CITY OF BLUE ISLAND

ILLINOIS

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

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Certified Public Accountants

John Kasperek Co., Inc.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and Board of Trustees City of Blue Island, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Blue Island, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As more fully described in Note 18 to the financial statements, the City has omitted disclosures required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Quantification of the effects of that departure on the financial statements is not practicable.

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Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Blue Island, Illinois as of April 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Blue Island, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures as applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2015, on our consideration of City of Blue Island, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Blue Island, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting.

In Kasperek Co., Inc.

Calumet City, Illinois June 15, 2015

City of Blue Island, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2014

The City of Blue Island offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activity of the City of Blue Island for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2014.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the City of Blue Island exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$39,887,850 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$41,352,805 is invested in capital assets net of related debt, and \$10,550,845 is restricted for other purposes. The City's unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, was at a deficit of \$12,180,273. Included within this deficit are amounts that will be needed to make future principal and interest payments on refunding bond issues, which will be funded through future tax levies. The liability for the debt is included in the statement of net position, but only the portion of the future tax receipts already levied has been included.

- The government's total net position decreased due to current year operations by \$518,863 primarily due to increases in depreciation expense. Beginning net position was restated to decrease the net pension obligation for police and firefighter pension plans by \$3,502,690 at April 30, 2014, and decreased for prior period adjustments amounts of \$1,023,062.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Blue Island's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$812,477, an increase of \$981,717 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was at a deficit of \$9,859,659.
- The City of Blue Island's total long-term general obligation and alternate revenue bonds decreased by \$1,857,788 (22.44 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Blue Island's basic financial statements. The City of Blue Island's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Blue Island's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Blue Island's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Blue Island is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Blue Island that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Blue Island include general government, public safety, public works, and interest on debt. The business-type activities of the City of Blue Island include water and sewer operations and golf course operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Blue Island itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate component unit, the City of Blue Island Public Library, for which the City of Blue Island is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Blue Island, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Blue Island can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Blue Island maintains nineteen individual governmental funds at April 30, 2014. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and three Special Revenue Funds (Special Tax Increment Allocation II Fund, Special Tax Increment Allocation III Fund, and Special Tax Increment Allocation V Fund) which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fifteen governmental funds (Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Special Tax Increment Allocation I Fund, Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund IV, Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V, Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VI, State Asset Seizure Fund, Federal Asset Seizure Fund, Police Pension Fund, Firefighters' Pension Fund, individual Debt Service Funds for six different bond issues, and the Community Development Block Grant Fund) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Blue Island adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance within this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 18 of this report.

Governmental Funds (continued)

Proprietary Funds – The City of Blue Island maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Blue Island uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, and golf course operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer and golf course, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Blue Island.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The method of accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used by proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 67 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Blue Island's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 84 and 85 of this report.

General Fund detailed schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, schedules of revenues and expenses – budget and actual for nonmajor governmental funds with legally adopted budgets, detail schedules of long-term assets and liabilities, and a balance sheet and schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual for the Public Library and the combining statements for the police and fire pension funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. The General Fund detail schedules and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 68 through 83 and pages 86 through 97 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Blue Island, assets exceeded liabilities by \$39,887,850 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Blue Island's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Blue Island uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Blue Island's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Blue Island Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2014 (in millions)

	rnmental livities		ess-type ivities	Total Primary Government		
Current and other assets	\$ 5.1	\$	3.1	\$	8.2	
Capital assets	 31.7	<u></u>	14.5		46.2	
Total assets	 36.8		17.6		54.4	
Long-term liabilties	5.2		4.6		9.8	
Other liabilities	 3.8	<u></u>	0.9		4.7	
Total liabilities	 9.0		5.5		14.5	
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	31.7		9.7		41.4	
Restricted	10.6		-		10.6	
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (14.5)		2.4		(12.1)	
Total net position	\$ 27.8	\$	12.1	\$	39.9	

An additional portion of the City of Blue Island's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

A summary of the statement of net position at April 30, 2013 is below:

City of Blue Island Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2013 (in millions)

	Gover	nmental	Busin	ess-type	Pr	Primary			
	Act	ivities	Act	tivities	Gov	ernment			
	¢	6.9	Ф	<u> </u>	¢	0.1			
Current and other assets	\$	5.7	\$	2.4	\$	8.1			
Capital assets		32.5		15.1		47.6			
Total assets		38.2		17.5		55.7			
Noncurrent liabilities		10.6		4.5		15.1			
Other liabilities		2.3		0.3		2.6			
Total liabilities		12.9		4.8		17.7			
Net position:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt		31.5		10.6		42.1			
Restricted		10.9		0.2		11.1			
Unrestricted (deficit)		(17.1)		1.9		(15.2)			
Total net position	\$	25.3	\$	12.7	\$	38.0			

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City of Blue Island's net position by \$645,995. Expenses increased over the prior year by \$860,263. Revenues increased over the prior year by \$1,399,077, \$656,399 from taxes, \$778,040 from charges for services, \$74,626 from operating grants, capital grants and contributions decreased by \$486,568 and miscellaneous revenues increased \$376,580. In addition the net pension obligation was restated increasing net position by \$3,502,690 and other prior period adjustments reduced net position by \$323,275.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Blue Island's net position by \$127,132, compared to an increase of \$209,509 in the prior year. The decrease from the prior year was due primarily to a decrease in Golf Course revenues and an increased in Golf Course expenses. In addition, there was a prior period adjustment of \$699,787 reducing net position due mainly to recording of outstanding long-term debt of \$570,000.

City of Blue Island Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2014 (in millions)

	Govern Activ		Busine: Activ	ss-type /ities	Total Primary Government			
		% of		% of		% of		
	Amount	Totals	Amount	Totals	Amount	Totals		
Program revenues:								
Charges for service	\$ 6.3	30.0%	\$ 6.0	100.0%	\$ 12.3	45.6%		
Operating grants	0.9	4.3%	-	0.0%	0.9	3.3%		
Capital grants	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%		
General revenue:								
Property taxes	6.9	32.9%	-	0.0%	6.9	25.6%		
Other taxes	6.2	29.5%	-	0.0%	6.2	23.0%		
Other revenues	0.7	3.3%	-	0.0%	0.7	2.6%		
Total revenues	21.0		6.0		27.0			
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	7.3	34%	-	0%	7.3	26.5%		
Public safety	9.9	46%	-	0%	9.9	36.0%		
Public works	4.3	20%		0%	4.3	15.6%		
Interest	0.1	0%	-	0%	0.1	0.4%		
Business-type:								
Water and sewer	-	0%	4.7	22%	4.7	17.1%		
Golf course		0%	1.2	6%	1.2	4.4%		
Total expenses	21.6		5.9		27.5			
Changes in								
net position	\$ (0.6)		\$ 0.1		\$ (0.5)			

Revenues:

- Property taxes available for operations (i.e., net of tax receipts for payment of principal and interest on general obligation debt and pension funds) increased by approximately \$800,000 over the prior year.
- Incremental tax revenues in the five Tax Increment Financing Districts decreased by \$573,525 in the current year as the EAV decreased.

Revenues (continued)

• Enterprise Fund operating revenues increased as water and sewer rates increased and Golf Course revenues fell slightly.

For the most part, changes in expenses reflected the strict adherence to budget and the changes in the demand for services.

City of Blue Island

Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2013

(in millions)

		Governmental Activities		s-type ities	Total Primary Government			
		% of		% of		% of		
	Amount	Totals	Amount	Totals	Amount	Totals		
Program Revenues:								
Charges for service	\$ 5.5	28.1%	\$ 5.5	95.0%	\$ 11.0	43.3%		
Operarting grants	0.9	4.4%	-	0.0%	0.9	3.5%		
Capital grants	0.5	2.5%	0.3	5.0%	0.8	3.1%		
General revenue:								
Property taxes	6.0	30.8%	-	0.0%	6.0	23.6%		
Other taxes	6.4	32.4%	-	0.0%	6.4	25.2%		
Other revenues	0.3	1.8%		0.0%	0.3	1.2%		
Total revenues	19.6		5.8		\$ 25.4			
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	6.4	30.9%	-	0.0%	6.4	24.2%		
Public safety	9.0	43.1%	-	0.0%	9.0	34.1%		
Civil service	0.1	0.1%		0.0%	0.1	0.4%		
Public works	5.0	24.4%	-	0.0%	5.0	18.9%		
Senior citizens	0.1	0.5%	-	0.0%	0.1	0.4%		
Interest	0.2	1.0%	-	0.0%	0.2	0.8%		
Business-type:								
Water and sewer	-	0.0%	4.5	80.1%	4.5	17.0%		
Golf course		0.0%	<u> </u>	19.9%	1.1	4.2%		
Total expenses	20.8		5.6		26.4			
Changes in								
net positiom	\$ (1.2)		\$ 0.2		\$ (1.0)			

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

As noted earlier, the City of Blue Island uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Blue Island's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Blue Island's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Blue Island's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer and Golf Course funds at the end of the year amounted to \$2,250,327. The total decrease in net position for the funds was \$572,653, which includes prior period adjustments of \$699,787. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Blue Island's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no amendments made to the originally adopted budget by the City during the current fiscal year. During the year however, revenues did not exceed budgetary estimates, and resulted in an additional draw on existing fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (continued)

	General Fund (in millions)						
	Final Budget	Actual					
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 10.0	\$ 9.3					
Licenses	0.6	0.6					
Permits	0.2	0.2					
Fines	0.7	0.7					
Grants and interest	2.4	0.5					
Other	4.4	4.8					
Total revenues	18.3	16.1					
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	2.3	1.9					
Building	0.4	0.4					
Planning	0.7	0.4					
Police	4.6	4.0					
911 Center	1.9	1.1					
Fire	2.7	1.9					
Public works	9.0	3.0					
Insurance loss	4.0	3.0					
Civil service commission	0.1	0.1					
Marketing	1.4	0.2					
Total expenditures	27.1	16.0					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(8.8)	0.1					
Other financing uses		1.0					
Change in fund balance	\$ (8.8)	\$ 1.1					

Intergovernmental tax and other revenue shortfalls continue to put pressure on the operations of the City. The City demonstrated fiscal restraint to minimize the effect of these shortfalls.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Blue Island's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2014 amounts to \$46,142,577 (\$47,624,164 at April 30, 2013), which is net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, utility system and improvements, and equipment, including vehicles. The total change in the City of Blue Island's investment in capital assets between the current fiscal year and the prior year's annual report was a decrease of \$1,481,587. This included a decrease in the governmental activities of \$824,632 and \$656,955 in the business-type activities.

During the current year, the City purchased one police vehicle for \$30,034 and equipment for the Water fund of \$9,600.

City of Blue Island Capital Assets at Year End Net of Depreciation (in millions)

		umental vities	Busines Activ	~ 1	Total P Govern	5
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Land	\$ 20.3	\$20.3	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.7	\$ 21.0	\$21.0
Buildings and land improvements	5.1	5.5	2.8	2.8	7.9	8.3
Infrastructure	5.0	5.3	10.9	11.4	15.9	16.7
Equipment	1.2	1.4	0.1	0.2	1.3	1.6
Total	\$ 31.6	\$32.5	\$ 14.5	\$15.1	\$ 46.1	\$47.6

Additional information on the City of Blue Island's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 48 through 49 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of fiscal year 2014, the City of Blue Island had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,565,000 (\$7,380,000 at 2013). The balance at April 30, 2014 included only general obligation bonds. All of this bonded debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. In the fiscal year 2012, the City issued \$1,100,000 General Obligation Judgment Bonds to finance a legal settlement. In 2003, the City issued \$2,175,000 tax increment refunding series bonds which were paid off in the current year.

In the prior year, the City participated in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Public Water Supply Loan Program, borrowing \$897,560 to be repaid in semiannual installments of \$26,005 inclusive of interest at 1.25%, commencing October 7, 2013 through October 7, 2032. Also, during the current fiscal year, a prior period adjustment was made to record the South Suburban Joint Action Water Agency (JAWA) bond of \$570,000. The bond was issued in 2012 with a first principal and interest payment due on February 1, 2015.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (continued)

L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	any of Druc 1	Sitund 5 O	awantang	10000		
Outs	tanding Ger	neral Oblig	gation Deb	t (000's)		
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	rities	Acti	vities	Тс	otal
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
General obligation bonds	\$ 2.2	\$ 3.8	\$ 0.6	\$ -	\$ 2.8	\$ 3.8
Alternate revenue source						
bonds		-	3.3	3.6	3.3	3.6
Illinois EPA						
Water Supply						
Loan Program			0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
	\$ 2.2	\$ 3.8	\$ 4.8	\$ 4.5	\$ 7.0	\$ 8.3

City of Blue Island's Outstanding Debt

The City of Blue Island's total long-term debt, including notes payable, has decreased by \$1,857,788 during the current fiscal year.

The City of Blue Island is limited in the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue per state statute. The City's legal debt margin at April 30, 2014 was \$15,865,051.

Additional information on the City of Blue Island's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 51 through 56 of this report.

Summary and Future Considerations

The City intends to continue to closely monitor expenditures and allocate resources to areas that best meet the needs of its citizenry. The City will continue to actively seek out grants and all other available revenue sources. The City intends to continue to participate in the Community Development Block Grant Program to obtain additional resources to help maintain the infrastructure of the City.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Blue Island's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the City Clerk, 13051 South Greenwood Avenue, Blue Island, Illinois 60406.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITON

APRIL 30, 2014

			Prima	ary Government		Co	omponent Unit
	C	overnmental	В	usiness-type			Public
		Activities		Activities	 Total		Library
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,987,630	\$	626,382	\$ 2.614,012	\$	1,189,118
Restricted cash		452,215		-	452,215		-
Receivables		4,507,617		651.277	5,158,894		615,939
Due from primary government		-		-	-		64,276
Internal balances		(1.796,601)		1.796.601	-		-
Prepaid items		18,453		575	19,028		-
Inventory		-		20,373	20,373		-
Capital assets net depreciated-land		20,289,512		678,958	20,968,470		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)							
Building and land improvements		5,147,958		2,772,353	7,920,311		30,818
Infrastructure		5,060,412		10,864,693	15,925,105		-
Equipment		1,179,922		148,769	1,328,691		53,462
Total assets		36,847,118		17,559,981	 54,407,099		1,953,613
LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses		1,287,322		468,032	1,755,354		65,015
Other payables		-		-	-		-
Accrued interest expense		39,190		157,920	197,110		-
Due to other government units		140,241		-	140,241		-
Due to component unit		64,276		-	64,276		-
Other liabilities		444,960		-	444,960		-
Non current liabilities:							
Due within one year		1,825,000		311,014	2,136,014		-
Due in more than one year		5,248,080		4,533,214	9,781,294		-
Total liabilities		9,049,069		5,470,180	 14,519,249		65,015
Net Position:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		31,677,804		9,675,001	41,352,805		84,280
Restricted for grant purposes		231,345		-	231,345		-
Restricted for public safety		156,461		-	156,461		-
Restricted for state statute		9,801,985		-	9,801,985		-
Restricted for debt service		481,025		164,473	645,498		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(14,550,571)		2,250,327	 (12,300,244)		1,804,318
Total net position	\$	27,798,049	\$	12,089,801	\$ 39,887,850	\$	1,888,598

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

			Program Revenues				1	Net (Expense) Re						
				C	Dperating	Capit	al		P	rimary	Government		Co	mponent Unit
			Charges for	G	rants and	Grants	and	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-type			Public
	Expens	ses	Services	Co	ntributions	Contribu	tions		Activities	A	Activities	Total		Library
Functions/Programs														
Governmental activities														
General government	\$	7,310,649	\$ 1,291,495	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	(5.919,154)	\$	-	\$ (5.919.154)	\$	-
Public safety		9,881,844	2,005.957		146,238		-		(7,729,649)		-	(7,729,649)		-
Public works		4,300,904	2,995,472		700,289		-		(605,143)		-	(605,143)		-
Capital Outlay		30.034	-		-		-		(30,034)		-	(30,034)		-
Interest on debt		125,731	-		-		-		(125,731)		-	(125,731)		-
Total governmental activities		21,649,162	6,292,924		946.527				(14,409,711)		-	(14.409,711)		
Business-type activities														
Water and sewer		4,727,862	5,005,227		-		-		~		277,365	277.365		-
Golf course		1,189,200	1,035,087		-		-		-		(154,113)	(154,113)		-
Total business-type activities		5,917,062	6,040,314		-		-		-		123.252	123.252		-
Total primary government		27,566,224	\$ 12,333,238		946,527	\$		\$	(14,409,711)	\$	123,252	\$ (14,286,459)	\$	-
, , , , ,						<u>aninere concer</u>			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				<u> </u>	
Component unit-Public Library	\$	1,480,738	\$ 50,439	\$	29.633	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	\$	(1,400,666)
	General revenues													
	Taxes:													
	Property taxes								6,885,329		-	6,885,329		1.186.343
	Replacement taxes								341.031		-	341.031		54.059
	State income and u	ise taxes	*						2,866.511		-	2,866,511		-
	Utility taxes								1.507.537		-	1,507,537		-
	State sales tax								1,326,301		-	1,326,301		-
	Video gaming tax								112,439		-	112,439		-
	Rental income/reir	nbursement/m	scellaneous						721,084		-	721,084		372
	Unrestricted invest	tment earnings							3,485		3,880	7.365		726
	Total general rev	enues							13,763,716		3,880	13.767,596		1.241,500
	Changes in net p	osition							(645,995)		127,132	(518,863)		(159,166)
	Net position, beginning								25,264,629		12,662,456	37.927.085		2,023,403
	Restatement of beginni		obligation						3,502,690		-	3,502,690		-
	Prior period adjustment		C						(323,275)		(699,787)	(1,023,062)		24,361
	Net position, beginning		tated						28,444,044		11,962,669	40,406,713		2,047.764
	Net position, end of year							\$	27,798,049	\$	12,089,801	\$ 39,887,850	\$	1,888,598

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2014

	G	eneral Fund	I	pecial Tax ncrement Allocation Fund II	II A	Decial Tax Increment Illocation Fund III	In Al	ecial Tax crement llocation Fund V	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
			•••••						 	••••••	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	477,278	\$	570,676	\$	406,645	\$	52,943	\$ 480,088	\$	1,987.630
Receivables:											
Property taxes-net		1.990,734		-		-		-	479.678		2,470,412
Customers		116,201		-		-		-	-		116,201
Grants		151,704		-		-		-	-		151,704
Other		1.677.974		-		-		-	91.324		1,769,298
Due from other governmental agencies		-		-		-		-	-		-
Due from other funds		3,566,374		5,140,134		3,654,682		420,922	721,031		13,503,143
Restricted cash		452,215		-		-		-	-		452,215
Prepaid items		18,453		-		-		-	-		18,453
Total assets	\$	8,450,933	\$	5,710,810	\$	4,061,327	\$	473,865	\$ 1,772,121	\$	20,469,056
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	762,403	\$	11,523	\$	-		125.767	165,118	\$	1.064,811
Accrued expenses		222,511		-		-		-	-		222,511
Due to other funds		15,081,248		-		169,770		1,500	47,224		15,299,742
Due to component unit		64,276		-		-		-	-		64,276
Due to other government units		-		-		-		-	140,241		140,241
Other liabilities		-		-		-		444,960	-		444,960
Total liabilities		16,130,438		11,523		169,770		572,227	 352,583		17,236,541
Deferred Inflows:											
Property taxes		1,948,809		-				-	 471,229		2,420,038
Fund Balance:											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	-		-
Restricted for grant purposes		231,345		-		-		-	-		231,345
Restricted for public safety		-		-		-		-	156,461		156,461
Restricted under state statue		-		5,699,287		3.891,557		(98,362)	309,503		9,801,985
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-		-	520,215		520,215
Unassigned		(9,859,659)		-		-		-	 (37,870)		(9,897,529)
Total fund balance (deficit)		(9,628,314)		5,699,287		3,891,557		(98,362)	 948,309		812,477
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	8,450,933		5,710,810		4,061,327	\$	473,865	\$ 1,772,121	\$	20,469,056

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OF BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Total fund balance- governmental funds-page 16	\$ 812,477
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	31,677,804
Interest expense is not subject to accrual in the governmental funds.	(39,190)
Revenues are recognized for governmental activities when earned,	
regardless of when collected, and not deferred on the statement of	
net position.	2,420,038
Non-current liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Non-current liabilities at year end consist of:	
Tax anticipation warrant	(1,000,000)
General obligations bonds	(2,200,000)
Net benefit pension obligations	(3,659,054)
Compensated abences	 (214,026)
Net position of governmental activities-page 14	 27,798,049

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	General Fund	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund II	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund III	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	¢ 2157101	¢ 954 700	¢ 725.000	¢ (72,712	¢ 0.(21.20.4	¢ 0.044.707
Property taxes-net	\$ 3,157,191	\$ 856,702	\$ 725,898	\$ 673,712	\$ 2,631,204	\$ 8,044,707
Personal property and replacement taxes	293,410	-	-	-	47,621	341,031
Other taxes	5,812,788	-	-	-	-	5,812,788
Licenses	571,069	-	-	-	-	571,069
Permits	224,726	-	-	-	-	224,726
State allotments	-	-	-	-	705,708	705,708
Fines	702,396	-	-	-	-	702,396
Grants	551,492	-	-	-	278,553	830,045
Interest	564	170	211	58	170	1,173
9-1-1 system fees	930,676	-	-	-	-	930,676
Sanitation fees	1,400,864	-	-	-	-	1,400,864
Other	2,482,583	-	-		112,468	2,595,051
Total revenues	16,127,759	856,872	726,109	673,769	3,775,724	22,160,233
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,877,365	56,593	500	592,255	168,081	2,694,794
Building	400,356	-	-	-	-	400,356
Planning	413,743	-	-	-	-	413,743
Police	5,087,600	-	-	-	-	5,087,600
Fire	1,917,356	-	-	-	-	1,917,356
Pension Contributions-Police & Fire		-	-	-	2,001,731	2,001,731
Public works	3,004,968	-	-	_		3,004,968
Street	-	-	-	38,000	1,246,454	1,284,454
Insurance loss	3,054,617	_	_			3,054,617
Civil Service Commission	71,297		-	-	_	71,297
Marketing	168,465	_	-		-	168,465
Debt service		400	436	-	1,724,987	1,725,823
Capital outlay	30,034	400	450	_	1,721,907	30,034
Total expenditures	16,025,801	56,993	936	630,255	5,141,253	21,855,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	101,958	799,879	725,173	43,514	(1,365,529)	304,995
			i			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Tax Anticipation Warrant Proceeds	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	1,176,756	1,176,756
Transfers out	(45,890)	(344,438)	(786,428)	-	-	(1,176,756)
Total other financing sources (uses)	954,110	(344,438)	(786,428)		1,176,756	1,000,000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(0111,100)	(100,120)			
Net change in fund balances	1,056,068	455,441	(61,255)	43,514	(188,773)	1,304,995
Fund balances at beginning of year	(10,509,411)	5,282,898	3,713,954	6,004	1,337,312	(169,243)
Prior Period Adjustments	(174,971)	(39,052)	238,858	(147,880)	(200,230)	(323,275)
Fund balance at end of year (Deficit)	\$ (9,628,314)	\$ 5,699,287	\$ 3,891,557	\$ (98,362)	\$ 948,309	\$ 812,477

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - page 18		\$ 1,304,995
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital assets Capital assets Depreciation	\$ 30,034 (854,666)	(824,632)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Deferred at April 30, 2014 Deferred at April 30, 2013	2,420,038 (3,579,416)	(1,159,378)
The issuance of short-term and/or long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current finar resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premium, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Proceeds from tax anticipation warrants Repayment of principal on bonds Net amortization of bonds premium	(1,000,000) 1,585,000 2,312	587,312
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest Change in compensated absences Change in net pension obligation	15,092 95,716 (665,100)	\$ (554,292)
Change in net position of governmental activities - page 15		\$ (645,995)

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2014

	Water	Golf Course	Total Proprietary Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 510,966	\$ 115.416	\$ 626,382
Accounts receivable:		4 170,110	*,
Customers	666,277	-	666,277
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(15,000)	_	(15,00
Prepaids	(,	575	57:
Due from other funds	5,368,891	575	5,368,89
Inventory	5,500,071	20,373	20,37
Total current assets	6,531,134	136,364	6,667,49
Noncurrent Assets:			
Property and equipment:			
Land	8 059	670.000	678.05
	8,958	670,000	678,95
Buildings and land improvement Infrastructure	108,054	4,640,426	4,748,48
	20,761,241	-	20,761,24
Equipment	1,027,677	550,017	1,577,69
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,854,778)	(2,446,822)	(13,301,60
Total noncurrent assets	11,051,152	3,413,621	14,464,77
Fotal assets	17,582,286	3,549,985	21,132,27
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	337,452	35,494	372,94
Accrued salaries	17,664	9,706	27,37
Due to other funds	-	3,572,290	3,572,29
EPA loan payable	41,454	-	41,45
Bonds payable	265,676	-	265,67
Unamortized bond premium	3,884	-	3,88
Other liabilities	-	1,648	1,64
Accrued interest	157,920	-	157,92
Compensated absences payable	38,653	27,415	66,06
Total current liabilities	862,703	3,646,553	4,509,25
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
EPA loan payable	813,318	-	813,31
Bonds payable	3,669,324	-	3,669,32
Unamortized bond premium	50,572	-	50,57
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,533,214	-	4,533,21
Total liabilities	5,395,917	3,646,553	9,042,47
Deferred Inflows:			
Property taxes			
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,261,380	3,413,621	9,675,00
	164 4777	-	164,47
Restricted for debt service	164,473		
Restricted for debt service Unrestricted (deficit)	5,760,516	(3,510,189)	2,250,32

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

I LAK LADED AI	RIL 50, 2014		Page 1 of 3
	Water	Golf Course	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Water	\$ 4,142,108	\$ -	\$ 4,142,108
Sewer maintenance	840,458	-	840,458
Sale of water meters	10,331	-	10,331
Golf course	-	729,129	729,129
Pro shop and concessions	-	300,231	300,231
Miscellaneous	12,330	5,727	18,057
Total operating revenues	5,005,227	1,035,087	6,040,314
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits:			
Full-time salaries	590,108	128,864	718,972
Part-time salaries	24,969	173,633	198,602
Overtime wages	55,865	-	55,865
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fun	84,932	17,912	102,844
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	50,642	22,751	73,393
Employee medical insurance	231,531	29,218	260,749
Life/unemployment insurance	9,983	1,810	11,793
Total salaries and benefits	1,048,030	374,188	1,422,218
Services:			
Audit	3,864	4,000	7,864
Computers and software	2,059	663	2,722
Insurance	-	1,404	1,404
Servicecape, Inc.	-	334,066	334,066
Electricity	27,865	-	27,865
Professional consulting and engineering	13,772	-	13,772
Other	9,491	-	9,491
Telephone	995	1,621	2,616
Training	869	-	869
Utilities	5,069	21,621	26,690
Water billing	28,243	-	28,243
Total services	\$ 92,227	\$ 363,375	\$ 455,602

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Page 2 of 3

	Water	Golf Course	Total	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)				
Supplies and materials:				
Building and street signs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Concrete/asphalt/stone	8,527	-	8,527	
Gasoline and oil for vehicles	26,849	41,807	68,656	
Maintenance supplies	14,497	5,801	20,298	
Operating supplies	9,065	2,974	12,039	
Printing, postage, and office supplies	39,722	339	40,061	
Uniforms	4,669	-	4,669	
Total supplies and materials	103,329	50,921	154,250	
Repairs and maintenance:				
Building	1,752	3,913	5,665	
Equipment	62,264	8,105	70,369	
Outside contractors	182,593	35,200	217,793	
Vehicle	2,506	2,861	5,367	
Total repairs and maintenance	249,115	50,079	299,194	
Water from Chicago	2,415,495		2,415,495	
Merchandise for resale		169,404	169,404	
Miscellaneous:				
Advertising and marketing	-	660	660	
Agent/trust fees	-	595	595	
Bank charges	17,172	-	17,172	
Contingent	400	-	400	
Dues and subscriptions	1,365	110	1,475	
Employee/office services	92	542	634	
Licenses/fees	5,010	650	5,660	
Meetings and seminars	1,030	-	1,030	
Miscellaneous	-	61,145	61,145	
Rental & leasing fees	3,554	-	3,554	
Total miscellaneous	\$ 28,623	\$ 63,702	\$ 92,325	

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Page 3 of 3

	Water	Golf Course	Total	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)		**************************************		
Capital expenditures				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 13,010	\$ 300	\$ 13,310	
Water meter purchases	13,452	-	13,452	
Office equipment	-	-	-	
Vehicles	-	-		
Total capital expenditures	26,462	300	26,762	
Less:				
Amounts capitalized as property and equipment	-	-	-	
Payment of bond principal and interest			-	
Operating expense before depreciation	3,963,281	1,071,969	5,035,250	
Depreciation	537,217	117,231	654,448	
Total operating expenses	4,500,498	1,189,200	5,689,698	
Operating income (loss)	504,729	(154,113)	350,616	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Grant income	-	-	-	
Interest income	124	34	158	
Interest expense	(227,364)	-	(227,364)	
Bond premium amortization	3,722		3,722	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(223,518)	34	(223,484)	
Change in net position (deficit)	281,211	(154,079)	127,132	
Net position at beginning of year	12,604,945	57,511	12,662,456	
Prior period adjustments	(699,787)	-	(699,787)	
Net position at end of year (deficit)	\$ 12,186,369	\$ (96,568)	\$ 12,089,801	

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2014

	Water	Golf Course	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,778.401	\$ 1.027,332	\$ 5.805.733
Payment to suppliers	(3.082,662)	(765.672)	(3.848.334)
Payment to employees	(668,344)	(276,541)	(944,885)
Net cash from operating activities	1.027.395	(14,881)	1,012,514
hor each nom operanig activities		(11001)	
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:			
Interfund borrowing	(194,173)	112,269	(81,904)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities	(194,173)	112,269	(81,904)
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchase of capital assets	-	(9.600)	(9.600)
Principal paid on capital debt	(272.788)	().000)	(272,788)
Interest paid on capital debt	(137.991)	_	(137,991)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(410,779)	(9,600)	(420,379)
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Interest income	124	34	158
Net cash provided by investing activities	124	34	158
Drive Davied A divergente			
Prior Period Adjustments: Payments to suppliers	(04.044)		(94,044)
Adjustment of capital assets	(94.044) 12.107	-	(94,044)
Interest paid on capital debt		-	(35,741)
Net cash adjustments from prior period adjustments	(35,741) (117,678)		(117,678)
Net eash adjustments from prior period adjustments	(117,070)		(117,070)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	304,889	87.822	392.711
Cash and cash equivalents at:			
Beginning of year	205,181	27,594	232,775
End of year	\$ 510.070	\$ 115,416	\$ 625,486
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 504,729	\$ (154,113)	\$ 350.616
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	537,217	117.231	654,448
Change to asset and liabilities:			-
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(226.826)	-	(226,826)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	-	(575)	(575)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	-	18,306	18,306
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	(502)	(1.459)	(1,961)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	212.343	(13,553)	198,790
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	3,100	27,415	30,515
Increase (decrease) in deposit payable	(2,666)	-	(2.666)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	-	(8,133)	(8.133)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1.027,395	\$ (14,881)	\$ 1,012,514
Non each conital and related financing activities			
Non-cash capital and related financing activities Capital assets not yet paid and included in accounts payable	s -	\$ -	s -
capital assession yet para and metaded in accounts payable	<u> </u>		

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2014

	 Total
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 217,576
Interest receivable	37,797
Personal Property Replacement Taxes Receivable	47,621
Pensioner Receivable	9,317
Investments	
US treasury securities	4,354,521
US agencies	846,833
Mutual funds	5,561,307
Corporate obligations	1,756,362
Equities	1,364,903
Money market mutual funds	881,086
Prepaid	1,017
Total assets	 15,078,340
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	5,083
Total liabilities	 5,083
Net Position	
Net position held in trust for pension benefit	\$ 15,073,257

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	 Total
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employee contributions	\$ 370,698
Employer contributions	1,977,838
Total contributions	 2,348,536
Investment income	1,083,381
Total additions	 3,431,917
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and refunds	2,540,841
Administrative costs	64,835
Investments	46,509
Other expense	39,190
Total deductions	 2,691,375
Net change in plan net position	740,542
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at beginning of year	14,309,584
Prior period adjustment	 23,131
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at end of year	 15,073,257

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Blue Island, Cook County, Illinois is duly organized and existing under the provisions of the laws of the State of Illinois. The City is governed by an elected Council of fourteen Aldermen and a Mayor, and provides the following services: public safety (fire and police), streets, sanitation, water, public improvements, planning, recreation, zoning, and general administrative.

These financial statements present all the departments, commissions and fund types of the City (primary government) and a component unit based on financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the Organization's governing body, imposition of will and fiscal dependency. The Mayor is responsible for appointing two of the five Trustees to each of the City of Blue Island Police and Firefighters' Pension Boards, but the City's accountability for these funds does not extend beyond making these appointments, and making contributions to the funds as actuarially determined.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – A discretely presented component unit is presented in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The Blue Island Public Library is governed by an eight member Board appointed by the City's Mayor. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Library may not issue debt without the City's approval, and its property tax levy request is subject to the City's approval.

Financial information may be obtained from the Library's administrative office at 2433 York Street, Blue Island, Illinois 60406. Separate financial statements for the Library are not prepared.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. As a general rule, the effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, fiduciary funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund II – A Special Revenue Fund used to account for the accumulation of incremental tax revenues from the City's second Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and related expenditures incurred in connection with this TIF.

Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund III – A Special Revenue Fund used to account for the accumulation of incremental tax revenues from the City's third Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and related expenditures incurred in connection with this TIF.

Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V – A Special Revenue Fund used to account for the accumulation of incremental tax revenues from the City's fifth Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and related expenditures incurred in connection with this TIF.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – Accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, finance, and billing and collection.

Golf Course Fund – Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City-owned 18-hole golf course. Activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary and proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences payable and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Governmental fund property taxes, franchise taxes, interest, licenses and charges for services are susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if recognition criteria are met. Replacement income tax, state income tax, and sales tax collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the City, and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods, in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expense for Proprietary Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Within the Water Fund, the City grants unsecured credit to its customers, monitors exposure for credit losses, and maintains an allowance for uncollectible accounts (\$15,000 at April 30, 2014).

Certain Significant Concentrations – Approximately 83%, or \$5,005,227, of revenue of proprietary funds is from water and sewer operations, and 17%, or \$1,035,087, of revenue is from golf club operations. On the statement of net position, receivables of governmental activities consist of property taxes (55%), other taxes (39%), grants and other (3%), and customer accounts (3%). Receivables of business-type activities consist of billed and unbilled utilities receivable.

D. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for depreciation in the proprietary funds. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the function level for the General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds, except where indicated below. Debt Service Funds have initially been covenanted on a multi-year basis. Projects in the Capital Projects Fund are budgeted by grant agreement on a multi-year basis. No budget is adopted for the Special Tax Increment Allocation Funds (Special Revenue Funds). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within 3 months of year-end. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value for the investment in Illinois Funds is the same as the value of the pool shares. State Statute requires the State Treasurer's Illinois Funds to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act.

F. RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion expected to be uncollectible.

G. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventories in the proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the firstin/first-out (FIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Bond covenants of the 2006 Water Fund Revenue Bonds require portions of the debt proceeds, as well as other resources, to be set aside for various purposes. These amounts are reported as restricted assets. The "Operation and Maintenance Account" segregates cash and investments for operations and maintenance for the next succeeding month. The "Debt Service Sub Account" accumulates funds for the payment of current bond and interest maturities becoming due on the next payment dates. Requirements under the Water Fund Revenue Bonds provide for monthly deposits of not less than one-sixth of the next interest payment due, and not less than one-twelfth of the next principal payment due. Funds accumulated in the "Bond Reserve Account" are available for the payment of maturing bond principal or interest, whenever funds are not available for that purpose in the "Bond and Interest Account."

Funds accumulated in the "Depreciation Account" are available for the payment of maturing bond principal or interest, whenever sufficient funds are not available. Also, such funds may be used to pay the cost of any extraordinary repairs, maintenance or improvements. Requirements under the Water Fund Revenue Bonds provide for deposits as determined by corporate authorities. No amounts have been determined for deposit to this account.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$25,000 for buildings, land improvements and infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available or at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of enterprise fund capital asset is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Property and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method.

The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation on a straight-line basis:

Buildings and land improvements	20 - 50 years
Infrastructure	40 - 60 years
Equipment	5 - 10 years

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Payments of compensated absences are made by the governmental funds for which the eligible employee salary is recorded.

Employees with a minimum of twenty years of service, who are eligible to retire, are eligible to receive payment for their accumulated sick time upon leaving the employment of the City. The amount received is limited to sixty days at full pay, and an additional sixty days at half pay, assuming the employee has accumulated the requisite number of unused sick days. All vacation earned for a fiscal year must be used within the same fiscal year. Sick pay is accrued when earned for employees with twenty years of service, in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a liability.

K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, including compensated absences and net pension obligation, are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities and proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses/expenditures at the time of issuance.

Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premium received with the proceeds is reported as another financing source. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. DEFERRED REVENUE

Revenue from 100% reimbursable federal grants (Community Development Block Grants) is recorded as earned in an amount equal to expenditures incurred. Therefore, the amount of grants receivable, as well as a portion of grants received, is deferred in the accompanying financial statements until such time as the corresponding expenditures are incurred.

M. FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION

Governmental funds' fund balance is classified as the following:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The city has no nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted fund balance is externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments as well as limitations imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The City has restricted fund balance in accordance with various grant agreements totaling \$231,345 and a portion restricted for public safety-grant purposes related to narcotic asset seizures totaling \$156,461. The remainder of the General Fund fund balance is considered unassigned. The fund balances of the Special Tax Increment Allocation Funds and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund are restricted for use in accordance with the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act and the Motor Fuel Tax Law, respectively, totaling \$9,801,985. Debt Service Fund balances resulting from property taxes levied for the payment of debt service are considered restricted totaling \$481,025.

Committed fund balance is a self-imposed limitation set in place prior to the end of the period. The limitations are imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action at the same level. For the City, the City Council is the highest level of decision making and a formal action by the City Council would be required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. There are no committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balance has limitations resulting from intended use, where the intended use is established by the City Council. There are no assigned fund balances.

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, then the City will consider committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance and finally unassigned fund balance. Negative fund balances are considered unassigned.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. A portion of governmental activities' net position is restricted for the same purposes as governmental fund balances. A portion of the business-type activities' and Water Fund's net position is restricted for bond and interest reserves. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents the City's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Within the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Within the governmental funds, restricted resources are utilized first, followed, as available, by committed, assigned and unassigned.

NOTE 2. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The following Fund's have deficit balances; the General Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$9,628,314. the Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund V has a deficit fund balance of \$98,362, the Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund IV has a deficit fund balance of \$9,830, the Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VI has a deficit fund balance of \$26,559 and the CDBG fund has a deficit fund balance of \$1,481. Funding of these deficits is expected to be repaid from future tax revenues and transfers from other funds, and a reduction of future operating expenditures.

<u>NOTE 3. GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND SERIES 1995 – ALTERNATE BOND FUND JUNIOR BOND</u> <u>AND INTEREST ACCOUNT – FUNDING REQUIREMENT</u>

On a monthly basis, the City is required to fund the Junior Bond and Interest Account of the General Obligation Bond Series 1995 – Alternate Bond Fund ("Junior Bond and Interest Account") for an amount not less that 1/5 of the interest becoming due on the next interest payment date. At April 30, 2014, the Junior Bond and Interest Account was underfunded by \$11,600. Funds were accumulated in the City's general checking account to meet the next interest payment subsequent to year end.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the City to invest in the following:

- Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, Treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest.
- Bonds, notes, debentures or similar obligations of the United States of America or its agencies.
- Savings accounts, certificates of deposit, time accounts, or any other investment constituting direct obligations of a bank, as defined by the Illinois Banking Act. Securities legally issuable by savings and loan associations incorporated under the laws of any state of the United States of America. Share accounts and share certificates of a credit union chartered under the laws of the State of Illinois or United States of America, provided the principal office of the credit union is located within the State of Illinois. Short-term discount obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Investments may be made only in financial institutions which are insured by either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or other applicable law for credit unions.
- Short-term obligations (maturing within 180 days of date of purchase) of corporations with assets exceeding five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000). Such obligations must be rated, at the time of purchase, at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. This type of obligation is limited to one-third of the City's funds available for investment, and cannot exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligation.
- Money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 which invest only in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, Treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest, and agree to repurchase such obligations. In addition, the City may also invest in a fund managed, operated and administered by a bank.
- Repurchase agreements of government securities subject to The Government Securities Act of 1986.
- Illinois Funds, a money market fund overseen by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois.

Investments with maturities of one year or more from the date of purchase are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Investments with maturities of one year or less from the date of purchase are stated at amortized cost. Investment income has been allocated to each fund based on investments held by the fund.

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,065,454, and the bank balance was \$3,427,777 (\$1,188,514 and \$1,188,514, respectively for the City's component unit). Cash on hand totaled \$773 for the City and \$604 for the City's component unit. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance (\$261,757 for the City's component unit). The remaining balance of the City's deposits of \$2,927,777 (Library's deposits of \$926,757) were collateralized.

Investments are categorized into these three categories of credit risk:

- 1. Insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

At year end, the City had no investments subject to these categories. Investments which are not subject to classification consisted of the following at April 30, 2014:

	Carrying Amount			Fair Value	
Illinois Funds: Primary government	\$	304,652	_	\$	304,652
Component unit	\$	926,757		\$	926,757

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, as shown on the statement of net position, follows:

	Primary Government		С	omponent Unit
Cash on hand	\$	773	\$	604
Carrying amount of deposits		2,760,802		261,757
Carrying amount of deposits				
investments		304,652		926,757
	\$	3,066,227	\$	1,189,118
Statement of Net Position				
Cash and investments	\$	2,614,012	\$	1,189,118
Restricted cash		452,215		-
	\$	3,066,227	\$	1,189,118

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk; however, in practice the City manages its interest rate risk by investing idle funds in the Illinois Funds, a money market account which allows for immediate access to existing balances.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type instrument will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The City's investments with Illinois Funds are rated AAA by Standards and Poor's rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk – For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government will not be able to recover its deposits. The banks have pledged collateral with a fair value of approximately \$3,200,000. For investments, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's cash equivalents at April 30, 2014 are with the Illinois Funds. These cash equivalents are pooled along with other participants' monies, and invested in U.S. Treasury bills and notes backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury.

Police Pension Trust Fund

Cash and cash equivalents-Police Pension Trust Fund

At year-end the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$9,200, and the bank balances totaled \$9,200.

Investments-Police Pension Trust Fund

The deposits and investments of the Police Pension Fund are held separately from those of other City Funds. Statutes authorize the Police Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposits issued by banks or savings and loan associations charted by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds: pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Fund Market Fund (formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any country, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to special restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment is in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the item of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor may, through that investment advisor, invest up to forty-five percent of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor may invest up to fifty-five percent of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds.

At year-end the Police Pension Fund has the following investments and maturities:

ess than One Year	One to Five Years \$ 1,860,889	Six to Ten Years	Greater than Ten Years
_	\$ 1,860,889	¢ 050 225	<u>ф</u>
	ϕ 1,000,007	\$ 959,235	\$-
-	179,635	-	-
-	1,113,713	187,677	-
881,086	-	-	-
881,086	\$ 3,154,237	\$ 1,146,912	\$ -
	- 881,086	- 1,113,713 881,086	- 1,113,713 187,677 881,086

Investments not sensitive to

interest rate risk:

Mutual Funds	 4,564,840
Total Investments	\$ 9,747,075

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Police Pension Fund assumes any callable securities will not be called.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Police Pension Fund's investment policy, the Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Police Pension Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. The investments in the securities of the U.S. government agencies and municipal bonds were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services. The investments in municipal bonds were all rated A- by Standard & Poor's, and the corporate bonds were rated from BB+ to A- by Standard & Poor's. The Police Pension Fund's investment in the Illinois Funds is rated AAAm. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy also prescribes to the "prudent persons" rule. The plan shall be invested with care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with such matter would use in the investment of a fund of like character and with like aims.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. At April 30, 2014, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy does require that all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits be secured by collateral in order to protect deposits from default.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Police Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2014, the U.S. Government and Agency Securities are insured and held by the counterparty in the Police Pension Fund's name and the Police Pension Fund's investment in the Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk. The Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing an independent third party institution, selected by the Pension Fund, to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. At April 30, 2014, the Police Pension Fund has over 5% of total police pension plan investments invested in various agency securities as indicated in the table below. Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date and, as mentioned earlier, are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation. The Police Pension Fund's investment policy provides diversification by asset type, by characteristic, by number of investments, and in the case of "Investment Manager", by investment style. The Police Pension Board has diversified its holdings as follows:

Federal Home Loan Bank 9/11/2015 \$ 51,0 Federal Home Loan Bank 3/13/2020 493,7 Federal Home Loan Bank 6/10/2016 155,0 Federal Home Loan Bank 3/11/2016 1,154,7 Fannie Mae 11/27/2018 500,0 Tennessee VLYA 8/15/2022 465,5	
Federal Home Loan Bank 6/10/2016 155.0 Federal Home Loan Bank 3/11/2016 1,154.7 Fannie Mae 11/27/2018 500,0	008
Federal Home Loan Bank 3/11/2016 1,154.7 Fannie Mae 11/27/2018 500,0	709
Fannie Mae 11/27/2018 500,0)60
	799
)22
Total Government Securities \$ 2,820,7	
U.S. Agencies Due Fair Valu	e
Government National Mortgage Assoc. 12/15/2016 \$ 29,6	530
Government National Mortgage Assoc. 11/15/2018 150,0	005
Total U.S. Agencies \$ 179,	535
Corporate Obligations Due Fair Valu	
Bank New York Mel 7/28/2016 \$ 206,5	
Caterpillar Fin 6/1/2017 202,5	579
Intel Corporation 12/15/2017 250,0)56
John Deere Capital 4/17/2019 251,8	314
JP Morgan Chase 8/15/2017 202,7	713
3M Company 6/26/2022 187,6	577
Total Corporate Obligations \$ 1,301,3	390
Schwab Govt Money Fund: SWGXX\$Schwab Govt Money Fund: SWGXX	r Value 788,365 92,721
Total Money Market Funds	881,086
Mutual Funds Fai	r Value
First TR Exch Traded Fd \$	72,509
Ishares TR MSCI EAFE	844,299
Ishares TR US Telecom	83,297
Ishares TF US Utilities	109,086
Powershs Exch Trad FD TR	153,086
Powershs Exch Trad FD TR	153,846
	87,916
SPDR S&P Homebuilders	110,928
SPDR S&P Transportation	358,072
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary	299,393
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary Vanguard Consumer Staples	540 610
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary Vanguard Consumer Staples Vanguard Financials	548,612 544 328
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary Vanguard Consumer Staples Vanguard Financials Vanguard Health Care	544,328
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary Vanguard Consumer Staples Vanguard Financials Vanguard Health Care Vanguard Industrials	544,328 285,345
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary Vanguard Consumer Staples Vanguard Financials Vanguard Health Care Vanguard Industrials Vanguard Info Technology	544,328 285,345 759,501
SPDR S&P Transportation Vanguard Cnsmr Dscrtnary Vanguard Consumer Staples Vanguard Financials Vanguard Health Care Vanguard Industrials	544,328 285,345

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Firefighters Pension Fund

Cash and cash equivalents-Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

At April 30, 2014, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's carrying amount of cash was \$208,376 and the bank balance was \$208,376. The FDIC insures bank balances up to \$250,000. As of April 30, 2014, the bank balances was insured by FDIC.

Investments – Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is authorized to invest in bonds, notes and other obligations of the U.S. Government, corporate debentures and obligations, insured mortgage notes and loans, common and preferred stock, stock options, and other investment vehicles as set forth in the Illinois Compiled Statues.

The primary investment policies of the Firefighters' Pension Fund, in the order of priority, are as follows:

a. Safety – Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital. As such, the Board of Trustees has consciously diversified the aggregate fund to ensure that adverse or unexpected results will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio. Diversification is to be interpreted to include diversification by asset type, by characteristic, by number of investments, and in the case of investment managers by investment style.

b. Liquidity – The investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the pension fund to pay all necessary benefits and meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated.

c. Return on Investment – Assets will be invested to achieve attractive real rates of return. Following the Prudent Man Standard for preservation of capital, assets will be invested to achieve the highest possible rate of return, consistent with the fund's tolerance for risk as determined by the Board of Trustees in its role as a fiduciary.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's performance objective is to meet or exceed the return of the blended market indexes of 45% of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Index and 55% of the Russell 3000 Total Return Index.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Firefighters' Pension Fund does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The following schedule reports the fair values and maturities (using the segmented time distribution method) for the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments at April 30, 2014:

			Investment	Maturities	
		Less than	One to	Six to	Greater than
Investment Type	Fair Value	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years	Ten Years
U.S. Government Securities	\$1,063,852	\$ 50,707	\$ 715,355	\$ 297,790	\$ -
U.S. Treasury Securities	470,545	_	374,256	96,289	-
U.S. Agencies	667,198	-	1,045	8,265	657,888
Corporate Obligations	454,972	-	303,006	151,966	-
Pooled equity funds	471,048	471,048	-	-	-
Total	3,127,615	\$ 521,755	\$1,393,662	\$ 554,310	\$ 657,888
Investments not sensitive to					
interest rate risk:					
Common Stock	893,855				
Mutual Funds	996,467				
Total Investments	\$5,017,937				

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an insurer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy defines fixed income investments as U.S. government or U.S. Government Agency bonds, certificates of deposit, municipal bonds, dollar denominated investment grade corporate bonds, fixed annuities or guarantee investment contracts of any insurance company and commingled trust accounts, which only invest in the above described investment vehicles. Investments made in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies licensed to do business in the State of Illinois shall be rated at least A+ by A.M. Best Company, Aa rated by Moody's, and AA+ rated by Standard & Poor's rating service at the time of purchase. Notwithstanding, the portfolio of the general account of the insurance company shall not invest in more than 10% of the portfolio in real estate and/or more than 10% of the portfolio in bonds with ratings of less than Baa1 by Moody's or BBB+ by Standard & Poor's. Securities issued by the State of Illinois or any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois may be held in the portfolio. Issuers that are downgraded to less than investment grade by one of the two largest rating services must be sold.

Per the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy, domestic equity investments shall be defined as investments in preferred or common stocks created or existing under the laws of the United States and are listed on a national securities exchange, board of trade, or are quoted in the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations System National Market System. Said issuers shall have been in existence for at least five years and have not been in arrears of any payment of dividends on its preferred stock during the preceding five years. Domestic equities shall also be defined as mutual funds managed by an investment company as defined and registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, have been in operation for at least five years, have total assets of \$250 million or more, and invest in a diversified portfolio of common and preferred stocks, bonds or money market instruments and exchange traded funds that invest in diversified portfolio of domestic equities.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy also states that international and real estate securities shall be defined as mutual funds managed by an investment company as defined and registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, have been in operation for at least five years, have total assets of \$250 million or more, and invest in a diversified portfolio of stocks, bonds, or money market instruments or pooled accounts managed, operated, and administered by a bank, subsidiaries of banks, or subsidiaries of bank holding companies that are invested in a diversified portfolio of stocks, bonds, or money market instruments and exchange traded funds.

None of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment holdings as of April 30, 2014 were subject to any of the credit rating requirements noted above.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Firefighters' Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Firefighters' Pension Fund policy that all bank time deposits which exceed FDIC insurance limits shall be collateralized by the institution holding said assets in the amount of 110% of said assets. Collateral shall consist of U.S. Government Treasury Securities and/or U.S. Government Federal Home Loan Bank Agency Securities. Said collateral shall be held by an independent third party custodian.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The investment policy of the Firefighters' Pension Fund contains no limitations on the amount that may be invested in any one issue beyond that stipulated by the Illinois Compiled Statutes Pension Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the total Firefighters' Pension Fund investments is the U.S. Treasury Inflation Index Note. A list of all pension investments is listed below:

U.S. Government Securities	Due	Fa	ir Value
Federal Farm Credit Bank	12/6/2016	\$	103,658
Fannie Mae	11/15/2016		101,711
Fannie Mae	5/21/2018		97,728
Fannie Mae	2/27/2019		25,056
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	3/27/2019		136,990
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	1/13/2022		123,109
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	3/8/2017		150,622
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	5/30/2019		174,681
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	9/29/2017		99,589
Fannie Mae	11/20/2014		50,708
Total U.S. Government Securities		\$	1,063,852
U.S. Treasury	Due	Fa	air Value
U.S. Treasury Inflation Index note	7/15/2018	\$	324,202
US Treasury Note	9/30/2016		25,237
US Treasury Note	3/31/2019		24,817
US Treasury Note	6/30/2019		96,289
Total U.S. Treasury		\$	470,545
U.S. Agencies	Due	F	air Value
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	6/15/2033	\$	59,919
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	12/15/2033	4	4,322
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	1/15/2034		43,814
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	11/15/2032		8,873
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	5/15/2032		4,243
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	7/15/2032		2,687
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/15/2032		6,975
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	7/15/2033		67,392
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	11/15/2033		14,659
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	5/20/2017		382
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	5/20/2023		6,691
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	10/20/2021		449
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	9/20/2024		191
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	2/20/2025		2,217
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	4/20/2025		1,576
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/20/2026		387
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	1/20/2027		184
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/20/2027		4,523
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/20/2027		6,711
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	1/20/2028		22,499
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	1/20/2029		10,827
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/20/2032		2,957
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	12/15/2033		75,561
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	9/15/2023		133
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	12/15/2032		68,650
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	12/15/2032		33,907
coverment rational moltgage Assoc.	121 131 2033		55,907

U.S. Agencies Continued	Due	Fa	ir Value
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	11/15/2028	\$	837
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	9/15/2027		1,260
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	3/15/2030		3,477
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	2/15/2030		2,679
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	9/15/2031		5,106
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	10/15/2028		6,083
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	5/15/2031		306
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	7/15/2030		710
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	10/15/2030		1,173
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/15/2031		2,611
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	11/15/2031		4,369
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	2/15/2032		3,864
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	11/15/2032		31,427
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	1/15/2032		14,913
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	12/15/2031		30,129
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	12/15/2018		663
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	4/15/2020		75
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	9/15/2020		178
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	11/15/2020		738
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/20/2028		4,488
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	3/15/2033		49,746
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	3/15/2036		29,318
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	8/15/2035		10,049
Government National Mortgage Assoc.	2/15/2035		12,270
Total U.S. Agencies		\$	667,198

Corporate Obligations	Due	Fair Value
AT&T Inc.	3/11/2024	\$ 50,579
Air Products and Chemicals	8/2/2016	51,366
Boston Scientific Corp.	10/1/2018	50,727
Citigroup Inc.	4/1/2016	50,236
John Deere Capital Corp.	10/11/2016	50,243
General Elec Cap Corp	7/12/2016	50,694
Lexmark Intl. Inc.	3/15/2020	52,695
Monsanto Co.	11/15/2018	49,740
Texas Instruments Inc.	8/3/2019	48,692
Total Corporate Obligations		\$ 454,972

Pooled Equity Funds	Fair Value
FM EB Gems Fund	\$ 159,950
FM EB Midcap Equity Fund	105,381
FM EB Small Cap Equity Fund	205,717
Total Pooled Equity Funds	\$ 471,048
Common Stocks	Fair Value
Lyondellbasell Industries CL A	\$ 10,360
Dow Chemical Co	9,980
Freeport Mcmoran Copper & Gold Class B	103
PPG Ind Inc	7,164
Packaging Corp Amer	4,398
Boeing Company	10,193
Delta Air Lines Inc Del Com New	5,156
Flowserve Corp	4,383
General Electric Corporation	14,063
Honeywell International	9,197
Hunt JB Transportation Services Inc	304
Mastercard Inc	3,678
Moodys Corp	8,635
Norfolk Southern Corp	6,617
Northrop Grumman Corp	13,245
Rockwell Automation Inc	8,819
Snap on Inc	9,628
Southwest Airlines Co	5,076
Union Pacific Corp	5,713
Visa Inc	7,902
Whirlpool Corp	2,914
Archer-Daniels-Midland Co	9,446
Coca- Cola Enterprises Inc NE Com	9,542

Common Stocks (Continued)	Fai	r Value
Constellation Brands Inc CL A	\$	10,778
Hershey Foods Corp		8,854
Kimberly-Clark Corp		11,113
Newell Rubbermaid Inc		8,401
Pepsico Inc		6,957
Tyson Foods		10,241
Chipotle Mexican Grill Inc CL A		4,985
Michael Kors Holdings LTD		12,403
CBS Corp New CL B		6,007
Comcast Corp New CL A		8,799
Directv		9,079
Harman Intl Inds Inc		10,961
Home Depot Inc		10,098
Macys Inc		4,480
Netflix Com Inc		8,695
Nike Inc		5,179
Starbucks Corp		8,686
TJX Companies (NEW)		8,262
Time Warner Inc		66
Visteon Corp Com New		4,948
Cabot Oil & Gas Corp CL A		10,213
Chesapeake Energy Corp		10,781
Chevron Corp.		9,665
EQT Corp		10,027
Exxon Mobil Corp		23,145
Helmerich & Payne Inc		14,559
Marathon Pete Corp Com		6,507
Valero Energy Corp		6,517
The Allstate Corp		9,283
Bank of America Corp		9,568
Comerica Inc		8,876
Discover Finl Svcs		8,385
E Trade Finl Corp		6,286
Fifth Third Bancorp		8,162
General Growth PPTYS Inc New Com		9,188
Goldman Sachs Group Inc		9,270
Hartford Financial Service Group		9,039
JP Morgan Chase & Co		11,532
Legg Mason Inc		47
Lincoln Natl Corp Ind		8,780
Public Storage Inc		10,531
Travelers Companies Inc		9,058
UNUM group		8,670
Wells Fargo & Co		12,956

Common Stocks (Continued)	Fair	Value
Weyerhaeuser Co	\$	30
Covidien PLC SHS		7,838
Amerisourcebergen Corp		9,647
Becton Dickinson and Co		9,155
Biogen IDEC Inc		7,465
Boston Scientific		4,640
Cigna Corp		9,765
Cardinal Health Inc		9,731
Gilead Sciences Inc		11,538
Johnson & Johnson Co		14,484
Pfizer Inc		8,758
St Jude Med Inc		6,664
Wellpoint Inc		11,377
Zimmer Holdings Inc		9,970
AGL Res Inc		7,020
Ameren Corp		7,023
Black Hills Corp		5,486
DTE Energy Co		7,814
Nisource Inc		5,811
TE Connectivity LTD Reg SHS		6,783
Apple Computer Inc		27,144
CA Inc		6,782
Cisco Systems Inc		116
Computer Sciences Corp		8,285
Facebook Inc- A		6,576
Harris Corporation		8,749
Hewlett Packard Co		12,067
Intel Corporation		8,754
International Business Machines		9,234
KLA-Tencor Corp		8,191
Lexmark Intl Group Inc CL A		9,073
Linear Technology Corp Microsoft Corp		7,521
Miscrosoft Corp		16,806
Motorola Solutions Inc Com New		127
Oracle Systems Corporation		9,648
Technology Select Sector SPDR Fund SBI Int-tech		10,571
Verisign Inc		47
Xilinx Inc		6,135
AT&T Inc		11,460
Verizon Communications		9,019
	\$	893,857

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Mutual Funds	Fair Value	
Dodge & Cox FDS Intl Stk Fd		165,243
Fidelity Growth Company Fund #25		198,868
Jpmorgan TR I Sml Cap Eq Sel		102,197
MFS Intl Value-I		161,985
MFS Ser TR I Value FD CL I		106,974
Oppenheimer Developing Mkts CL Y		55,280
T. Rowe Price Mid-cap Grw Fd #64 com		101,349
Vanguard Strategic Equity FD-Inv		104,571
Total Mutual Funds	\$	996,467

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments presented on the statement of net position to deposits and investments presented above is as follows:

Per statements of net position:	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments - primary government	\$ 2,614,012
Restriced cash - primary government	452,215
Cash, cash equivalents and investments - component unit	1,189,118
Cash and cash equivalents - statement of fiduciary net position	217,576
Investments, at fair value - statement of fiduciary net position	14,765,012
Total	\$ 19,237,933
Per note above:	
Cash and cash equivalents - primary government	\$ 3,066,227
Investments - primary government	-
Cash and cash equivalents - discretely presented component unit	1,189,118
Investments - discretely presented component unit	-
Cash and cash equivalents - Police Pension Trust Fund	9,200
Investments - Police Pension Trust Fund	9,747,075
Cash and cash equivalents - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	208,376
Investments - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	 5,017,937
Total	\$ 19,237,933

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

The City levies property tax each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the City. The City must file its tax levy ordinance on or before the last Tuesday in December of each year. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments, due March 1 and no earlier than August 1 during the following year. The first installment is an estimated bill, and is 55% of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment and equalization, and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 immediately following the levy year.

Property taxes collected by the City that are due within the current year are recognized as revenue, and net taxes receivable are reflected as deferred revenue. For governmental funds, it is the City's policy to recognize collections for 60 days after fiscal year end as revenues of the current fiscal year.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Based upon collection histories, the City has provided an allowance for uncollectible property taxes equivalent to 5% and 3% of the current year's levy for Debt Service Funds and all other funds, respectively. All uncollected taxes relating to prior years' levies have been written off. Property Taxes received during the year are from the 2012 and 2013 tax levy years.

Trade accounts receivable, consisting of amounts due from residents for water, sewer and refuse service, are recorded net of uncollectible amounts, as determined by management. An allowance for uncollectible trade receivables of \$15,000 was recorded as of April 30, 2014.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2014 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances May 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balances April 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated-land	\$20,289,512	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 20,289,512
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and land improvements	12,192,687	-	-	12,192,687
Infrastructure	16,082,234	-	-	16,082,234
Equipment	8,038,890	30,034	-	8,068,924
Total capital assets being depreciated	36,313,811	30,034		36,343,845
Less assumulated depreciation for:				
Building and land improvements	6,721,990	322,739	-	7,044,729
Infrastructure	10,761,785	268,037	(8,000)	11,021,822
Equipment	6,617,112	271,890	-	6,889,002
Total accumulated depreciation	24,100,887	862,666	(8,000)	24,955,553
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,212,924	(832,632)	8,000	11,388,292
Governmental activities, capital assets net	\$ 32,502,436	\$(832,632)	\$ 8,000	\$ 31,677,804

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 602,226
Public safety	215,212
Highways and streets	 45,228
Total depreciation -	
Governmental activities	\$ 862,666

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balances May 1, 2013 Additions		Prior Period Adjustment	Balances April 30, 2014	
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 678,958	\$	\$ -	\$ 678,958	
Capital assets not being depreciated	678,958		-	678,958	
Capital assets being depreciated: Building and land improvements Infrastructure Equipment Capital assets being depreciated	4,748,480 20,773,348 1,568,094 27,089,922	- - - 9,600 - 9,600	(12,107) (12,107)	4,748,480 20,761,241 1,577,694 27,087,415	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and land improvements Infrastructure Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	1,876,305 9,386,882 1,383,965 12,647,152	99,822 509,666 44,960 654,448	- - - -	1,976,127 9,896,548 1,428,925 13,301,600	
Capital assets being depreciated, net	14,442,770	(644,848)	(12,107)	13,785,815	
Capital assets, net	\$ 15,121,728	\$ (644,848)	\$ (12,107)	\$ 14,464,773	
Component Unit	Balances May 01, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balances April 30, 2014	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and land improvements Equipment	\$ 29,317 113,665	\$ 8,174 	\$ - -	\$ 37,491 132,865	
Capital assets being depreciated	142,982	27,374	-	170,356	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and land improvements Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	6,632 65,243 71,875	41 		6,673 79,403 86,076	
Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 71,107	\$ 13,173	\$ -	\$ 84,280	

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
Due to/from other funds:				
General	Golf Course	\$ 3,519,150		
General	CDBG Fund	435		
General	Special Tax Increment			
	Allocation Fund IV	20,230		
General	Special Tax Increment			
	Allocation Fund VI	26,559		
Motor Fuel Tax	General	209,265		
Special Tax Increment				
Allocation Fund II	General	4,968,864		
Special Tax Increment				
Allocation Fund III	General	3,654,682		
Special Tax Increment				
Allocation Fund V	General	420,922		
Alternate Bond Fund-				
Series 1995	General	468,733		
General Obligation				
Bond Fund-Series 2011	General	43,033		
Water	General	5,315,751		
Library	General	64,276		
Water	Golf Course	53,140		
Special Tax Increment	1998 TIF General	*		
Allocation Fund II	Obligation	169,770		
Special Tax Increment	Special Tax Increment			
Allocation Fund II	Allocation Fund V	 1,500		
		\$ 18,936,310		

The composition of interfund balances as of April 30, 2014 is as follows:

The interfund balances represent amounts deposited into one fund, but recorded as a revenue in another fund, expenditures paid on behalf of one fund by another fund, for which reimbursement has not yet taken place, or temporary borrowings of one fund by another. Balances are being repaid as funds become available. All borrowings were made to cover operating expenses.

Subsequent to year end, the City Council adopted an ordinance authorizing a transfer from the Water Fund to the General Fund in an amount necessary to eliminate the balance due between the funds.

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Transfer In Fund	Transfer Out Fund		Amount
CDBG Fund	General Fund	\$	45,890
	Special Tax Increment		
1998 TIF General Obligation	Allocation Fund III		786,428
	Special Tax Increment		
2003 TIF General Obligation	Allocation Fund II		344,438
		\$	1,176,756

Transfers between funds for the year ended April 30, 2014 are as follows:

The transfer from the General Fund to the CDBG Fund was for administrative charges related to the CDBG program not paid for from grant funds. The transfers from the Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund II and Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund III were made to fund debt service payments as they became due.

NOTE 8. OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The City leases various equipment. The leases are classified as operating leases. The lease payments for the year ended April 30, 2014 and future scheduled lease payments are not considered material to the financial statements.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds – The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations, and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Issues	Balances May 1, 2013	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30, 2014
General Obligation Bonds: 1995 Golf Course Refunding Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), original principal \$6,240,000, annual principal due December 1 at amounts ranging from \$485,000 to \$515,000 through December 1, 2014, interest at 5.30%	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ 485,000	\$ 515,000
2011 General Obligation (Judgment Funding) Bonds, original principal \$1,100,000, semiannual principal of \$55,000 due July 1 and January 1 commencing July 1, 2012 through January 1, 2022; interest payable monthly at a rate equal to the bank rate (variable monthly interest rate).	990,000	-	55,000	935,000
 1998 Tax Increment Refunding Series, original principal \$6,250,000, due annually on December 15 at amounts ranging from \$715,000 to \$750,000 through December 15, 2014, interest at 4.85% to 4.90%. 	1,465,000	-	715,000	750,000
2003 Tax Increment Refunding Series, original principal \$2,175,000, due annually on December 15 with final payment of \$330,000 due December 15, 2013, interest at 4.375%.	330,000	-	330,000	-

(continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

		Balances	Ţ		5			Balances
	M	ay 01, 2013	Is	suances	R	etirements	Ap	oril 30, 2014
2006 Waterworks and Sewerage Bonds (Alternate Revenue								
Source), original principle								
\$4,635,000, annual principle due								
December 1 at amounts ranging								
from \$225,000 to \$380,000								
through December 1, 2024,								
interest at 4.25% to 4.75%.	\$	3,595,000	\$	-	\$	230,000	\$	3,365,000
	\$	7,380,000	\$	-	\$	1,815,000	\$	5,565,000
Illinois Environmental Protection								
Agency Public Water Supply								
Loan Program:								
Original principal \$897,560,								
semiannual payments of								
\$26,005 including interest of								
1.25% due on October 7 and								
April 7, commencing								
October 7,2013.	\$	897,560	\$	-	\$	42,788	\$	854,772
South Suburban Joint Action								
Water Agency bond (JAWA)								
agreement dated June 26, 2012								
Original principal \$570,000,								
payments due annually, commencing								
December 2014.	\$		\$	570,000	\$	-	\$	-

The 2006 Waterworks and Sewerage Refunding Bonds, the South Suburban Joint Action Water Agency bond and the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Water Supply Loan are recorded as liabilities of the Water Fund (an Enterprise Fund).

The JAWA bond was executed June 26, 2012, but was not recorded on the financial statements at April 30, 2013. A prior period adjustment was done to record this balance. This adjustment is reflected as the current issuance above.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year							
Ending	General Obligation Bonds						
April 30	Total	Principal	Interest				
Governmental activities	, <u></u>						
due in 2015:							
1995 Golf Course	\$ 542,295	\$ 515,000	\$ 27,295				
1998 Tax Increment	786,750	750,000	36,750				
2011 Judgment	121,253	110,000	11,253				
2015	1,450,298	1,375,000	75,298				
2016	119,801	110,000	9,801				
2017	118,349	110,000	8,349				
2018	116,897	110,000	6,897				
2019	115,445	110,000	5,445				
2020-2023	392,623	385,000	7,623				
Totals	\$ 2,313,413	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 113,413				
Fiscal Year							
Ending	Ge	eneral Obligation Bon	ds				
April 30	Total	Principal	Interest				
Business-type activities							
(Waterworks and							
Sewerage Series 2006):							
2015	\$ 394,737	\$ 240,000	\$ 154,737				
2016	399,538	255,000	144,538				
2017	398,063	265,000	133,063				
2018	396,138	275,000	121,138				
2019	398,763	290,000	108,763				
2020 - 2024	1,991,540	1,660,000	331,540				
2025	398,050	380,000	18,050				
Totals	\$ 4,376,829	\$ 3,365,000	\$ 1,011,829				

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year	2013 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency						
Ending	Public Water Supply Loan Program						
April 30		Total	P	rincipal	L	nterest	
Business-type activities:							
2015	\$	52,009	\$	41,454	\$	10,555	
2016		52,009		41,973		10,036	
2017		52,009		42,500		9,509	
2018		52,009		43,033		8,976	
2019		52,009		43,572		8,437	
2020 - 2024		260,045		226,195		33,850	
2025 - 2029		260,045		240,737		19,308	
2030 - 2033		179,678		175,308		4,370	
Totals	\$	959,813	\$	854,772	\$	105,041	

The annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	South Suburban Joint Action Water Agency						
Ending	Series 2012						
April 30		Total	Р	rincipal	I	Interest	
Business-type activities:							
2015	\$	80,326	\$	25,676	\$	54,650	
2016		85,374		33,892		51,482	
2017		77,029		28,757		48,272	
2018		82,223		37,486		44,737	
2019		83,141		42,622		40,519	
2020 - 2024		428,343		311,189		117,154	
2025		91,146		90,378		768	
Totals	\$	927,582	\$	570,000	\$	357,582	

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City, and are subject to an annual property tax levy for the payment of principal and interest. In addition, tax increment bonds provide for a pledge of all incremental property taxes upon property located in the Tax Incremental Financing District.

Alternate revenue source bonds issued in 1995 are also secured by a pledge of operation and maintenance expenses and required credits to various restricted accounts, in an amount up to 1.25 times current debt. At April 30, 2014, the City had not met the funding requirements for the alternate revenue source bonds, as sufficient Golf Course Fund revenues were not available. The 1995 Golf Course Refunding Bonds require disclosure of the occurrence of a "Listed Event", as identified in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate and Agreement dated December 28, 1995.

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

	<i>j</i>			Prior Period	
	May 01, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	April 30, 2014
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,785,000	\$-	\$ 1,585,000	\$ -	\$ 2,200,000
Tax anticipation warrants	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Compensated absences	309,742	-	95,716	-	214,026
Refunding bond premium	2,312	-	2,312		-
Net pension obligation	6,496,644	665,100	-	(3,502,690)	3,659,054
Subtotal	10,593,698	1,665,100	1,683,028	(3,502,690)	7,073,080
Water Fund					
General obligation bonds	3,595,000	-	230,000	570,000	3,935,000
IEPA Loan	897,560	-	42,788	-	854,772
Compensated absences	35,553	3,100	-	-	38,653
Reoffering premium	58,178	-	3,722	-	54,456
Subtotal	4,586,291	3,100	276,510	570,000	4,882,881
Total	\$ 15,179,989	\$1,668,200	\$ 1,959,538	\$ (2,932,690)	\$ 11,955,961

Prior period adjustments were made to adjustment the opening police and fire pension obligations to the actuary reports and to record the issue of an additional bond through the South Suburban Joint Action Water Agency.

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. Property damage losses, with a minor deductible for total replacement value, are insured with a commercial insurance company. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage. On October 1, 2013, the city changed its coverage for employee health benefits from self-funded to premium based. Workers' compensation claims continue to be self-funded.

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Grant Programs</u> – The City participates in federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies is not expected to be material.

NOTE 12. TAX INCREMENT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

The City has established Tax Increment Financing Districts I, II, III, IV, V and VI in November 1989, December 1992, January 1994, September 2007, November 2008, and September 2012, respectively. The Tax Increment Financing District I was closed in a prior fiscal year.

A redevelopment plan was adopted to make improvements on certain blighted areas, which will be funded by property taxes attributable to the increase in the equalized assessed valuation of each taxable lot in the Project Area.

The base equalized assessed valuation (EAV), as well as the incremental change equalized assessed valuation for these districts (201 EAV latest available), is as follows:

	B	Base EAV		2013 EA V		
District II	\$	9,578,727	\$	15,179,852		
District III	\$	1,473,597	\$	7,466,045		
District IV	\$	4,090,525	\$	3,723,412		
District V	\$	9,684,012	\$	11,771,810		
District VI	\$	933,560	\$	542,831		

NOTE 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All funds are held in trust and administered by an outside third party trustee for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The City is not required to make a contribution to the plan.

NOTE 14. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN COMMITMENTS

The City participates in three contributory retirement plans. Law enforcement officers are covered under the Police Pension Fund (a single-employer plan administered by a separate Police Pension Board of Trustees). Fire sworn personnel are covered under the Firefighters' Pension Fund (a single-employer plan administered by a separate Firefighters' Pension Board of Trustees). The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (a statewide plan) covers substantially all full-time employees, except law enforcement officers and firefighters. The City has two plans under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, one for regular employees, and a Sheriff Law Enforcement Personnel ("SLEP") Plan. In addition, the City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan.

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND ("IMRF")

Plan Descriptions – The City's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is affiliated with Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent-multiple-employer pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>.

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND ("IMRF")(CONTINUED)

Funding Policy – As set by statute, your employer Regular (SLEP) plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent (7.50 percent) of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employees to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2013 was 14.63 percent of annual covered payroll. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2013 was 15.35 percent (13.77 percent). The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rates is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost – For calendar year ending December 31, 2013, the employer's actual contributions for pension cost for the Regular were 682,771. Its required contribution for calendar year 2013 was 716,373. For the SLEP Plan, the City's required and actual contribution was 0 for the calendar year 2013.

The net pension liability as of April 30, 2014 was comprised of the following:

Annual required contribution	\$	662,291
Interest on the net pension asset		21,955
Adjustment to the ARC		(16,010)
Annual pension cost		668,236
Fiscal 2014 contribution		640,642
Increase in pension liability		27,594
Net pension liability at April 30, 2013		292,727
Net pension liability at April 30, 2014	\$	320,321

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Trend information for the three years ended April 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 is as follows:

Calendar Year Ended	-	Annual Pension		F	Net Pension	Percentage of APC
April 30,	Со	Cost (APC)		Obligation		Contributed
Regular:						
2014	\$	668,236		\$	320,321	95.87%
2013		619,471			292,727	91.53%
2012		620,910			240,234	85.28%
SLEP:						
2014		-			-	100%
2013		-			-	100%
2012		-			-	100%

NOTE 15. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND ("IMRF") (CONTINUED)

The required contribution for 2013 was determined as part of the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2011 included: (a) 7.50 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.40% to 10.00% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the Regular (SLEP) assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City's Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2011 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis. The City's SLEP plan's overfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2011 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funding Status and Funding Progress – As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 66.99 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$9,570,712 and the actuarial value of assets was \$6,411,432, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3,159,280. The covered payroll for calendar year 2013 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,666,924 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 67.70%.

As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the SLEP plan was 198.20 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$49,606 and the actuarial value of assets was \$98,321, resulting in an overfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$48,715. The covered payroll for calendar year 2013 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$0. Because the plan is overfunded, there is no ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND

Plan Description: The Police Retirement Board of the City administers the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan and issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. The financial report may be obtained by writing the City of Blue Island, 13501 Greenwood Avenue, City of Blue Island, IL 60406.

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Trust Plan. Although this is a singleemployer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS Chapter 5 Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust plan.

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan as provided for the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Police Pension Trust Fund Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at thereafter.

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service.

The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.0% of the original pension and 3.0% compounded annually.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in the period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes shall not exceed \$106,800 however, that amount shall increase annually by the lesser of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.0% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.0% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each month under 55).

The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1^{st} after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.0% of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Effective January 1, 2011, the City has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service costs for the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan.

At April 30, 2014, date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits and terminated	
employees entitled to benefits but	
not yet receiving them	31
Current employees	
Vested	24
Nonvested	13
Total	68

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters:

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The pension fund financial statement reflects a netting of receivables against deferred revenues for presentation purposes. Employee and employer contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the fund.

Investments are reported at fair market value. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates market value.

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

Contributions: Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The schedule of funding progresses following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing the relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits over time.

Net Pension Obligation: Employer annual required contributions (ARC), actual contributions, and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the annual pensions cost and the contributions actually made.

	April 30, 2014
Annual required contribution	\$ 1,783,246
Interest on the NPO	122,316
Adjustment to the ARC	(92,586)
Annual pension cost	1,812,976
Actual contribution	(1,304,509)
Increase (decrease) in the NPO	508,467
NPO at April 30, 2013	3,767,445
Prior period adjustment	(2,020,074)
NPO at April 30, 2013 (restated)	1,747,371
NPO at April 30, 2014	\$ 2,255,838

THREE YEAR TREND INFORMATION

		Annual			Percentage		
Plan	Pe	nsion Cost		Actual	of APC	N	let Pension
Year		(APC)	Co	ntributions	Contributed	(Obligation
2012	\$	1,730,255	\$	1,009,391	58.3%	\$	1,203,922
2013		1,719,781		1,176,332	68.4%		1,747,371
2014		1,812,976		1,304,509	72.0%		2,255,838

Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost:

The City's annual pension cost for the current year and related information for the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan is as follows:

NOTE 16. POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

Contributed Rates:		
Employer	49.17%	
Employee	9.91%	
Annual penion cost	\$	1,812,976
Contributions made	\$	1,304,509
Acturial valuation date	4/2	30/2013
Acturial cost method	Entry Age Normal	
Amortization method	Level % Pay - Closed	
Remaining amortization period	27 years	
Asset valuation method	5-Year Smooth Market	
Acturial assumptions		
Investment rate of return	7% per Year Co	mpounded Annually
Projected salary increases	4.5% per Year Co	ompounded Annually
Inflation rate included	3% per Year Co	mpounded Annually
Cost-of-living adjustments	3% per Year Con	mpounded Annually

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2013 was as follows:

Acturial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 32,768,088
Acturial value of plan assets	\$ 9,562,447
Unfunded acturial accrued liability (Uaal)	\$ 23,205,641
Funded ratio (acturial value of plan assets/AAL)	29.18%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,653,307
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	874.59%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION TRUST FUND

Plan Description: The Fire Retirement Board of the City administers the Fire Pension Trust Fund Plan and issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. The financial report may be obtained by writing the City of Blue Island, 13051 Greenwood, IL, 60406.

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS Chapter 5 Article 4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust plan.

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Plan as provided for the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

The monthly benefit of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.0% of the original pension and 3.0% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in the period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes shall not exceed \$106,800 however, that amount shall increase annually by the lesser of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.0% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each month under 55).

The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.0% of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Effective January 1, 2011, the City has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service costs for the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Plan.

At April 30, 2014, date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefits, and terminated employees entitled	
to benefits but not yet receiving them	26
Current employees	22
Total	48

Contributions: Per State Statute, covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without interest. The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing the relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits over time.

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters:

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments – Investments are reported at their fair market value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair market value. Shares of mutual funds are valued at quoted market price.

Net Pension Obligation: Employer annual required contributions (ARC), actual contributions, and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the annual required contributions and the contributions actually made.

	April 30, 2014
Annual required contribution	\$ 962,485
Interest on the NPO	66,770
Adjustment to the ARC	(48,534)
Annual pension cost	980,721
Actual contribution	(851,682)
Increase (decrease) in the NPO	129,039
NPO at April 30, 2013	2,436,472
Prior period adjustment	(1,482,616)
NPO at April 30, 2013 (restated)	953,856
NPO at April 30, 2014	\$ 1,082,895

THREE YEAR TREND INFORMATION

	1	(ARC)					
	1	Annual			Percentage		
Plan	R	equired		Actual	of APC	N	et Pension
Year	Cor	ntribution	Con	tributions	Contributed		Dbligation
2012	\$	962,469	\$	692,448	71.9%	\$	630,478
2013		930,510		620,840	66.7%		953,856
2014		962,485		851,682	88.5%		1,082,895

NOTE 17. FIRE PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost:

The City's annual pension cost for the current year and related information for the Fire Pension Trust Fund Plan is as follows:

Annual penion cost	\$	962,485	
Contributions made	\$	851,682	
Acturial valuation date	5/1/2013		
Acturial cost method	Entry Age Normal		
Amortization method	Level % Pay - Closed		
Remaining amortization period	27 years		
Asset valuation method	5-Year Sm	nooth Market	
Acturial assumptions			
Investment rate of return	7% per Year Con	npounded Annually	
Projected salary increases	5.5% per Year Co	mpounded Annually	
Inflation rate included	3% per Year Con	npounded Annually	
Cost-of-living adjustments	3% per Year Con	npounded Annually	

The funded status of the plan as of May 1, 2013 was as follows:

Acturial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 17,891,688
Acturial value of plan assets	\$ 6,056,197
Unfunded acturial accrued liability (Uaal)	\$ 11,835,491
Funded ratio (acturial value of plan assets/AAL)	33.85%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 1,291,293
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	916.56%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City is currently providing post-employment health and prescription coverage for certain groups of workers in the same health plan as active employees. For those retirees that qualify, the City pays the single premium with the retiree contributing the additional amount for family or spouse coverage. Because the retirees are included in the same health insurance plan as current employees, the premiums paid by or on behalf of these retirees may be lower than they would have been if the retirees were insured separately. The difference is an employer contribution toward the cost of providing coverage to retirees referred to as an implicit rate subsidy. According to GASB Statement No. 43, an implicit rate subsidy is to be included in the calculation of OPEB costs and obligations along with any actual outlays made on behalf of the retireed employees by the City.

Post-employment benefits, including the implicit rate subsidy, should be recognized as an expense and liability when earned. The City has not recorded the liability and the corresponding expense because management feels the costs to determine that information outweigh its benefits.

NOTE 19. REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

The City entered into a redevelopment agreement concerning redevelopment of certain property, MetroSouth Medical Center, located in the TIF V District. Under terms of the agreement, the City has agreed to pay or reimburse the Developer for up to \$4,000,000 of redevelopment project costs, as defined in the agreement, payable from incremental property taxes received by the City from real estate taxes paid by the Developer. The City is entitled to receive \$150,000 from the second installment of the 2009 real estate taxes due and payable from the Developer, \$400,000 from the first installment of the 2010 real estate taxes, and \$150,000 from the second installment of the 2011 real estate taxes, and \$150,000 from the second installment of the 2011 real estate taxes. The City will remit all taxes received in excess of the above amounts, up to a total reimbursement of \$4,000,000. As of April 30, 2012, the City has reimbursed the Developer \$3,418,925. No additional amounts were reimbursed by the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2013 and 2014.

NOTE 20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Beginning net position for several funds have been restated. The explanations by fund are listed below.

 	Fund 01 - General Fund
\$ (262,666)	Move seizure accounts beginning fund balance to individual funds.
138,736	Move seizure accounts current year revenue activity to individual funds.
(143,781)	Move seizure accounts current year expense activity to individual funds.
427	Correct journal entry that inadvertently removed Flower Fund account.
76,496	Record telephone excise tax for March and April of FY13 that wasn't accrued.
 15,817	Record gaming tax for March and April of FY13 that wasn't accrued.
\$ (174,971)	
	-
	Fund 02 - Water Fund
\$ (570,000)	Record JAWA bond dated in 2012 that wasn't recorded in prior year.

 \$ (5/0,000) Record JAWA bond dated in 2012 that wasn't recorded in prior year.
 (35,742) Record interest from JAWA bond from 8/12 - 4/13 that wasn't previously accrued. Record City of Chicago water bills paid this fiscal year that were for the prior year, but not (94,045) previously recorded.
 \$ (699,787)

NOTE 20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Fund 17 - TIF 1
	(90,367)	Close TIF fund in prior year, based on TIF documents and annual reports
		Fund 18 - TIF 2
\$	(39,052)	Remove Interfund from TIF 1 because fund was closed in prior year.
		-
		Fund 20 - TIF 3
\$	238,858	Remove prior year Balance Sheet for Debt Service fund because it was not required.
		Fund 22 - TIF 5
\$	(147,880)	Correct loan balance carryover from FY13
		Fund 40 - State Seizure Holding
\$	140,241	Move seizure accounts beginning fund balance to individual funds.
	(140,241)	Reclassify PY fund balance that should be liability.
\$	-	
	10.05.	Fund 41 - State Seizure
\$		Move seizure accounts beginning fund balance to individual funds.
		Move seizure accounts current year revenue activity to individual funds.
<u> </u>		Move seizure accounts current year expense activity to individual funds.
	7,279	
<u>.</u>	107 527	Fund 42 - Federal Seizure
\$		Move seizure accounts beginning fund balance to individual funds.
		Move seizure accounts current year revenue activity to individual funds.
		Move seizure accounts current year expense activity to individual funds.
	121,716	
	05.010	Blue Island Police Pension Fund
\$		Adjust for Personal Property Replacement Tax not accrued for prior year.
		Adjust for investment fees that were for the prior year.
\$	23,131	

NOTE 21. TAX ANTICIPATION WARRANT

The City of Blue Island issued a General Corporate Purposes Tax Anticipation Warrant, Series 2013 dated December 12, 2013 for \$1,000,000 with Beverly Bank and Trust Company, NA. Interest rate is 4.5% and is due on or before September 30, 2014. The warrant was paid in full in September, 2014.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Page 1 of 15

	Original & Final	
	Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$ 4,105,000	\$ 3,157,191
Personal property replacement tax	280,000	293,410
Other taxes:		
State income and use	2,695,000	2,866,511
Utility taxes	1,500,000	1,507,537
State sales tax	1,400,000	1,326,301
Video gaming tax		112,439
Total taxes	9,980,000	9,263,389
Licenses:		
Vehicle	400,000	372,333
Liquor	40,000	39,558
Business	82,000	71,646
Contractors	39,000	34,285
Animal	1,000	785
Building & housing inspections	45,000	46,510
Elevator inspections	8,000	5,952
Total licenses	615,000	571,069
Permits:		
Building	55,000	80,033
Electrical	20,000	31,955
Other	75,000	112,738
Total permits	150,000	224,726
Fines:		
Police	750,000	691,024
Building violations		6,579
Railroad	-	4,793
Total fines	750,000	702,396
Grants	2,400,000	551,492
Interest	-	564

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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	Original & Final			
	Budget		Actual	
REVENUES (Continued)				
Other:				
Ambulance user fees	\$ 425	5,000 \$	372,885	
City parking lots	150),000	112,014	
Insurance reimbursements	200),000	164,276	
Maintenance of state roads and traffic signals		-	101,631	
Miscellaneous	800),000	721,084	
Motor fuel tax reimbursement		-	675,255	
Sanitation and recycling fees	1,500),000	1,400,864	
Salary reimbursements-grant funds		-	4,014	
Television franchise fees	200),000	182,857	
Telephone franchise fees	80),000	107,772	
Telephone surcharges-911 system	300),000	209,356	
User fees-911 system	750),000	721,320	
Vital statistics		-	40,795	
Total other	4,405	5,000	4,814,123	
Total revenues	\$ 18,300),000 \$	16,127,759	

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	Original & Final			
]	Budget	 Actual	
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Salaries and benefits:				
Mayor's office:				
Full-time salaries	\$	80,000	\$ 56,155	
Part-time salaries		30,000	31,784	
Finance:				
Full-time salaries		233,000	185,118	
Part-time salaries		7,000	7,211	
Overtime salaries		1,000	1,339	
Clerk's office:				
Full-time salaries		100,000	53,680	
Part-time salaries		-	42,290	
General Government				
Full-time salaries		51,000	49,972	
Part-time salaries		47,000	62,678	
Aldermen salaries		36,400	36,720	
Seniors' program salaries		-	-	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		80,300	59,784	
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		44,490	38,323	
Life/unemployment insurance		3,000	 660	
Total salaries and benefits		713,190	 625,714	
Services:				
Audit		22,000	25,140	
Computers and software		58,250	101,226	
Expenses of City officials		61,200	60,600	
Legal		250,000	462,984	
Other		10,000	9,001	
Professional consulting and engineering		189,000	188,142	
Telephone		50,250	108,495	
Total services		640,700	 955,588	
Supplies and materials:				
Maintenance supplies		8,000	6,554	
Operating supplies		2,000	337	
Printing, postage, and office supplies		13,600	15,608	
Small equipment		2,500	2,800	
Vehicle sticker program		6,500	6,029	
Total supplies and materials	\$	32,600	\$ 31,328	
**	·	<u>,</u>		

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	Origi	Original & Final		
]	Budget		Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
General Government (Continued)				
Repairs and maintenance:				
Building	\$	20,000	\$	35,332
Equipment		16,850		16,101
Lot/property maintenance		2,000		-
Outside contractors		1,000		2,500
Total repairs and maintenance		39,850		53,933
Miscellaneous:				
Advertising and marketing		2,000		1,610
Bank service charges		1,500		2,392
Bond principal		595,000		
Community promotions		4,000		3,583
Dues and subscriptions		28,800		34,732
Employee/office services		1,700		2,369
Interest expense-tax anticipation warrants		75,000		-
Legal notices		2,000		1,221
Library personal property replacement taxes		48,000		54,830
Licenses/fees		73,600		74,097
Main Street Director and other expenses		-		3,700
Meetings and seminars		1,500		1,950
Other		16,500		28,835
Travel/transportation		1,850		1,483
Total miscellaneous		851,450		210,802
Capital expenditures		7,000		-
Total general government		2,284,790		1,877,365
Building Department				
Salaries and benefits:				
Full-time salaries		235,000		217,436
Part-time salaries		25,000		74,179
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		38,000		32,179
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		19,900		21,056
Life/unemployment insurance		500		7,021
Total salaries and benefits	\$	318,400	\$	351,871
		/		

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		Original & Final Budget		Actual	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
Building Department (Continued)					
Services:					
Computers and software	\$	15,000	\$	670	
Professional consulting and engineering		11,000		13,258	
Training		500		410	
Total services		26,500		14,338	
Supplies and materials:					
Board up expense		1,000		915	
Buildings and street signs		250		45	
Gasoline and oil for vehicles		7,000		5,332	
Maintenance supplies		150		-	
Operating supplies		500		75	
Printing, postage, and office supplies		5,750		5,283	
Radio equipment		500		-	
Uniforms		100		-	
Total supplies and materials		15,250	<u></u>	11,650	
Repairs and maintenance:					
Building		-		-	
Elevator inspections		4,000		3,104	
Equipment		17,500		15,343	
Lot/property maintenance		15,000		1,875	
Vehicle		3,100		1,018	
Total repairs and maintenance		39,600		21,340	
Miscellaneous:					
Dues and subscriptions		1,000		1,010	
Legal notices		500		147	
Meetings and seminars		1,000		-	
Travel/transportation		100		-	
Total miscellaneous		2,600		1,157	
Total building department	\$	402,350	\$	400,356	

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				<u> </u>
	Original & Final			
	<u>B</u> ı	udget		Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Planning Department				
Salaries and benefits:			4	
Full-time salaries	\$	135,000	\$	110,896
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		20,000		15,626
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		10,400		7,787
Total salaries and benefits		165,400		134,309
Services:				
Computers and software		4,000		2,024
Other contractual services		15,000		105
Professional consulting		58,700		-
Training		3,000		-
Total services		80,700		2,129
Sumpling and motorials				
Supplies and materials:		200		
Film and photo processing Printing, postage, and office supplies		300		-
		9,600		1,061
Small equipment		750		-
Maintenance supplies		-		10
Operating supplies		-	<u></u>	2,450
Total supplies and materials		10,650		3,521
Repairs and maintenance:				
Equipment		500		-
Total repairs and maintenance		500		
Miscellaneous:				
Advertising and marketing		1,000		-
Community promotions		5,000		-
Dues and subscriptions		3,200		1,157
Meetings and seminars		3,000		642
Pass through grant expenditures	437,150			271,735
Travel/transportation		1,600		250
Total miscellaneous		450,950		273,784
Capital expenditures		1,500		
Total planning department	\$	709,700	\$	413,743

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	Orig	ginal & Final	
		Budget	 Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)			
Police Department			
Salaries and benefits:			
Officers:			
Full-time salaries	\$	3,055,000	\$ 2,690,171
Overtime salaries		200,000	253,272
Records and desk clerks			
Full-time salaries		365,000	312,247
Part-time salaries		50,000	36,993
Overtime salaries		20,000	18,111
Part-time police		140,000	126,512
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund-police clerks		-	46,617
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		79,100	78,783
Unemployment insurance		500	10,306
Contribution to pension plan		63,600	9,735
Total salaries and benefits		3,973,200	 3,582,747
Services:			
Animal care		3,500	6,019
Computers and software		55,000	37,814
Other contractual services		1,000	-
Personnel hiring/exam		1,500	-
Prisoner care		5,500	3,533
Professional consulting		20,000	25,418
Telephone		20,000	14,279
Training		13,000	27,036
Utilities		3,000	163
Total services		122,500	114,262
Supplies and materials:			
Ammunition/guns		8,000	8,933
Buildings and street signs		500	-
Gasoline and oil for vehicles		175,000	150,012
Maintenance supplies		7,000	4,391
Operating supplies		7,000	1,258
Printing, postage, and office supplies		31,000	27,963
Radios/radio equipment		9,000	4,341
Uniforms		37,500	28,743
Total supplies and materials	\$	275,000	\$ 225,641

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	Original & Final	
	Original & Final Rudget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Budget	Actual
Police Department (Continued)		
Repairs and maintenance:		
Building	\$ 33,000	\$ 5,581
Equipment	101,000	¢ 5,581 76,950
Outside contractors	2,000	70,550
Vehicle	82,500	24,815
Total repairs and maintenance	218,500	107,346
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Miscellaneous:		
Community promotions	1,000	13
Dues and subscriptions	250	916
Employee/office services	100	-
Licenses/fees	6,000	4,331
Meetings and seminars	250	370
Rentals and leasing fees	1,000	409
Legal notices	1,000	1,066
Travel/transportation	3,000	4,150
Total miscellaneous	12,600	11,255
Capital expenditures	31,500	
Total police department	4,633,300	4,041,251
9-1-1 Department		
Salaries and benefits:		
Full-time salaries	699,000	682,916
Part-time salaries	30,000	44,040
Overtime salaries	45,000	26,620
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fun	113,200	100,177
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	59,200	52,758
Unemployment insurance	1,000	
Total salaries and benefits	947,400	906,511
Services:		
Computers and software	100,000	58
Equipment maintenance contracts	55,000	35,991
Telephone	100,000	107,702
Training	2,500	-
Utilities	1,650	1,133
Total services	\$ 259,150	\$ 144,884

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	Original & Final	A 1
	Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
9-1-1 Department (Continued)		
Supplies and materials:	¢ 1.250	¢ (01
Maintenance supplies	\$ 1,250	\$ 681
Printing, postage, and office supplies	1,750	1,243
Radios and other equipment	500,000	9,724
Uniforms	10,000	9,100
Total supplies and materials	513,000	20,748
Repairs and maintenance:		
Building	15,000	206
Equipment	20,000	3,707
Outside contractors	65,000	-
Total repairs and maintenance	100,000	3,913
Miscellaneous:		
Advertising and marketing	500	
Dues and subscriptions	500	-
Employee/office services	500	-
Meetings and seminars	500	-
Rentals and leasing fees	200	
Travel/transportation	200 500	327
Total miscellaneous	2,700	327
1 otar miscenaneous	2,700	321
Capital expenditures	100,000	
Total 9-1-1 department	1,922,250	1,076,383
Fire Department		
Salaries and benefits:		
Full-time salaries	1,693,000	1,438,864
Part-time salaries	95,000	89,273
Overtime salaries	80,000	128,620
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fun	7,500	6,007
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	40,700	30,078
Total salaries and benefits	\$ 1,916,200	\$ 1,692,842

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	O : 10 Γ' 1				
	Original & Final			· . •	
EVDENDITUDES (Continued)		Budget	A	Actual	
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Fire Department (Continued)					
Services:					
	\$	60.000	¢	27 267	
Ambulance processing fee Computers and software	Ф	60,000	\$	37,267	
Other contractual services		18,000		5,032	
		500		-	
Professional consulting		6,000		3,314	
Telephone		3,000		697	
Training		17,500		5,367	
Total services		105,000		51,677	
Supplies and materials:					
Film and photo processing		200		-	
Gasoline and oil for vehicles		8,000		6,233	
Maintenance supplies		6,500		4,587	
Operating supplies		6,000		2,154	
Printing, postage, and office supplies		4,000		2,319	
Small equipment		204,000		64,125	
Uniforms		27,500		14,166	
Utilities		1,500		1,100	
Total supplies and materials		257,700		94,684	
Repairs and maintenance:					
Building		30,000		6,453	
Equipment		24,400		10,521	
Outside contractors		1,500		10,521	
Vehicle		40,000		49,913	
Total repairs and maintenance		95,900		66,887	
Miggellongoug					
Miscellaneous:		1 500		150	
Community promotions		1,500		452	
Dues and subscriptions		6,500		5,128	
Employee/office services		1,000		348	
Licenses/fees		750		295	
Meetings and seminars		1,500			
Physical exams		12,500		3,420	
Rentals and leasing fees		2,000		1,120	
Travel/transportation		1,000		503	
Total miscellaneous	\$	26,750	\$	11,266	

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	Original & Final	·
	Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Fire Department (Continued)		
Capital expenditures	\$ 263,000	\$
Total fire department	2,664,550	1,917,356
Public Works Department		
Salaries and benefits:		
Full-time salaries	800,000	879,826
Part-time salaries	85,000	108,525
Overtime salaries	40,000	58,517
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	135,300	129,607
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	70,800	75,265
Total salaries and benefits	1,131,100	1,251,740
Services:		
Computers and software	2,500	13
Engineering	136,000	133,788
Garbage and recycling	1,245,600	1,049,601
Other	750	1,049,001
Snow removal	67,000	853
Telephone	500	39
Utilities	201,200	210,710
Total services	1,653,550	1,395,004
	1,000,000	
Supplies and materials:		
Building and street signs	7,500	8,157
Concrete/asphalt/stone	14,000	18,717
Gasoline and oil for vehicles	70,000	73,737
Maintenance supplies	25,000	20,181
Operating supplies	13,000	10,478
Printing, postage, and office supplies	1,110	915
Small equipment	28,000	8,739
Uniforms	11,000	10,000
Total supplies and materials	\$ 169,610	\$ 150,924

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	Original & Fina Budget			Actual	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	L			Actual	
Public Works Department (Continued)					
Repairs and maintenance:					
Building	\$	4,000	\$	2,423	
Equipment	Ŷ	47,900	Ψ	39,148	
Equipment rental		4,000		2,893	
Parking lot maintenance		12,000		2,070	
Outside contractors		2,450,000		225	
Street lighting system		15,000		15,074	
Street resurfacing/repairs		20,000		2,880	
Traffic signals		20,000		10,254	
Tree program		175,000		48,887	
Vehicle		53,300		74,762	
Total repairs and maintenance		2,801,200		196,546	
Miscellaneous:					
Dues and subscriptions		300		-	
Employee/office services		1,000		690	
Licenses/fees		100		_	
Meetings and seminars		300		16	
Travel/transportation		200		48	
Pass through grant expenditures		10,000		10,000	
Total miscellaneous		11,900		10,754	
Capital expenditures:					
Bridge improvements/maintenance		3,000,000		-	
Curb and sidewalk improvements		5,000		-	
Machinery and equipment		85,000		-	
Office equipment		2,000		-	
Vehicles		85,000		-	
Total capital expenditures		3,177,000		-	
Total public works department	\$	8,944,360		3,004,968	

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	Original & Final Budget			Actual	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Duuget			Actual	
Insurance Loss Department					
Salaries and benefits:					
Full-time salaries	\$	90,000	\$	84,256	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fun	Ŷ	13,200	Ψ	8,206	
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		6,900		6,391	
Employee medical insurance		2,695,000		2,490,125	
Life/unemployment insurance	·	16,000		12,433	
Total salaries and benefits		2,821,100		2,601,411	
Services:					
Auto/property damage claims		15,000		1,500	
Insurance-buildings/vehicles		70,000	35,566		
Insurance fees		141,250	53,652		
Legal fees		5,000		-	
Liability claim expense		225,000		47,088	
Personal injury claims		500,000		236,900	
Professional consulting		2,000		-	
Workers compensation disability medical claims		250,000		78,150	
Total services		1,208,250		452,856	
Miscellaneous:					
Licenses/fees		1,000		-	
Meetings and seminars		500		-	
Travel/transportation		600		350	
Total miscellaneous		2,100		350	
Total insurance loss department		4,031,450		3,054,617	
Civil Service Commission					
Professional consulting		1,500		100	
Personnel hiring/exams		25,000		22,734	
Legal fees		30,000		32,705	
Legal notices		1,000		758	
Personal injury and civil rights claims		-		15,000	
Total civil service commission	\$	57,500		71,297	

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	Original & Final	
	Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Marketing Department Salaries and benefits:		
Full-time salaries	\$ 95,000	\$ 98.815
Part-time salaries	\$ 95,000	\$
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fun	13,900	13,665
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare	7,300	7,549
Total salaries and benefits	116,200	124,989
Total salaries and benefits	110,200	124,909
Services:		
Computers and software	600	251
Insurance	6,500	5,605
Other contractual services	1,500	624
Total services	8,600	6,480
Complian and materials.		
Supplies and materials: Printing, postage, and office supplies	12 400	2 774
	13,400	3,274
Total supplies and materials	15,400	
Miscellaneous:		
Advertising and marketing	6,000	1,275
Community promotions	62,000	20,100
Dues and subscriptions	400	-
Licenses/fees	-	18
Meetings and seminars	200	414
Pass through grant expenditures	1,159,500	9,557
State/federal grant match	61,000	-
Travel/transportation	1,200	2,358
Total miscellaneous	1,290,300	33,722
Marketing Department (Continued)		
Capital expenditures	1,000	
Total marketing department	1,429,500	168,465
Total expenditures	27,079,750	16,025,801
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		
(under) expenditures	\$ (8,779,750)	\$ 101,958

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	Orig	ginal & Final Budget	 Actual
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Tax Anticipation Warrant Proceeds	\$	-	\$ 1,000,000
Transfers out		-	 (45,890)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	954,110
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(8,779,750)	1,056,068
Fund balance at beginning of year			(10,509,411)
Prior period adjustments			(174,971)
Fund balance at end of year			\$ (9,628,314)

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE –GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Appropriation Ordinance is prepared in tentative form by the Finance Director, reviewed and approved by the City Aldermen, and is made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to final Board action. A public hearing is held on the tentative Appropriation Ordinance to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to August 1, the appropriation is legally enacted through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. All actual expenditures contained herein have been compared to the annual appropriation. The City Council passed the appropriation ordinance on July 23, 2013.
- The City Aldermen may:
 - By two-thirds vote transfer within any department amounts appropriated for an object or purpose to another object or purpose. No object or purpose can be reduced below an amount sufficient to provide for all obligations incurred or to be incurred against the appropriation.
 - Adopt a supplemental Appropriation Ordinance in an amount not to exceed any additional revenue available, including unappropriated fund balances, or amounts estimated to be received after adoption of the annual Appropriation Ordinance.
- No other appropriation can be adopted during the fiscal year, unless approved by a petition signed by fifty (50) percent of the number of individuals who voted for Mayor at the last general municipal election, or by a majority of individuals voting on the question in a regular general election or an emergency referendum.
- Management cannot amend the Appropriation Ordinance. However, expenditures may exceed appropriations at the subobject level. The City Aldermen, as outlined above, must approve expenditures that exceed individual appropriations at the object level.

For the year ended April 30, 2014, there were no supplemental appropriations.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS APRIL 30, 2014

A ctuarial Valuation Date Regular	 Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	Jnfunded AAL (UAAL)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
12/31/2013	\$ 6,411,432	\$ 9,570,712	\$ 3,159,280	66.99%	\$ 4,666,924	67.70%
12/31/2012	\$ 7,246,945	\$ 11,012,112	\$ 3,765,167	65.81%	\$ 4,658,625	80.82%
12/31/2011	\$ 5,756,100	\$ 10,053,013	\$ 4,296,913	57.26%	\$ 4,432,079	96.95%
12/31/2010	\$ 5,329,611	\$ 9,529,703	\$ 4,200,092	55.93%	\$ 4,436,821	94.66%
12/31/2009	\$ 7,302,717	\$ 10,436,116	\$ 3,133,399	69.98%	\$ 4,459,919	70.26%
12/31/2008	\$ 8,526,178	\$ 11,091,513	\$ 2,565,335	76.87%	\$ 4,324,540	59.32%
12/31/2007	\$ 11,384,160	\$ 11,282,312	\$ (101,848)	100.90%	\$ 3,949,895	0.00%
SLEP						
12/31/2013	\$ 98,321	\$ 49,606	\$ (48,715)	198.20%	-	0.00%
12/31/2012	\$ 92,329	\$ 46,145	\$ (46,184)	200.08%	-	0.00%
12/31/2011	\$ 87,231	\$ 42,926	\$ (44,305)	203.21%	-	0.00%
12/31/2010	\$ 83,724	\$ 39,931	\$ (43,793)	209.67%	-	0.00%
12/31/2009	\$ 79,808	\$ 37,145	\$ (42,663)	214.86%	-	0.00%
12/31/2008	\$ 79,374	\$ 34,554	\$ (44,820)	229.71%	-	0.00%
12/31/2007	\$ 79,802	\$ 32,143	\$ (47,659)	248.27%	-	0.00%

<u>Regular</u>

On a market basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2013 is \$8,678,048. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 90.67%.

<u>SLEP</u>

On a market basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2013 is \$108,764. On a market basis, the funded ration would be 219.26%.

<u>Both</u>

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with the City of Blue Island. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUNDS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS APRIL 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date Police Pensi o		Actuarial Value of Assets nd	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age		Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2014	\$	10,137,489	\$ 32,043,107	\$	21,905,618	31.64%	\$ 2,634,816	831.39%
4/30/2013	\$	9,562,447	\$ 32,768,088	\$	23,205,641	29.18%	\$ 2,653,307	874.59%
4/30/2012	\$	9,102,077	\$ 31,910,991	\$	22,808,914	28.52%	\$ 2,748,150	829.97%
4/30/2011	\$	8,695,301	\$ 32,342,635	\$	23,647,334	26.88%	\$ 2,512,809	941.07%
4/30/2007	\$	7,325,846	\$ 20,610,538	\$	13,284,692	35.54%	\$ 2,239,621	593.17%
4/30/2006	\$	6,833,713	\$ 19,299,374	\$	12,465,661	35.41%	\$ 2,116,563	588.96%
Firefighters '	Pens	sion Fund						
4/30/2014	\$	6,056,197	\$ 17,891,688	\$	11,835,491	33.85%	\$ 1,291,293	916.56%
4/30/2013	\$	5,849,197	\$ 18,085,994	\$	12,236,797	32.34%	\$ 1,360,796	899.24%
4/30/2012	\$	5,767,191	\$ 17,908,100	\$	12,140,909	32.20%	\$ 1,299,300	934.42%
4/30/2011	\$	5,491,966	\$ 17,878,663	\$	12,386,697	30.72%	\$ 1,403,305	882.68%
4/30/2007	\$	5,488,895	\$ 12,033,126	\$	6,544,231	45.61%	\$ 1,074,155	609.24%
4/30/2006	\$	5,126,919	\$ 10,712,291	\$	5,585,372	47.86%	\$ 1,102,109	506.79%

No valuations were prepared between April 30, 2007 and April 30, 2011.

Digest of Changes

None.

Analysis of the dollar amounts of the actuarial values of assets, actuarially accrued liability, and unfunded actuarially accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarially accrued liability provides one indication of funding status of a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater the percentage, the stronger the PERS. Trends in unfunded actuarially accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarially accrued liability as a percentage of annually covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation, and aids analysis of progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the PERS.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET APRIL 30, 2014

Governmental Fund Types

	Special Revenue Funds			bt Service Funds	Pr	Capital ojects - BG Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	479,979	\$	-	\$	109	\$	480,088			
Receivables:				100 (00				170 (70			
Property taxes-net		-		479,678		-		479,678			
Grants				-		-		91,324			
Other		91,324		-		-		91,524			
Due from other governmental agencies Due from other funds		209,265		511766		-		721,031			
Total assets	\$	780,568	\$	<u>511,766</u> 991,444	\$	109	\$	1,772,121			
i otai assets		780,308	<u> </u>	991,444	3	109	ۍ 	1,772,121			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	163,963	\$	-	s	1,155	\$	165,118			
Accrued expense	φ	-	Ψ	_	9	-	4				
Due to other funds		46,789		_		435		47,224			
Due to component unit		0,107		-		-		_			
Due to other government units		140,241		-		-		140,241			
Other liabilities		-		-		_		-			
Total liabilities		350,993		-		1,590		352,583			
Deferred Inflows:				471.000				471 220			
Property taxes		-		471,229		-		471,229			
Fund Balance:											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-			
Restricted for grant purposes		-		-		-		-			
Restricted for public safety		-		-		-		-			
Restricted for public safety-grants		156,461		-		-		156,461			
Restricted under state statute		309,503		-		-		309,503			
Restricted for debt service		-		520,215		-		520,215			
Unassigned		(36,389)				(1,481)		(37,870)			
Total fund balance		429,575		520,215	<u> </u>	(1,481)		948,309			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
and fund balance	\$	780,568	\$	991,444	\$	109	\$	1,772,121			

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	Gove			
	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects - CDBG Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,957,816	\$ 673,388	\$ -	\$ 2,631,204
Personal property and replacement taxes	47,621	-	-	47,621
State allotments	705,708	-	-	705,708
Grants	-	-	278,553	278,553
Interest	151	-	19	170
Forfeiture income	112,468			112,468
Total revenues	2,823,764	673,388	278,572	3,775,724
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	162,081	-	6,000	168.081
Pension contribution	2,001,731	-		2,001,731
Street maintenance	926,856	-	319,598	1,246,454
Debt service:	,		,	
Principal	_	1,585,000	-	1,585,000
Interest	-	139,987	-	139,987
Capital outlay	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	3,090,668	1,724,987	325,598	5,141,253
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(266,904)	(1,051,599)	(47,026)	(1,365,529)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	<u> </u>	1,130,866	45,890	1,176,756
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,130,866	45,890	1,176,756
Net change in fund balance	(266,904)	79,267	(1,136)	(188,773)
Fund balances at beginning of year (deficit)	657,851	679,806	(345)	1,337,312
Prior period adjustments	38,628	(238,858)	-	(200,230)
Fund balances at end of year (deficit)	\$ 429,575	\$ 520,215	\$ (1,481)	\$ 948,309

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

APRIL 30, 2014

	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Special Revenue Allocation Fund I	F A	Special Revenue Ilocation Fund IV	Special Revenue Allocation Fund VI		State Asset Seizure Fund	deral Asset izure Fund	Police Pension Fund		refighters' Pension Fund	Total
ASSETS							,	 	 	Talain an		
Cash and investments	\$ 171.010	\$-	\$	12.267	\$-	:	\$ 189.165	\$ 107.537	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 479.979
Receivables:												
Property taxes	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Grants	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Other	43.703	-		-	-		-	-	27,339		20.282	91.324
Due from other governmental agencies	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Due from other funds	209.265	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	209.265
Restricted cash	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Prepaid items		-						 -	 		-	 -
Total assets	\$ 423.978			12.267	\$ -		\$ 189,165	 107,537	 27,339	\$	20.282	 780.568
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$ 114.475	\$ -	\$	1,867	\$ -		s -	\$ -	\$ 27,339	\$	20.282	\$ 163.963
Accrued expense	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Due to other funds	-	-		20.230	26,559		-	-	-		-	46.789
Due to component unit	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Other liabilities	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Due to other government units		-		-	-		140.241	 -	 -		-	 140,241
Total liabilities	114.475			22.097	26,559		140.241	 -	 27.339		20.282	 350.993
Deferred Inflows												
Property taxes								 	 -		-	 -
Fund Balance												
Nonspendable	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Restricted for grant purposes	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Restricted for public safety	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Restricted for public safety-grants	-	-		-	-		48,924	107.537	-		-	156.461
Restricted under state statute	309.503	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	309.503
Restricted for debt service	-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Unassigned	-	-		(9,830)	(26.559		-	 -	 -		-	 (36.389)
Total fund balance	309,503	-		(9.830)	(26,559) _	48,924	 107.537	 -			429.575
Total liabilities. deferred inflows												
and fund balances	\$ 423.978			12.267	<u> </u>		\$ 189.165	 107.537	 27,339	\$	20.282	 780.568

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund I	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund IV	Special Tax Increment Allocation Fund VI	State Asset Seizure Fund	Federal Asset Seizure Fund	Police Pension Fund	Firefighters' Pension Fund	Total
REVENUES									
Property taxes-net	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,706	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,295,300	\$ 658,810	\$ 1,957,816
Personal property and replacement taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.339	20,282	47,621
State allotments	705,708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	705.708
Interest	53	-	19	-	16	63	-		151
Forfeiture income	-		-	-	46,537	65.931	-	-	112,468
Total revenues	705.761		3.725	-	46,553	65,994	1,322,639	679,092	2,823,764
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Pension contribution Street maintenance Total expenditures	919,132	-	76.537 	463	4,908	80.173	1,322.639	679.092	\$ 162,081 2,001,731 926,856 3,090,668
Net change in fund balance	(213.371)	-	(80,536)	(463)	41.645	(14,179)	-	-	(266,904)
Fund balance at beginning of year (deficit)	522,874	90,367	70,706	(26.096)	-	-	-	-	657,851
Prior period adjustments	-	(90.367)	-	-	7,279	121.716	-	-	38,628
Fund balances at end of year (deficit)	\$ 309,503	\$ -	\$ (9,830)	\$ (26,559)	\$ 48,924	\$ 107.537	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 429,575

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET APRIL 30, 2014

	Alternate Bond Fund Series 1995	Specia Series	al Tax ; 1997_	F 3	location F TII _Series	F 2	Oblig Bond	neral gation Fund s 2007	General Obligation Bond Fund Series 2011	Total
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	s -	s -
Receivables:										
Property taxes-net	369,443		-	-		-		-	110.235	479,678
Customers	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Grants	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Other	-		-	-		-		-	-	~
Due from other governmental agencies	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Due from other funds	468,733		-	-		-		-	43.033	511,766
Restricted cash	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Prepaid items	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Other	-		-	-		-		-	-	
Total assets	\$ 838,176	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ 153,268	\$ 991,444
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	~	\$	-	\$ -	\$-
Accrued expense	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Due to other funds	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Due to component unit	-		-	-		-		-	-	
Other liabilities	-		-	 -		-		-		-
Total liabilities				 -		-			-	
Deferred Inflows										
Property taxes	361,792			 	<u> </u>	-		-	109,437	471,229
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Restricted for grant purposes	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Restricted for public safety	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Restricted under state statute	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Restricted for debt service	476,384		-	-		-		-	43,831	520,215
Unassigned	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Total fund balance	476,384		-	 -		-		-	43,831	520,215
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
and fund balance	\$ 838,176	\$	-	 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 153,268	\$ 991,444

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	Alter Bo Fu Series	nd nd	Special Tax Series 1997		TI	ement Alle IF 3 es 1998	ocation Fr TII Series	72	Gene Oblig Bond Series	ation Fund	Ob Boi	eneral ligation nd Fund ies 2011	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	ф.	(00 752	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	(2.(25	¢	(72.200
Property taxes-net Total revenues		<u>609,753</u> 609,753	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		63,635		<u>673,388</u> 673,388
i otar revenues		009,733		-	*******	-	A		<u></u>	~		03,033		075,588
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Operating expense		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service														
Principal		485,000		-	7	15,000	33	0,000		-		55,000		1,585,000
Interest		53,000		-		71,428	1	4,438		-		1,121		139,987
Capital outlay		-				-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		538,000		-	7	86,428	34	4,438		-		56,121		1,724,987
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources		71,753		-	(7	86,428)	(34	4,438)		-		7.514	((1,051,599)
Other financing sources - transfers in		-		-	7	86,428	34	4,438				-		1,130,866
Net change in fund balance		71,753		-		-		-		-		7,514		79,267
Fund balance at beginning of year		404,631		-	2	238,858		-		-		36,317		679,806
Prior period adjustment		-		-	(2	238,858)		-		-		-		(238,858)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	476,384	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	43,831	\$	520,215

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET PUBLIC LIBRARY APRIL 30, 2014

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 1,189,118
Receivables-property taxes, net	615,939
Due from primary government	64,276
	\$ 1,869,333
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	
A counts payable	\$ 39,000

Accounts payable	\$ 39,000
Accrued expenses	26,015
Deferred inflows-property taxes	598,941
Fund balance	1,205,377
	\$ 1,869,333

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE PUBLIC LIBRARY YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Page 1 of 3

	2014				
	Ori	••••			
		Budget			
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$	1,512,500	\$ 1,277,064		
Personal property replacement taxes		48,000	54,059		
Fines and fees		-	50,439		
State library/other grants		-	29,633		
Interest income		-	726		
Other		127,350	372		
Total revenues	\$	1,687,850	\$ 1,412,293		

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE PUBLIC LIBRARY YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Page 2 of 3

		2014			
	Orig				
		Budget	Actual		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits:					
Salaries	\$	800,000	\$ 843,188		
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		85,000	99,013		
Payroll taxes-FICA and Medicare		70,000	62,549		
Unemployment tax		-	3,483		
Employee medical insurance		65,000	77,866		
Total salaries and benefits	***********	1,020,000	1,086,099		
Services:					
Audit		-	-		
Computers and software/computer service		-	6,184		
Finance/bank charges		2,000	1,023		
Heat/light/water		28,000	7,427		
Insurance		30,000	18,654		
Legal		10,000	2,532		
Other contractual services		-	4,509		
Professional consulting		5,000	31,223		
Telephone		12,000	8,329		
Internet services		-	158		
Total services		87,000	80,039		
Supplies and materials:					
Audio-visual materials		30,000	15,161		
Book purchasing and processing		-	59,205		
Maintenance supplies		12,000	5,149		
On-line resources		24,000	38,123		
Periodical subscriptions		10,000	9,318		
Printing, postage, and office supplies		70,000	40,583		
Total supplies and materials		146,000	167,539		
Maintenance and repair:					
Building repairs and renovations		105,100	22,142		
Contract maintenance		-	41,661		
Equipment		-	344		
Total maintenance and repair	\$	105,100	\$ 64,147		

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE PUBLIC LIBRARY YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Page 3 of 3

	2014			
	Original & Final			
]	Budget		ctual
EXPENDITURES				
Current (Continued)				
Miscellaneous:				
Advertising and marketing	\$	7,500	\$	213
Contingent		-		284
Dues and memberships		150,000		1,319
Meetings and seminars		-		9,995
Programming		30,000		22,170
Rentals and leasing fees		25,000		8,970
Shipping, handling and delivery		5,000		1,220
Staff reimbursed purchases		-		57
Travel		_		81
Total miscellaneous		217,500		44,309
Capital expenditures:				
Computer equipment		60,000		28,886
Library equipment		27,500		4,666
Internet development		-		18,226
Total capital expenditures		87,500		51,778
Total expenditures		1,663,100	1,-	493,911
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		24,750		(81,618)
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,2	262,634
Prior period adjustments				24,361
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 1,2</u>	205,377

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION-PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2014

	Pol	lice Pension Fund	Firefighters Pension Fund		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	9,200	\$	208,376	\$	217,576
Interest receivable		19,119		18,678		37,797
Personal Property Replacement Taxes Receivable		27,339		20,282		47,621
Pensioner Receivable		9,317		-		9,317
Investments						
US treasury securities		2,820,124		1,534,397		4,354,521
US agencies		179,635		667,198		846,833
Mutual funds		4,564,840		996,467		5,561,307
Corporate obligations		1,301,390		454,972		1,756,362
Equities		-		1,364,903		1,364,903
Money market mutual funds		881,086		-		881,086
Prepaid		1,017		-		1,017
Other assets		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		_		_
Total assets		9,813,067		5,265,273		15,078,340
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		5,083		-		5,083
Total liabilities		5,083		-		5,083
Net Position						
Net position held in trust for pension benefit	\$	9,807,984	\$	5,265,273	\$	15,073,257

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION-PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2014

	Police Pension Fund	Firefighter's Pension Fund	Total
ADDITIONS			
Contributions			
Employee contributions	\$ 243,354	\$ 127,344	\$ 370,698
Employer contributions	1,306,828	671,010	1,977,838
Total contributions	1,550,182	798,354	2,348,536
Investment income	722,608	360,773	1,083,381
Total additions	2,272,790	1,159,127	3,431,917
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits and refunds	1,486,566	1,054,275	2,540,841
Administrative costs	43,713	21,122	64,835
Investment expenses	23,366	23,143	46,509
Other expense	14,810	24,380	39,190
Total deductions	1,568,455	1,122,920	2,691,375
Net change in plan net position	704,335	36,207	740,542
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at beginning of year	9,080,518	5,229,066	14,309,584
Prior period adjustment	23,131		23,131
Net position held in trust for pension benefits at end of year	\$ 9,807,984	\$ 5,265,273	\$ 15,073,257

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF VALUATIONS, RATES AND EXTENSIONS FOR TAX LEVY YEAR 2013 YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Tax Levy Year	 Assessed Valuation	Extended Tax Rate
2003	\$ 211,856,519	2.2149%
2004	207,768,422	2.4649%
2005	214,789,139	2.2837%
2006	252,498,526	2.0950%
2007	253,651,868	2.2158%
2008	301,871,416	2.4988%
2009	303,600,890	2.4019%
2010	302,729,252	2.5914%
2011	245,174,072	3.0379%
2012	223,319,634	3.3069%
2012	209,449,861	3.9485%

The 2013 gross tax levy is analyzed below:

	Rate		Percent	·····	Amount
General:					
Corporate	\$	0.4303	11.32	\$	858,744
Garbage		0.1967	5.17		392,509
Illinois Municipal Retirement		0.3883	5.88		445,918
Liability insurance		0.0418	1.10		83,361
Street and bridge		0.0988	2.60		197,092
Fire protection		0.2499	6.57		498,700
Police protection		0.4022	10.58		802,611
Social Security		0.1654	4.35		330,092
Auditing		0.0108	0.28		21,573
Workers' compensation		0.0927	2.44		184,944
Total general		2.0769	50.29		3,815,544
Library		0.3735	9.82		745,432
Library building and maintenance		0.0198	0.52		39,586
Bond and interest		0.3737	10.32		782,779
Police Pension		0.7163	18.84		1,429,495
Firefighters' Pension		0.3883	10.21		774,964
Total	\$	3.9485	100.00	\$	7,587,800

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO MATURITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

Fiscal Year Ended	Tot	al	Course Refu (Alternate Re Serie	ligation Golf unding Bonds evenue Source) s 1995 mber 1, 1995	Increme Serie	bligation Tax ent Bonds es 1998 arch 1, 1998	Judgme Serie	Obligation ent Bonds s 2011 nber 16, 2011
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 1,375,000	\$ 75,298	\$ 515,000	\$ 27,295	\$ 750,000	\$ 36,750	\$ 110,000	\$ 11,253
2016	110,000	9,801	-	-	-	-	110,000	9,801
2017	110,000	8,349	-	-	-	-	110,000	8,349
2018	110,000	6,897	-	-	-	-	110,000	6,897
2019	110,000	5,445	-	-	-	_	110,000	5,445
2020	110,000	3,993	-	-	-	-	110,000	3,993
2021	110,000	2,541	-	-	-	-	110,000	2,541
2022	110,000	1,089	-	-	-	-	110,000	1,089
2023	55,000						55,000	
	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 113,413	\$ 515,000	\$ 27,295	\$ 750,000	\$ 36,750	\$ 935,000	\$ 49,368

Note: For the General Obligation Golf Course Refunding Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source) Series 1995, the principal payments dues for fiscal years 2012 - 2015 represent mandatory redemption requirements for the term bonds due December 1, 2014.

CITY OF BLUE ISLAND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

		2013 Tax Levy Year		
Assessed valuation		\$	209,449,861	
Statutory debt limitation (8.625% of assessed valuation)		\$	18,065,051	
Total debt:				
General Obligation Bonds:				
Series 1995, dated December 1, 1995	\$ 515,000			
Series 2011, dated December 16, 2011	935,000			
General Obligation Tax Increment Refunding Bonds:				
Series 1998, dated March 1, 1998	750,000			
Tax Anticipation Warrant:				
Series 2013, dated December 12, 2013	 1,000,000		3,200,000	
Legal Debt Margin			14,865,051	