued)								
Insurance Department								
Employee insurance benefits	e 1.005	. 000	ф 1	571 406	Ф	(112.504)	d.	1 000 065
Employee medical insurance Life/unemployment insurance	\$ 1,685	,000	\$ 1	,571,406	\$	(113,594)	\$	1,909,065
Efferunemployment insurance	11	,000		8,715		(2,285)		10,728
Total employee insurance benefits	1,696	5,000	1	,580,121		(115,879)		1,919,793
Services								
Auto/property damage claims	2	,500		45,551		43,051		22,547
Insurance-buildings/vehicles	70	,000		57,000		(13,000)		27,722
Insurance fees	20	,000		10,918		(9,082)		9,257
Liability claim expense	50	,000		238,228		188,228		127,742
Personal injury claims	410	,000		238,563		(171,437)		1,734,165
Workers compensation disability medical claim	15	,000		13,038		(1,962)		15,973
Accident claims	8	,000		-		(8,000)		7,157
Medical liability claims	20	,000		31,958		11,958		-
Settlement payments	500	,000		38,453		(461,547)		935,750
Total services	1,095	,500		673,709		(421,791)		2,880,313
Total insurance department	2,791	,500	2	2,253,830		(537,670)		4,800,106
Marketing Department								
Salaries and benefits								
Full-time salaries		-		3,350		3,350		8,708
Part-time salaries	22	,000		21,510		(490)		21,680
Overtime salaries		-		-		-		66
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	3	,600		3,935		335		3,504
Unemployment insurance		-		510		510		-
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	1	,900		1,733		(167)		2,291
Total salaries and benefits	27	,500		31,038		3,538		36,249
Services								
Professional consulting		<u>-</u> -		630		630		3,160
Total services		<u> </u>		630		630		3,160

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2020		2019			
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	Actual			
EXPENDITURES (Continued) General Government (Continued) Marketing Department (Continued)	T mai Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)	Actual			
Miscellaneous							
Advertising and marketing	\$ 10,000	\$ 21,147	\$ 11,147	\$ 17,294			
Community promotions	12,000	4,869	(7,131)	35,166			
Cal-Sag reimbursement	-	-	-	409,879			
Census	10,000	862	(9,138)				
Total miscellaneous	32,000	26,878	(5,122)	462,339			
Total marketing department	59,500	58,546	(954)	501,748			
Rec Center Department							
Salaries and benefits							
Full-time salaries	54,260	56,086	1,826	52,652			
Part-time salaries	22,200	9,335	(12,865)	22,191			
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	10,920	9,935	(985)	7,777			
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	6,000	4,198	(1,802)	5,435			
Total salaries and benefits	93,380	79,554	(13,826)	88,055			
Services							
Telephone	2,000	957	(1,043)	2,233			
Utilities	2,000	1,050	(950)	2,137			
Other contractual services	6,257	3,709	(2,548)	5,427			
Total supplies and materials	10,257	5,716	(4,541)	9,797			
Supplies and materials							
Printing, postage, and office supplies	1,750	41	(1,709)	893			
Maintenance supplies	2,000	518	(1,482)	3,719			
Operating supplies	500	276	(224)	132			
Small equipment	250		(250)	2,421			
Total supplies and materials	4,500	835	(3,665)	7,165			
Repairs and maintenance							
Equipment	100	60	(40)	-			
Building and maintenance repair	500	348	(152)	325			
Outside contractors	2,000	1,904	(96)	3,490			
Total repairs and maintenance	2,600	2,312	(288)	3,815			

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2019		
	Original and Final Budget	2020 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
General Government (Continued)				
Rec Center Department (Continued)				
Miscellaneous				
Employee/office services	\$ 250	\$ -	\$ (250)	\$ 441
Rental and leasing	500	-	(500)	413
Community promotions	11,000	1,971	(9,029)	1,831
Total miscellaneous	11,750	1,971	(9,779)	2,685
Total rec center department	122,487	90,388	(32,099)	111,517
Total general government	4,982,506	4,797,037	(185,469)	7,714,644
Public Safety				
Police Department				
Salaries and benefits				
Officers				
Full-time salaries	3,087,100	3,084,767	(2,333)	3,165,207
Overtime salaries	210,000	205,016	(4,984)	195,095
Records and desk clerks				
Full-time salaries	364,595	425,405	60,810	368,574
Part-time salaries	1,950	-	(1,950)	13,669
Overtime salaries	23,000	23,803	803	18,027
Part-time police	109,000	91,265	(17,735)	105,159
Part-time overtime salaries	100	-	(100)	27
Residency stipend	25,000	-	(25,000)	-
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	62,400	66,740	4,340	47,698
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	91,000	75,043	(15,957)	77,647
Unemployment insurance	5,000	(351)	(5,351)	7,915
Total salaries and benefits	3,979,145	3,971,688	(7,457)	3,999,018
Services				
Animal care	10,000	2,448	(7,552)	13,321
Dispatch services	239,989	234,802	(5,187)	241,246
Computers and software	16,771	11,897	(4,874)	25,702
Prisoner care	1,500	1,682	182	1,172
Professional consulting	4,000	7,000	3,000	6,885
Telephone	18,000	25,164	7,164	20,369
Training	35,000	22,544	(12,456)	15,699
Utilities	660	345	(315)	165
Other contractual services		840	840	
Total services	325,920	306,722	(19,198)	324,559

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2020						
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	2019 Actual				
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Public Safety (Continued)								
Police Department (Continued)								
Supplies and materials								
Ammunition/guns	\$ 5,000	\$ 1,285	\$ (3,715)	\$ 1,973				
Gasoline and oil for vehicles	77,000	59,616	(17,384)	87,815				
Maintenance supplies	3,000	2,417	(583)	2,577				
Operating supplies	4,000	2,407	(1,593)	4,395				
Printing, postage, and office supplies	19,000	13,854	(5,146)	18,930				
Small equipment	1,000	10,473	9,473	532				
Tasers	10,453	10,453	-	10,000				
Tools Expense	500	500	-	500				
Uniforms	7,500	2,660	(4,840)	9,388				
Coronavirus Supplemental Grant	<u> </u>	16,649	16,649					
Total supplies and materials	127,453	120,314	(7,139)	136,110				
Repairs and maintenance								
Building	15,000	2,635	(12,365)	3,543				
Equipment	48,500	53,526	5,026	52,183				
Vehicle	45,000	22,136	(22,864)	42,111				
Total repairs and maintenance	108,500	78,297	(30,203)	97,837				
Miscellaneous								
Community promotions	500	-	(500)	119				
Dues and subscriptions	3,500	1,195	(2,305)	3,710				
Employee/office services	-	1,945	1,945	-				
JAG grant expense	9,716	9,424	(292)	10,930				
Licenses/fees	2,500	325	(2,175)	629				
Meetings and seminars	1,000	-	(1,000)	334				
Subscriptions/publications	· -	-	-	12				
Travel/transportation	1,000		(1,000)	453				
Total miscellaneous	18,216	12,889	(5,327)	16,187				
Total police department	4,559,234	4,489,910	(69,324)	4,573,711				
9-1-1 Department								
Miscellaneous								
Licenses and fees				28				
Total miscellaneous				28				
Total 9-1-1 department	-	-	-	28				
1								

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2019		
	Original and Final Budget	2020 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	 -			
Public Safety (Continued)				
Fire Department				
Salaries and benefits				
Full-time salaries	\$ 2,144,045	\$ 2,172,884	\$ 28,839	\$ 2,098,147
Overtime salaries	85,000	128,196	43,196	146,782
Residency stipend	5,000	-	(5,000)	-
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	6,900	6,751	(149)	4,910
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	36,100	30,130	(5,970)	29,315
Total salaries and benefits	2,277,045	2,337,961	60,916	2,279,154
Services				
Ambulance processing fee	30,000	33,719	3,719	34,791
911 Charges	143,500	168,747	25,247	-
Computers and software	9,302	8,355	(947)	10,035
Professional consulting	2,500	4,985	2,485	159,269
Telephone	1,500	126	(1,374)	1,364
Utilities	1,200	542	(658)	1,387
Training	2,250	592	(1,658)	3,302
Total services	190,252	217,066	26,814	210,148
Supplies and materials				
Gasoline and oil for vehicles	2,900	2,857	(43)	4,048
Maintenance supplies	3,000	1,686	(1,314)	3,893
Operating supplies	35,000	8,450	(26,550)	3,278
Printing, postage, and office supplies	2,900	566	(2,334)	682
Small equipment	11,700	11,570	(130)	19,724
Uniforms	20,000	18,892	(1,108)	7,180
Total supplies and materials	75,500	44,021	(31,479)	38,805
Repairs and maintenance				
Building	6,000	7,868	1,868	6,220
Equipment	4,500	1,886	(2,614)	5,113
Vehicle	59,000	70,774	11,774	43,165
Total repairs and maintenance	69,500	80,528	11,028	54,498
Miscellaneous				
Community promotions	750	-	(750)	223
Dues and subscriptions	6,500	5,040	(1,460)	9,679
Employee/office services	1,000	(23)	(1,023)	-
Licenses/fees	11,700	75	(11,625)	225
Meetings and seminars	750	20	(730)	523
Physical exams	8,000	2,037	(5,963)	8,812
Rentals and leasing fees	250	752	502	344

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2019		
	Original and Final Budget	2020 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Public Safety (Continued)				
Fire Department (Continued)				
Miscellaneous (Miscellaneous)				
Subscriptions/publication	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12
Travel/transportation	500	-	(500)	-
Natural gas		902	902	
Total miscellaneous	29,450	8,803	(20,647)	19,818
Total fire department	2,641,747	2,688,379	46,632	2,602,423
Civil Service Commission				
Professional consulting	-	-	-	-
Personnel hiring/exams	20,000	18,207	(1,793)	30,066
Legal fees	-	2,451	2,451	278
Legal notices	1,000	992	(8)	1,488
Total civil service commission	21,000	21,650	650	31,832
Emergency Management				
Services				
Other		4,256	4,256	14,180
Total services		4,256	4,256	14,180
Supplies and materials				
Emergency supplies	17,800	34,724	16,924	_
Computers and software				608
Small equipment	_	_	_	993
Building and street signs				112
Total Supplies	17,800	34,724	16,924	1,713
Repairs and maintenance				
Vehicle				1,453
Total repairs and maintenance				1,453
Miscellaneous				
Meals				732
Total miscellaneous				732
Total emergency management department	17,800	38,980	21,180	18,078
Total public safety	7,239,781	7,238,919	(862)	7,226,072

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2020	2019	
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)			<u> </u>	
Public Works				
Salaries and benefits				
Full-time salaries	\$ 380,820	\$ 469,352	\$ 88,532	\$ 419,766
Part-time salaries	7,500	4,874	(2,626)	15,938
Overtime salaries	26,500	15,885	(10,615)	38,454
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	66,000	75,469	9,469	53,209
Unemployment insurance	-	(425)	(425)	-
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	32,000	31,712	(288)	33,308
Total salaries and benefits	512,820	596,867	84,047	560,675
Services				
Computers and software	2,757	1,174	(1,583)	1,026
Engineering	36,000	732	(35,268)	981
Garbage and recycling	1,390,000	1,411,146	21,146	1,355,749
Other contractual	750	1,189	439	980
Utilities	267,250	264,656	(2,594)	317,519
Total services	1,696,757	1,678,897	(17,860)	1,676,255
Supplies and materials				
Building and street signs	10,000	8,009	(1,991)	6,701
Concrete/asphalt/stone	45,000	-	(45,000)	3,667
Gasoline and oil for vehicles	45,000	37,228	(7,772)	51,467
Maintenance supplies	15,000	11,118	(3,882)	8,501
Printing, postage, and office supplies	1,300	500	(800)	365
Small equipment	5,000	1,991	(3,009)	837
Tool expense	1,000	994	(6)	991
Total supplies and materials	122,300	59,840	(62,460)	72,529
Repairs and maintenance				
Building	5,000	2,451	(2,549)	2,095
Equipment	26,200	7,318	(18,882)	21,712
Equipment rental	2,000	-	(2,000)	-
Parking lot maintenance	25,000	8,601	(16,399)	7,913
Outside contractors	4,000	-	(4,000)	3,999
Street lighting system	25,000	13,249	(11,751)	30,953
Street resurfacing/repair	554,021	188,387	(365,634)	-
Traffic signals	25,000	23,012	(1,988)	28,146
Tree program	50,000	35,535	(14,465)	32,340
Vehicle	25,000	19,340	(5,660)	25,776
Total repairs and maintenance	741,221	297,893	(443,328)	152,934

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

	2020							2019		
		riginal and nal Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget ver/(Under)		Actual		
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		au Buuget		1100001		on (ondo)		1100001		
Public Works (Continued)										
Miscellaneous										
Dues and subscriptions	\$	150	\$	100	\$	(50)	\$	100		
Training		1,000		-		(1,000)		-		
Employee/office services		700		119		(581)		615		
Travel/transportation		50				(50)		8		
Total miscellaneous		1,900		219 (1,68				723		
Total public works department		3,074,998		2,633,716		(441,282)		2,463,116		
Capital Outlay										
Marketing department		-		263,113		263,113		267,058		
Police department		46,000		35,210	5,210 (10,790)			48,012		
Total capital outlay		46,000		298,323		252,323		315,070		
Debt Service										
Principal		16,200		16,102		(98)		79,135		
Interest and fiscal charges		15,200		15,544		344		10,819		
Total debt service		31,400		31,646		246		89,954		
Total expenditures		15,374,685		14,999,641		(375,044)		17,808,856		
(Deficiency) of revenues (under)										
expenditures		(450,000)		(250,458)		199,542		(2,833,552)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bond proceeds		-		-		-		2,088,232		
Transfers in		450,000		401,249		(48,751)		391,154		
Transfers out		-		(17,326)		(17,326)		(15,250)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		450,000		383,923		(66,077)		2,464,136		
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		133,465	\$	133,465		(369,416)		
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year				(3,597,234)				(3,667,706)		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year			\$	(3,463,769)			\$	(4,037,122)		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

						Special	Reven	ue				
		Business District		Motor Fuel Tax		Special Tax Increment Allocation IV		Special Tax Increment Allocation VI		Special Revenue Allocation VII		eign Fire Tax
ASSETS	¢.	2 475 525	ď	1 425 707	¢.	(2.52(ď	997	¢.	45 202	¢.	54.065
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	2,475,525	\$	1,425,707	\$	62,526	\$	997	\$	45,392	\$	54,065
Property taxes-net		_		_		_		_		_		_
Other taxes		153,794		_		-		_		-		32,080
Due from other funds		(740)		23,995		-		249,780		-		-
Due from other governments		-		150,429								
Total assets	\$	2,628,579	\$	1,600,131	\$	62,526	\$	250,777	\$	45,392	\$	86,145
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	23,777	\$	3,715	\$	3,255	\$	115,422	\$	101	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		26,752		-		25,401		-
Due to other government units												
Total liabilities		23,777	_	3,715		30,007		115,422		25,502		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Property taxes levied for subsequent year Unavailable revenue		- 56,794		- 544,068		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		56,794		544,068				_	-			_
EVAND BALLANGES				<u> </u>								,
FUND BALANCES Restricted												
Grants		_		_		_		_		_		_
Economic development		2,548,008		_		32,519		135,355		19,890		_
Street maintenance		-		1,052,348		-		-				_
Public safety		-		-		-		_		-		86,145
Unassigned (deficit)												
Total fund balances (deficits)		2,548,008		1,052,348		32,519		135,355		19,890		86,145
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances	\$	2,628,579	\$	1,600,131	\$	62,526	\$	250,777	\$	45,392	\$	86,145

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2020

				Special	Rever				D	ebt Service	Сар	oital Projects		
		ate Asset Seizure		leral Asset Seizure	С	Police Pension contribution		Firefighters' Pension Contribution		Debt Service		CDBG		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	103,504	\$	78,275	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	409,056	\$	4,655,047
Receivables	,	/	•	,	•		•		•		•	,	,	, ,
Property taxes-net Other taxes		-		-		2,285,828		1,448,765		265,518		-		4,000,111 185,874
Due from other funds		-		-		28,983		20,387		-		-		322,405
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		150,429
Total assets	\$	103,504	\$	78,275	\$	2,314,811	\$	1,469,152	\$	265,518	\$	409,056	\$	9,313,866
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,983	\$	20,387	\$	-	\$	-	\$	195,640
Due to other funds		- 97.650		-		-		-		58,538		15,000		125,691
Due to other government units		87,650				-	_	-		<u>-</u>				87,650
Total liabilities		87,650				28,983		20,387		58,538		15,000		408,981
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		-		-		2,285,828		1,448,765		265,518		-		4,000,111
Unavailable revenue						-	_			-				600,862
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		2,285,828		1,448,765		265,518				4,600,973
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted												204.056		204.056
Grants Economic development		-		-		-		-		_		394,056		394,056 2,735,772
Street maintenance		-		-		-		-		_		-		1,052,348
Public safety		15,854		78,275		-		-		-		-		180,274
Unassigned (deficit)						-		-		(58,538)				(58,538)
Total fund balances (deficits)		15,854		78,275		=				(58,538)		394,056		4,303,912
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of														
resources and fund balances	\$	103,504	\$	78,275	\$	2,314,811	\$	1,469,152	\$	265,518	\$	409,056	\$	9,313,866

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue											
	Business District	Motor Fuel Tax	Special Tax Increment Allocation IV	Special Tax Increment Allocation VI	Special Revenue Allocation VII	Foreign Fire Tax						
REVENUES												
Property taxes-net	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,691	\$ 128,249	\$ 23,855	\$ -						
Personal property replacement taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Other taxes	626,890	-	-	-	-	29,773						
Motor fuel tax allotments	-	991,245	-	-	-	-						
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Interest		3,656	51	2	11							
Total revenues	626,890	994,901	38,742	128,251	23,866	29,773						
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government	190,362	-	63,355	125,452	483	-						
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	31,872						
Street maintenance	-	167,034				-						
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Debt service												
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Interest and fiscal charges												
Total Expenditures	190,362	167,034	63,355	125,452	483	31,872						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over (under) Expenditures	436,528	827,867	(24,613)	2,799	23,383	(2,099)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfer in	-	-	-	_	-	-						
Transfer out		(401,249)										
Total Other Financing Uses		(401,249)										
Net changes in fund balances	436,528	426,618	(24,613)	2,799	23,383	(2,099)						
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year	2,111,480	625,730	57,132	132,556	(3,493)	88,244						
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$ 2,548,008	\$ 1,052,348	\$ 32,519	\$ 135,355	\$ 19,890	\$ 86,145						

$\hbox{COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES } \\ \hbox{NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)}$

		Special	Revenue		Debt Service	Capital Projects	
	State Asset Seizure	Federal Asset Seizure	Police Pension Contribution	Firefighters' Pension Contribution	Debt Service	CDBG	Total
REVENUES							
Property taxes-net	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,054,936	\$ 1,305,752	\$ 501,754	\$ -	\$ 4,053,237
Personal property replacement taxes	-	-	28,983	20,387	-	-	49,370
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	656,663
Motor fuel tax allotments	=	-	=	-	=	-	991,245
Fines and forfeitures	-	22,671	-	-	-	-	22,671
Interest	8	57				260	4,045
Total revenues	8	22,728	2,083,919	1,326,139	501,754	260	5,777,231
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	379,652
Public safety	12,494	12,237	2,092,595	1,334,789	-	-	3,483,987
Street maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	14,434	181,468
Capital outlay	-	103,804	-	-	-	-	103,804
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	468,819	-	468,819
Interest and fiscal charges	-				61,366		61,366
Total Expenditures	12,494	116,041	2,092,595	1,334,789	530,185	14,434	4,679,096
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	(12,486)	(93,313)	(8,676)	(8,650)	(28,431)	(14,174)	1,098,135
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer in	-	-	8,676	8,650	-	-	17,326
Transfer out							(401,249)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			8,676	8,650	<u> </u>		(383,923)
Net changes in fund balances	(12,486)	(93,313)	-	-	(28,431)	(14,174)	714,212
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year	28,340	171,588			(30,107)	408,230	3,589,700
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$ 15,854	\$ 78,275	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (58,538)	\$ 394,056	\$ 4,303,912

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

		2020			 2019
	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget er/(Under)	Actual
REVENUES	 				
Other taxes					
Business district taxes	\$ 675,000	\$ 626,890	\$	(48,110)	\$ 663,619
Total Revenues	675,000	626,890		(48,110)	663,619
EXPENDITURES Current					
General government	 675,000	190,362		(484,638)	158,605
Total Expenditures	 675,000	 190,362		(484,638)	 158,605
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	436,528	\$	436,528	505,014
Fund balance at beginning of year		 2,111,480			 1,606,466
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 2,548,008			\$ 2,111,480

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

		2020			2019
	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget er/(Under)	Actual
REVENUES					
Motor fuel tax allotments Interest	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 991,245 3,656	\$	(28,755) (6,344)	\$ 777,697 11,422
Total Revenues	1,030,000	 994,901		(35,099)	789,119
EXPENDITURES Current					
Street maintenance	 580,000	 167,034		(412,966)	180,257
Total Expenditures	580,000	167,034		(412,966)	 180,257
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	450,000	827,867		377,867	608,862
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfer out	(450,000)	 (401,249)		48,751	(391,154)
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(450,000)	(401,249)		48,751	(391,154)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	426,618	\$	426,618	217,708
Fund balance at beginning of year		 625,730			 408,022
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 1,052,348			\$ 625,730

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE PENSION CONTRIBUTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020			2019
	riginal and	Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget rer/(Under)	Actual
REVENUES					
Property taxes-net	\$ 2,436,772	\$ 2,054,936	\$	(381,836)	\$ 1,932,070
Personal property replacement taxes	35,000	 28,983		(6,017)	30,250
Total Revenues	 2,471,772	 2,083,919		(387,853)	1,962,320
EXPENDITURES Public Safety					
Pension contributions	2,471,772	2,092,595		(379,177)	1,969,070
Total Expenditures	 2,471,772	 2,092,595		(379,177)	 1,969,070
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	(8,676)		(8,676)	(6,750)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer in	<u>-</u>	 8,676		8,676	6,750
Total Other Financing Sources	 	 8,676		8,676	 6,750
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		 			
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 			\$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION CONTRIBUTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		2020			 2019
	riginal and inal Budget	Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget er/(Under)	Actual
REVENUES	 				
Property taxes-net	\$ 1,540,465	\$ 1,305,752	\$	(234,713)	\$ 1,364,209
Personal property replacement taxes	 25,000	 20,387		(4,613)	 21,627
Total Revenues	 1,565,465	1,326,139		(239,326)	 1,385,836
EXPENDITURES					
Public Safety	1.565.465	1 22 4 500		(220, 676)	1 20 1 22 6
Pension contributions	 1,565,465	 1,334,789		(230,676)	 1,394,336
Total Expenditures	 1,565,465	 1,334,789		(230,676)	 1,394,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	(8,650)		(8,650)	(8,500)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfer in	 	8,650		8,650	 8,500
Total Other Financing Sources	 <u>-</u>	8,650		8,650	8,500
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year					
Fund balance at end of year		\$ 			\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Po	olice Pension Fund	irefighters'	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,875	\$ 113,862	\$ 122,737
Investments				
US treasury		1,905,922	1,548,711	3,454,633
US government securities		2,367,216	159,957	2,527,173
US government agencies		-	191,873	191,873
Mutual funds		10,677,185	2,980,115	13,657,300
Corporate obligations		1,204,404	1,562,031	2,766,435
Money market mutual funds		280,811	-	280,811
Receivables				
Interest receivable		27,364	24,707	52,071
Personal property replacement taxes receivable		28,983	 20,387	 49,370
Total assets		16,500,760	 6,601,643	 23,102,403
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		12,762	 1,750	 14,512
Total liabilities		12,762	 1,750	 14,512
NET POSITION				
Net position held in trust for pension benefit	\$	16,487,998	\$ 6,599,893	\$ 23,087,891

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION-PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Po	lice Pension Fund	irefighters' ension Fund	 Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employee contributions	\$	291,786	\$ 193,562	\$ 485,348
Employer contributions		2,092,595	1,334,789	 3,427,384
Total contributions		2,384,381	 1,528,351	 3,912,732
Investment income				
Investment income		1,960,177	879,635	2,839,812
Investment fees		(36,121)	 (23,980)	 (60,101)
Net investment income		1,924,056	855,655	 2,779,711
Other income		97	1,226	 1,323
Total additions		4,308,534	 2,385,232	 6,693,766
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits and refunds		2,154,274	1,475,916	3,630,190
Administrative costs		41,174	 36,760	 77,934
Total deductions		2,195,448	1,512,676	3,708,124
Net change in plan net position		2,113,086	872,556	2,985,642
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at beginning of year		14,374,912	 5,727,337	 20,102,249
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at end of year	\$	16,487,998	\$ 6,599,893	\$ 23,087,891



SCHEDULE OF VALUATIONS, RATES AND EXTENSIONS FOR TAX LEVIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Tax		
Levy	Assessed	Extended
Year	Valuation	Tax Rate
2010	\$ 302,729,252	2.5914
2011	245,174,072	3.0379
2012	223,319,634	3.3069
2013	209,449,861	3.9485
2014	201,553,201	3.0730
2015	197,423,852	3.2280
2016	204,634,824	3.2900
2017	233,481,372	2.9550
2018	232,661,354	3.1571
2019	233,760,710	3.3339

The 2019 gross tax levy is analyzed below:

	Rate	Percent	 Amount
General:			
Corporate	0.3683	11.06	\$ 860,940
Garbage	0.0387	1.16	90,465
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	0.0918	2.75	214,592
Liability insurance	0.0291	0.87	68,024
Street and bridge	0.0859	2.58	200,800
Fire protection	0.2922	8.76	683,048
Police protection	0.3854	11.56	900,913
Social Security	0.0964	2.89	225,345
Auditing	0.0215	0.64	50,258
Workers' compensation	0.0208	0.62	48,622
Total general	1.4301	42.89	3,343,007
Bond and interest	0.2485	7.46	581,067
Police pension	1.0131	30.39	2,368,229
Firefighters' pension	0.6422	19.26	1,501,263
Total	3.3339	100.00	\$ 7,793,566

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended	Year				General (Illinois Fina General Ob	nce Aı	ıthority	General Obligation Judgment Bonds Series 2011 Dated December 16, 2011			General Obligation Judgment Bonds Series 2019 Dated December 16, 2019			nds 9		
December 31,]	Principal		Interest	I	Principal]	nterest	I	Principal	I1	nterest]	Principal		Interest
2021	\$	482,590	\$	310,268	\$	127,590	\$	24,788	\$	110,000	\$	5,512	\$	245,000	\$	279,968
2022		441,476		306,756		131,476		20,960		55,000		1,586		255,000		284,210
2023		400,481		304,852		135,481		17,016		-		-		265,000		287,836
2024		414,607		303,763		139,607		12,951		-		-		275,000		290,812
2025		418,859		291,875		143,859		8,763		-		-		275,000		283,112
2026		148,240		4,447		148,240		4,447								
	\$	2,306,253	\$	1,521,961	\$	826,253	\$	88,925	\$	165,000	\$	7,098	\$	1,315,000	\$	1,425,938

				2013 Illinois Environmental			General Obligations Bonds				
Fiscal				Protection Agency Public Water				2006 Waterworks			
Year	Total				Supply Loan Program			& Sewerage Bonds			
Ended				Business-type activities			Business-type activities				
December 31,	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2021	\$ 374,951	\$	74,096	\$	44,951	\$	7,058	\$	330,000	\$	67,038
2022	390,515		58,270	*	45,515	•	6,495	-	345,000	-	51,775
2023	411,085		41,312		46,085		5,924		365,000		35,388
2024	426,663		23,396		46,663		5,346		380,000		18,050
2025	47,248		4,761		47,248		4,761		-		-
2026	47,841		4,168		47,841		4,168		-		-
2027	48,441		3,569		48,441		3,569		-		-
2028	49,048		2,961		49,048		2,961		-		-
2029	49,663		2,346		49,663		2,346		-		-
2030	50,286		1,723		50,286		1,723		-		-
2031	50,916		1,093		50,916		1,093		-		-
2032	49,198		454		49,198		454				-
	\$ 1,995,855	\$	218,149	\$	575,855	\$	45,898	\$	1,420,000	\$	172,251

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2019 Tax Levy Year	
Assessed valuation	\$	233,760,710
Statutory debt limitation (8.625% of assessed valuation)		20,161,861
Total debt: General Obligation debt outstanding at December 31, 2020		4,302,108
Legal Debt Margin	\$	15,859,753

ILLINOIS GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY ACT CONSOLIDATED YEAR-END FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2020

CSFA#	Program Name	State	Federal	Other	Total	
494-10-0343 494-00-1488 494-80-2410	State & Community Highway Safety/National Priority Safety Program Motor Fuel Tax Program Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act All Other Costs Not Allocated	\$ 7,624 568,283	\$ - 710,816	\$ 26,011,686	\$ 7,624 568,283 710,816 26,011,686	
	Total expenditures	\$ 575,907	\$ 710,816	\$ 26,011,686	\$ 27,298,409	